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ABSTRACT

Four appendixes to Volume 1 of Part IX "Training Programs for Child Care Personnel" comprise this Volume 2 of Part IX. The appendixes are as follows: A. Highlights of Findings—a summary of the information obtained from program administrators and students; B. Program Director Interview and Questionnaire Data Summary—a summary of program director data obtained from both interviews and written questionnaires, presented in tables; C. Student Interview Data Summary—a summary of student responses according to program types, presented in tables; and D. Interview Schedules—contains the interview schedule and the written questionnaire for program directors and the interview schedule for students. (For related documents, see PS 005 969-979, 981-983.) (AL)

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Day Care Policy Studies Group

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FINAL REPORT: PART IX

APPENDIXES:

TRAINING PROGRAMS FOR

CHILD CARE PERSONNEL

Volume 2

APPENDIX A: HIGHLIGHTS OF FINDINGS

This appendix contains a summary of the information obtained from program administrators and students. The information gathered in the pilot study represents a limited sample of responses, and a detailed summary of such individual responses is inappropriate to the central purpose of this report. The summary of selected findings is presented here as a general guide to the data in the other appendixes and as a supplement to section 3.2, "Discussion of Findings." The responses of program directors to specific questions are summarized in Appendix B; Appendix C contains a summary of the student data; and Appendix D contains the interview schedules and questionnaire. At the end of this appendix is an index to the data summaries presented in appendixes B and C. A summary of each program, its purpose, students, location, duration of sessions, etc., is given first to provide a basis for comparison of the detailed findings.

Two high school programs were visited; students in both programs were in senior high school. One (HS₁) required one school year for completion of the child care training; the other was a two-school-year program (HS₂). Upon completion of the program, students receive credit toward their diplomas and receive certificates of completion of the child care courses. During its initial year, 15 students were enrolled in HS₁. Students were white, lower-middle-class and lived in a rural area of the northern midwest United States. Approximately 300 were enrolled in HS₂, which was in its fifth year of operation. HS₂ is a part of a city public school system that has primarily low-socioeconomic-status students from the inner city.



The vocational technical (VT) program is a two-year program and has been in operation for four years. It is a part of the vocational-technical school system in a large southern city, and linkages with the HS₂ program, which operates in the same city. Current enrollment is approximately 80 day students and 120 evening students. Students can enter at any quarter during the year. The majority of the students are women between the ages of 17 and 35, most of whom have had some high school; a few have had additional education in either college or junior college. About half of the students in this program work in child-care-related occupations on a regular basis. Almost all students were black and live in metropolitan areas; half of them have incomes below \$4,000 a year.

The junior college program (JC), part of a large, city junior-college system, has been in operation six years. The child care program is conducted 12 months a year, including summer sessions, and provides both day and evening classes. Students may enter at the beginning of each semester. The program requires two years of full-time work, although students may also receive a one-year certificate. Most of the students are women between 18 years and middle age; the majority of them are employed in some child care settings, usually in low socioeconomic areas. Most of the students are from disadvantaged, "ghetto" backgrounds. At the time of the interview there were approximately 1,500 students enrolled in the JC program. This included nearly 300 students in a Head Start supplementary training program and about 50 trainees associated with a Model Cities day care training program.

The <u>university four-year program</u> (U) has been part of university course offerings in early childhood education and child development for 30 years. The specific program currently offered has evolved over the last 11 years. Current enrollment in the program is

approximately 140 students from sophomore, junior, and senior levels. Students may enter at the beginning of each semester or through some occasional summer-session courses. Teacher-training aspects of the program are essentially emphasized in the last two years of the students' training. Upon completion of the program and the four-year college requirements, the students receive a B.A. degree and are certified as early childhood or preschool teachers.

The Head Start Leadership Development Program (HSLDP) could be considered an extended form of in-service training, comparable to the Education and Professional Development Act (EDPA) summer institutes available to public school teachers. The HSLDP is a residential training session lasting six weeks for persons currently employed in the Head Start programs. This program had been offered for the last four years with five different sessions offered each year. Twenty to twenty-five trainees enroll each session. Trainees earn six academic credits for completion of the program; these are applicable to a bachelor's or master's degree.

The Family Day Care Program (FDCP), in its first year of a three-year grant, operates under the auspices of a two-year upper-division college that provides training in early childhood education. Seven college students, acting as field assistants, participate in the family day care homes and provide the release time needed for 22 family day care mothers to attend small group meetings. Family day care mothers and students have been selected to participate in the program for one year. Students receive course credit and pay for their work in the field. Family day care mothers receive a small stipend and a certificate for their participation, but they do not receive course credit. Although the program is geared to both student and family day care mothers the following findings and discussion will concentrate on the family day care mothers. Some information from college students, participation is included in the summary of students' comments.

As the preceeding summaries indicate, the programs varied in the number and characteristics of trainee populations, the amount of time the program has been operational, and the outcomes to the trainees. Virtually the entire population of trainees are women, ranging in age from teens to middle-age. In all but the university program, many trainees were from disadvantaged backgrounds.

Program Goals

(B/2-3)*

(B/4-5)

(B/7-8)

In all of the programs reviewed, training was oriented toward occupational preparation or upgrading of current child care providers. The intended outcomes of training as initially developed in the training programs may have changed over time. The U program initially developed as a training program that would provide university women with experiences with children, currently focuses on teacher preparation. The HS, and VT programs also recognized the potential outcomes for parent education, although both had originally evolved out of the recognized community need for shortterm training of child care workers. The FDCP developed from the previous research and interest of staff members in exploring alternatives to large-group care of children. Although the initial objective of the FDCP was to incorporate family day care mothers into an upgrading program, other outcomes, such as upgrading the family day care system by placing students in the homes, were recognized. HSLDP was initiated in response to need for intensive, short-term training for Head Start personnel, and modified its objectives to enhance the career-development of participants.

(B/9-10)

Four of the programs are preparing trainees for the roles or positions of aides or assistants in child care settings. ${
m HS}_1$ and ${
m HS}_2$ emphasize the former, while VT and JC emphasize the

^{*}For the reader's convenience, the page numbers of the sections of the appendixes that corroborate statements in the text have been cited where appropriate. A complete index begins on page A-29.

latter; the U program is training teachers for head teacher responsibilities. Head teacher positions are also a possibility for graduates of the JC program. HSLDP includes aides, teachers, administrators, and other program personnel; this is the only program that specifically includes administrators or directors in training. However, two of the other programs are considering expansion to include administrators. The training of the family day care mothers is somewhat different than the other five programs; this program is intended to respond to the needs of the family day care mothers as they express them and was not developed to train them for a preconceived occupational role.

Although the major goals of programs are occupationally oriented other potential outcomes were suggested by program directors. These related to the increased self-concept of students (HSLDP), their perceptions of career goals (HS₂), enhancement of opportunity for continuing education (JC; HS₂, and HSLDP). Three programs (HS₁, HS₂ and JC) indicated that they attempt to increase the basic academic or literacy skills of trainees through the child care training program. The high school programs also suggested that the child care training program could help retain students who might otherwise drop out of school.

(B/4-5)

(B/9-10)

All but two programs, VT and FDCP, offer courses for credits that are applicable to an academic degree at some level. Students at VT receive a certificate of completion and FDC mothers receive only an informal certificate of course completion. At the high-school level, credit is given toward a high-school diploma, and students receive a certificate in the special area at the completion of the course. Course work at the JC level applies to an A.A. degree and upon completion of the two-year child care program sequence, trainees also receive a certificate in the special area. (Trainees in special programs such as Model Cities

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day care training receive course credit.) The U offers academic credit toward a B.S. in home economics, as well as certification in early childhood and preschool teaching. Trainees in HSLDP receive academic credit from the senior college that is applicable toward a degree. They also receive a certificate of completion.

Program Administration

- (B/23-24) All of the programs reviewed are connected directly with an edu(B/32) cational institution. Three of the programs, HS₁, and HS₂, and
 VT are part of the administrative structure of school districts
 and are indirectly linked to their state's department of education (vocational education, home economics division). Four
 HSLDP, U, FDCP, JC are attached to or part of institutions of
 higher education. Two of these are in state-supported institutions. The FDCP is under the auspices of a private, two-year
 upper-division college. The junior-college program is a part of
 a larger junior-college system within a major city.
- (B/35-36)The direct line of responsibility upward from the training program (B/32)within the institution varies. The director of the HS, reports directly to the principal. In the HS2 program, the principal in each school has direct responsibility for supervising the staff and day-to-day operations, but the coordinator for home economics has overall responsibility for the development and maintenance of all programs in the instructional area. The JC program is housed in the human services subdivision and is operated at a department level on five different campuses, with department chairmen and curriculum coordinators in each location. All programs have some cooperative arrangements with the sponsoring institution. These vary in degree and type. The most common arrangements are the use of facilities for the program or sharing of administrative services.



Funds

Although the interviews were designed to obtain information about (B/25-26) costs and funding for training programs, accurate and detailed information was obtained for only the HS₁ and JC programs. The per-pupil cost for fifteen students for the first year of operation of the HS₁ (Fiscal Year 70-71) was \$2,267.00. This figure is inflated due to the costs involved in buying and equipping a laboratory facility, which was estimated at \$22,300.00. The estimated per-pupil cost for the second year of operation is \$787.00. Excluding the cost of the facilities, personnel costs for this program are 88% of the total.

There was no information about the overall costs of the JC program, but some information about two JC special projects, a Head Start supplemental training program and a Model Cities day care training program, was available. For 282 students in the two-semester Head Start supplemental training program, which involved individual course work, the average per-pupil cost for the fiscal year 1970-71 is \$156.00. Excluding the cost of participants' support the per-pupil cost is approximately \$98.00; personnel costs is 98% of this total. For the Model Cities day care training program, the average cost per pupil -- for 50 pupils in a seven month program, with one session each week -- is \$1,026.00. Excluding participants' support funds, the total per-pupil cost is \$977.00. Personnel is 96% of the total cost. Facilities cost the Head Start supplementary project \$780 (2% of the total cost) and the Model Cities project \$560 (1% of the total cost).

For the other programs, the specific budget categories are not available in the breakdowns needed for this analysis. The FDCP includes both the college students and the family day care mothers and dees not show a separate breakdown for each group. The ${\rm HS}_2$ and the U programs are parts of total school budgets. Neither



contains breakdowns for the specific training programs being reviewed.

- (B/91) The direct costs to students for their participation in the programs varies too. The only costs to students in the HS programs are for travel, living expenses, and so on. For the VT there is a fee of \$25 per-quarter, plus the expenses of books and other supplies. In the JC program, the fee is \$5 to \$10 per semester, plus books and supplies. Tuition for the U program is \$254 per semester; tuition for the HSLDP is waived by the university. Since the FDCP mothers do not receive college credit for their training, they are not enrolled formally in the college and do not pay any college fees.
- (B/92) Most programs supply or help students to find financial assistance when necessary. A few scholarships are available to VT students from the National Defense Act, Veterans' Administration loans, and Vocation Rehabilitation grants; and some part-time employment, also, is available. In both JC and Vt many participants are employed, particularly in the evening program. The U program offers partial scholarships and some student loans and part-time employment. Head Start pays all academic and living expenses, plus \$75 per week for trainee and child-support. Family day care mothers receive \$10 per month for participation in the project and student assistants receive an hourly rate for field work. For nearly all the programs, there are also work-study funds available.
- (B/27-28) The source of funds for these programs heavily reflect federal (B/29) involvement in training. Federal funding falls into three categories: funds to cover all or portions of the cost of training, funds for training special population (such as Model Cities residents or current Head Start employees), and funds to train people for particular occupations (trainers, administrators, care providers,

and others). Funding mechanisms take different forms: Funds may be given to institutions to develop child-development or child care curricula, which would be made part of the general curricula of vocational programs, in home economics classes, or in teacher training; funds may also go to the child care delivery system and be used by the delivery system to pay for training programs; or funds may be given to institutions to develop special local training programs, such as the HSLDP.

Two of the programs, HSLDP and FDCP, are 100% federally funded. (B/27-28) HS₁ is an exemplary program of the home economics division of its state's department of vocational education; federal and state sources provided 75% of the funds for the first year of HS₁ and will provide 50% of the second year. HS₂ and VT receive federal and state funds, but the local school district provides the facilities. The Head Start supplementary training and the Model Cities programs, under the auspices of the junior college, are 100% federally funded, while the other junior college training programs were state-local mix.

Most of the programs also receive some in-kind contributions. These (B/31) include cooperation among staff members and programs in different areas or departments within a larger educational structure, work-study salaries, salaries for work in community programs, observation settings, space, materials, and the waiver of student tuition.

Initiation of Training Programs

Initiating the programs involved several steps. Generally, the (B/7-8) interest of specific individuals was stimulated through information (B/13-14) about program possibilities, either through seminars or through contacts with someone who was informed and was interested in developing programs as a part of the offerings within a particular institution. In general, the institutions supported the efforts

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- (B/15) of various individuals to develop programs; but some programs did (B/16-17) have problems finding facilities for observation and participation and stimulating interest in the community or administration.
- (B/11-12) The levels for which people are trained in the various program reflect the over-all missions of the educational institutions, (i.e., high schools do not train head teachers for child care settings but, rather, train aides). As soon as funds were made available planning was usually undertaken by a single person interested in the specific program in conjunction with either the local administration of the education institution or in cooperation with the home economics division of the state's department of vocational education.
- (B/18) The time needed for planning and implementation ranged from a few weeks to a year. The HS₁ program took approximately one year from the time the teacher became interested until the first class was offered. HS₂ took approximately six months, both the post-secondary programs three months. JC, HSLDP, and FDCP required only a month to be implemented. The U program began 30 years ago, and no record exists of how long its implementation took.

Program Development

(B/6) At the time of the interviews, programs varied in the length of (B/18) time they had been in operation, in phase of development, and possibilities for expansion. Two programs, HS₁ and FDCP, had just completed their first years of operation. The FDCP was funded as a three-year demonstration program, while HS₁ -- initially developed as a state vocational education exemplary program -- would continue as an ongoing instructional program in one high school. The HSLDP was to phase out at the end of the 1970-71 fiscal year after four years of operation. The U program had been in existence for 30 years, and had modified its function over that period. The other



programs, HS₂, VT, and JC, all of which had been in operation from four to six years, represented ongoing and expanding instructional programs.

To increase the number of students in programs, programs (HS $_2$, (B/19) VT, JC, U, FDCP) have expanded in various ways: (a) by modifying (B/22) the scheduling, e.g., including night programs (VT - JC); (b) by increasing the number of identical instructional programs in other location (HS $_2$); or (c) by increasing the number of participation or internship settings (U - FDCP, VT, HS $_2$). Head Start is the only program where student enrollment has remained constant.

Directors mentioned several obstacles to the expansion of their (B/20-21) current programs: lack of administrative support, lack of facilities for observation and participation, and insufficient staff for expansion. Four of the programs indicated that expansion would not be difficult, but this seems to be associated with more fully developed programs. The major needs seem to be a lack of additional resources to provide practical experiences for students and insufficient funds for expansion. Only one program indicated that technical factors or expertise were a prerequisite for expansion.

Staff Selection & Characteristics

The program directors of HSLDP & FDCP, which were designed to (B/37-38) include in-service training, are responsible for staff selection. In other programs, the program director shares joint responsibility for staff selection with a representative of the system of which the program is a part.

At the high school level, staff generally had been trained in home (B/44) economics classes. For post-secondary and other programs, the staff was prepared primarily by study in the areas of early child-hood education or child development. The majority of staff with

preparation early childhood development have B.A. degrees or beyond, with most of them at the M.A. level. Three programs included staff with training in elementary education.

(B/46)

(B/45)

(B/47)

With few exceptions, nearly all of the training staff had worked with children at least three years, and the majority had over five years of experience with children. If staff members were working in the areas of child development or student supervision and had not had training in early childhood, they were required to take special training. With the exception of HS₁ and the U program, all training programs provided some form of regular staff in-service training. Most frequently this was done through staff meetings, and occasionally through attendance at conferences, workshops, or lectures by specialists in various fields.

Staffing Patterns

(B/39) (B/41) Staffing patterns appear to be determined by several factors:
the "desirable" student-teacher ratio for the type of activity
or method used in training; the number and differentiation in
program components; and the phase of development of the program.

In the U and JC programs, the student-teacher ratio is larger than for other programs. JC indicated that a ratio of one instructor for about 35 students is common in regular classroom instruction, but varies according to the activity and needs of the trainees. The student-teacher ratio at U varies from large lecture classes to smaller, when observation and laboratory groups. The U director indicated that student-teacher ratio is not the prime determiner of staffing pattern, since the number of trainees is increasing and training staff is decreasing; The primary factor seems to be the background of the staff, either research or teacher training.



When a laboratory facility directly under the auspices of a program is used for training experiences, and simultaneously integrated with daily instruction — as in ${\rm HS}_1$, ${\rm HS}_2$, and ${\rm VT}$ — the basic staffing pattern is about one teacher for 15 trainees. In both ${\rm HS}_1$ and ${\rm HS}_2$, one teacher supervises 15 children in the lab setting and also has instructional responsibility for 15 trainees.

Initially staffing patterns are a reflection of the student-teacher ratio necessary for basic instruction. With the addition of an integrated laboratory program the ratio increases. When community settings are used for participation or internship -- as in U, HSLDP, VT, and HS2 -- a higher ratio is required and there is a greater differentiation in supervisory functions and basic instructional roles. In HS2, with the addition of the second-year component (internship), an additional staff person is needed to supervise the 15 trainees in the field. One director (VT) recommended that one field supervisor be available for 10 interns. In HSLDP three part-time supervisors are needed for about 22 to 25 students for field supervision and trainee follow-up. In the Model Cities day care training program, which uses four training specialists to supervise 50 trainees in their own employment settings, the ratio is one teacher to 12 or 13 trainees. The FDCP represents . a special approach -- integrating field experience for college students with basic instruction for FDC mothers. The seven student assistants provide the release time for 22 family day care mothers to attend instructional meetings. Here the ratio is about one student to three family day care mothers.

In the initial implementation of training programs both the instructional functions and staff roles are less apt to be differentiated from other functions (administration, student supervision; recruitment; followup; direction of laboratory program; community relations). With program development and expansion, staff roles

(B/35-36)

and patterning tend to become more differentiated. Need for additional staff seems to be related to supporting functions rather than primary instruction. Thus staffing needs relate to community relations, research activities, field supervision, administration, curriculum specialists, and follow-up staff.

- (B/40) When asked what changes should be made in staff selection, make-up, and policy, all of the training programs directors cited the need for additional staff. The specific roles for additional staff varied from obtaining a qualified nursery school teacher for the laboratory center to adding curriculum specialists and staff persons in writing research, and community work. There were two general reasons for the addition of staff. One was to enable the teachers or program directors to spend more time on instruction and in student conferences. The other related to the development of new program components which required specialists to more specialized personnel: such as the social worker, a curriculum specialist, or a community liaison.
- (B/100-101) Several of the directors (HS, VT, JC) cited the quality of staff as the most essential element of a high-quality training program. Specific criteria offered were training as teacher or director with previous work in nursery school, dedication, practical orientation, understanding of subject matter, and knowledge of the field with ability to relate to different types of people. Other factors related to program quality are related to program content and management. Consideration of the qualities or competency teachers need and ways to help develop them was mentioned as the most essential element by the U. The family day care program suggested ongoing supervision and feedback to prevent and remove distortions. The leadership development program indicated that autonomy is most essential to high-quality programs.

Student Selection and Services

Students are recruited primarily through personal contacts, word (B/83) of mouth, catalog listings, and public announcements. It is up to the students to determine whether they want to enter the programs — with the exception of the Head Start Leadership Development program, in which students are selected by the Head Start regional training officer.

Most programs had no further entrance requirements than meeting (B/77-78) the criteria for the institution in which the training program was located. Three programs, JC, U and HSLDP, had no direct control over the selection of students. In HS₁, HS₂, VT, and FDCP, initial selection was based on interviews with a committee, teachers, instructors, or program directors. The characteristics looked for in the selection of students in the other programs are that they like children and people, have an interest in early childhood education or child care as a career, are warm, outgoing and alert, and have a desire to be significant in the child's life. The family day care program selected students on the basis of attitudes, goals and interests in working in the community.

In response to a question concerning the most useful and valid (B/81-82) criteria for selecting students, program directors said that they considered interest in children and other people, experience with children, ability to get along with the staff as well as the children, and such "indications of responsibility" as attendance records to be important factors — although some directors indicated that they thought there was no way to predict which applicant would be a good choice. The U program director suggested a combined approach to facilitate student understanding of some skills and qualities needed in the teacher role and to help students decide whether or not they want to continue in the program. The HSLDP director indicated that students for their program could be selected if



the program personnel knew the center priorities; HSLDP program personnel preferred committed and involved people who hadn't had any training. The FDCP director indicated that openness, "intuitiveness" based on knowledge not chance, and the assumption of responsibility were the most useful and valid criteria; she did not rely on socioeconomic or age variables, and felt they were inadequate as predictors of a student's potential.

(B/87-88) Program administrations were asked the advantages and disadvantages of working with the students in their programs. Some of their responses are: making opportunities not otherwise accessible for their students, changes in students' self concepts, and preparation for both work and parenthood. Two of the directors indicated that the staff found the students satisfying to work with.

In answer to a question about the disadvantages of working with the students, three project directors mentioned that some students' lack of interest or skill in academic areas — reading, discussing, writing, and researching independently — was a hindrance to classroom activity. Various forms of lack of maturity — inattentiveness, inexperience with children, "high-school behavior" — were mentioned, respectively, by directors in the U, HS, and VT programs.

(B/89) To build on the advantages and counter the disadvantages of the types of students in their various programs, directors said that they tried to see that more time was spent covering the content of the courses, using various approaches, and stressing individual initiative and responsibility. Two of the programs, HSLDP, and FDCP, based on their content on individual needs, backgrounds, skills and interests. The U does not really take student characteristics into consideration. It expects that the students will adjust to the program rather than the program being altered to meet



their needs; one exception to this is that the student-teaching experience can be lengthened for those who need additional time or experience.

When directors were asked what factors influenced enrollment, four (B/90) of them (HS₂, VT, JC, and HSLDP) specified job related objectives of trainees and the related higher earnings that go to people who have completed training; three cited students' interest in children.

Some of the reasons why students did not complete programs were, (B/90) according to the directors, need for income for family needs, family problems such as babysitters or illness, and lack of interest.

Students are usually evaluated through written tests, self-evalua- (B/93) tions, and teacher observations. Four of the programs (HS₂, VT, JC, and HSLDP) also reported the use of performance tests. Other evaluation procedures include evaluation by the placement agency or review of students' papers, logs, or projects.

Desired changes in student evaluations include more time for (B/94)teacher supervision, observation, and discussion with students, (B/98-99)as well as better tools and methods, such as television. Three directors also expressed the need for competency-based evaluations. The responsibility of trainers for job placement is informal in all of the programs visited. Students may be referred to jobs, position notices may be posted, interviews may be arranged, and/or recommendations may be made to employers. Although the director of ${
m HS}_1$ did not feel that job placement was a formal responsibility of the program, this was an area of concern in that program. Other program directors indicated the need for more formal job placement and information for students. It was suggested that a national system for child care worker placement be developed for persons trained in early childhood education and child care.



(B/96-97) Although there is little official follow-up of students on completion, all of the programs reported that their trainees were obtaining jobs in occupations related to their training. HSLDP and FDCP train only persons already employed in the field. Even in the three programs in which follow-up was required, (HS₁, HS₂, VT) follow-up incormation is minimal. In HS₁ only a postcard was sent to the students about employment. Individual teachers were expected to do the follow-up each year for five years for HS₂ trainees. In the VT the program director kept information about jobs, promotions, and salaries.

The only program with a formal, planned follow-up supervision is HSLDP. The training staff visits centers of the trainees after the completion of the six-week session; during the visit students present special projects. There is also a yearly follow-up training session and workshop on the campus for all graduates of the training sessions. Two of the programs that did not have any formal follow-up, JC and U, did not consider any changes necessary. Other programs, however, would like to have more formal and extensive follow-up training.

Content and Training Programs

(B/50-51) (B/48-49) The initial curricula in most of the programs were developed by the program directors. Additional and specific course content was prepared in conjunction with the teachers in the program.

In the more formal pre-service programs, such as HS, JC, VT, and U, student input is limited. In (HSLDP and FDCP) trainee evaluations of the program and their interests are taken into consideration in planning. Curricula for two of the programs, HS₁ and VT, are largely influenced by the participation of the directors of these programs in special institutes on child care and guidance. In two programs (JC and VT) curriculum takes into account state licensing guidelines for personnel in development of program content.



All but HS₂ and FDCP follow specific curriculum models for early childhood education. The two-year junior college developed their own model since there were no packaged models available for the A.A. level when their programs began. Others also worked on developing their own models or altering them to meet specific needs.

(B/56-57)

In general, programs seem to cover the subject areas of child (B/54-55) growth, development, guidance, and discipline -- although some programs (HS and JC) do not include special problems of children, such as the handicapped, the gifted, or those with cultural differences. All of the programs cover materials and methods for use with children.

Administrative tasks such as child care center operations, record-keeping, office procedures, and food services are not included in several of the programs (U, FDCP, HS, JC). Other areas less apt to be covered in the training programs are small-group dynamics, theory and philosophy of learning, parent counseling, community relations, social services, basic education, and orientation to employment.

Except for the family day care program, all programs either include (B/52-53) academic and communication skills as part of the program or enroll (B/9-10) students in a general education program at the same time they are participating in the training program. In the JC and U programs, nost work is in general education, not in course work specifically related to child care occupations. In the four-year program, for instance, only six courses (20 credits out of 124 required) are specifically related to preschool education.

The programs vary in the amount of flexibility in course sequence. (B/58) About half of them follow the same sequence each year or session.



In the other half, students do not always follow the same sequence; requirements may be identified, and then each student organizes his own schedule.

(B/52-53)Students in all programs have supervised experiences with children, (C/15)although the amount of time and the proportion relative to the total programs varies. In HS₁ and HS₂, participation accounts for 60% (two hours per day, five days per week for nine months) and 80% (two to three hours per day, five days per week for 18 months). In the VT program, students work six weeks in the laboratory center during the first year, with three quarters of full-time internship during the second year. Both U and JC include 16 weeks of student teaching and intership, which accounts for 12% and 25% of the time in the programs. The participants in HSLDP spend three hours per day and five days per week working with children -- about 33% of the six-week session. The remainder of time in the programs is devoted to lectures, class discussion, media presentation, independent study, and observation.

(C/17-18) During students' participation, all the programs provide opportu(C/19-20) nities for planning activities, working directly with children,
(B/72) supervising groups, and assisting the teacher. They also have
(B/73) opportunities for planning with the head teacher, but few have
opportunities for planning independently or for participating in
staff training. They are also less apt to have experience in
planning meals. Most students have daily informal contacts with
parents, make home visits, and attend parent meetings and conferences.

(C/16) All students participate in at least one setting, but they may observe (B/59) in a wider range of programs. All of the programs except FDCP have (B/62-63) a demonstration or a laboratory program under the auspices of the training program. In addition, all of the programs use community settings for observation and student participation.



The criteria for selection of centers outside of the laboratory setting seem to be the experiences that such a setting offers students (the amount of responsibility and meaningful work in which the student could be involved), the program availability and location, the cooperation of the program director, an outstanding teaching staff in some area, and variation in children available with whom students could work. Children in the training programs are usually between three and five or six years old. Children under three are enrolled in two programs, VT and FDCP; six— to twelve—year olds are also cared for in FDCP.

(B/67-68)

The range of child development services offered by programs in which trainees participated is generally limited to educational activities and nutritional programs. Educational programs for the children are included in all of the training settings, and in most of them meals are served. Other services that are available in some training settings are health and social services, family activities, and parent education. The HSLDP includes all of these services, while the JC laboratory setting has only an educational component for the children.

(B/64-65)

Programs that trainees may observe or in which they may participate (C/16) are Model Cities day care, afternoon or evening programs in (B/66) community schools, public schools, centers for exceptional children (such as the mentally retarded or emotionally disturbed), franchise programs, Montessori programs, parent co-ops, a college children's school, and participation with family day care mothers in their homes and other community settings. These settings have been identified either through the program director's general knowledge of and contact with the community or through centers requesting a child care program trainee.

(B/69-70) The assignment of students to and observation of students in (B/71) community settings is done by the training staff or in conjunction with a placement specialist. In addition four of the programs provide informal orientation for the cooperating staff. The training staff may or may not plan the specific activities that the student undertakes in the training setting. However, they do plan the general kinds of activities in which students should have experiences. The teacher or employer in that setting generally helps to plan and to supervise student activities. The teacher or employer also helps in the grading and evaluation of student participation.

- (B/74) Students in all but the JC and U programs had opportunities for on-the-job training. Some students receive credit for work time in HS, HSLDP, and FDCP; no credit is given for work time at the U, and few credits at the post-secondary level and junior college. The U program reported few opportunities for on-the-job training, internship, credit for work time, opportunities to mix with different career level, community activities, career counseling, follow-up training, or specialization. On the other hand, HSLDP reports many opportunities for each of these experiences for their students. In other programs students may have many opportunities for some of the areas but limited opportunities for others.
- (B/75-76) When directors were questioned about changes to improve the participation component, they suggested expansion of facilities to accommodate more children in the participation program or the availability of more adequate space. Other suggestions were that programs work with a wider range of children, that students be included for pre-parent education not just for occupational training, and that students participate earlier with children. Nearly all of the directors indicated the need for changes in student supervision and evaluation. There is a need for more time and staff to

provide better supervision and/or to offer planning conferences and feedback for the students. FDCP indicated the need for changing the screening procedures to select more responsible students who would attend classes and complete assignments.

In relation to the community settings, the desire was expressed for more students to see different settings and for persons to work with community programs to establish better rapport with cooperating teachers. Other aspects that would be changed to improve the participation component are earlier exposure to the requirements of the teacher role, more contact with parents, and more realistic hours — with a night laboratory for use in student training as well as a service for evening students with children. The two programs that do not have observation facilities (HS₁ and JC) plan to include them in the future.

Other Information About Training Programs

(B/103-104)

When asked the strengths and weakness of their own programs, directors of pre-service programs said that the direct experience with children and its integration with practical classwork is a primary strength. Changes these directors suggested are also related to participation — earlier experiences with children and more opportunities for participation. Three programs also indicated the need for more staff interaction with and supervision of students during and following training. Other changes suggested are more involvement of students with parents, more emphasis on obtaining jobs, and joint planning of programs by staff and students. The U program director cited the need for models for teacher education and the desirability of focusing on those rather than on the children's curriculum. Skills and competencies need to be specified and then units need to be developed to teach these.

Specific ways for possible expansion suggested by directors are: (B/105-106)

the development of summer, night, or short courses; expansion of the kinds of courses available to include such areas as nutrition, health, family day care, and pre-parent education for all interested students; and earlier exposure to the teacher roles through earlier courses.

(B/107-108 -109) (B/110)

A series of questions concerning the suggestions for planning a national day care program were included in the interview. Some pitfalls that should be avoided in the planning and the implementation of a training program on a national basis are: equating the length of the program or the number of hours with the quality of training; limiting training for all staff to colleges or universities; limiting availability of sufficient training staff, of laboratory or demonstration programs, political influences, attempting to train one person to do all things and/or attempting to train in a limited amount of time. It was also suggested that the training should take place in community settings, that trainers be provided with at least 6 weeks of intensive training and that the training be formal, not just in-service. A need was indicated for some specific standards and guidelines and to have these published or developing training programs. It was also suggested that training of teachers and other child care personnel be done in settings linked with vocational-technical schools, thus enabling college or university programs to direct their efforts towards the training of trainers and educational coordinators for training programs.

Trainee Interviews

Interviews were obtained for former or current trainees in all programs but HS2. The interview schedule is given in Appendix D. Appendix C contains a summary of the trainees' responses.

- (C/5)
- Although the characteristics of the trainees vary considerably, (C/7)there are many areas of commonality in their responses. Personal



contact with program staff, directors, counselors, or co-workers (C/3) seems to be the primary source of initial information about the programs. Only in the HSLDP, with its formalized recruitment and selection procedures, did participants know about other training programs. In that particular case, the other training program about which the trainees had some knowledge was another Head Start Leadership Development Program. For the JC participants interviewed, the initial impetus to seek additional training in the early childhood education field came from work in the summer Head Start program.

With the decision to start the training, two participants are (C/6)launching careers in fields different from their previous work. (C/3)Both previously held office or clerical jobs. For the U, HSLDP, (C/33)and FDCP students, participation represents changes in focus in their career interests. The HS₁ student noted that she thought the child care training course would be more beneficial than others she might take. In assessing what part of the training program is most useful, comments generally referred to the child development content, or to the practical experiences with children, community, or family day care mothers. Comments on the most interesting aspects of the program were of three general types: working with children; methods and activities for children; or interpersonal and social relations. Content mentioned as least useful generally related to specialized content areas either not perceived by the trainee as relevant to desired or current occupational role, or not practically related to work with children. Particular course work on special education also was seen as least interesting. Basic nutrition, or family relations, which rated as least useful, were also mentioned as least interesting.

The students emphasized a lack of interest and career factors as (C/4) reasons for not completing training. The HS_1 student alluded to

the fact that one student found that she was not interested in (C/31)working with children; the VT student, too, suggested that students drop out because they are uncomfortable working with children. The U student suggested that drop-outs find that child care is not what they want to do, either because of the low pay or the career limitations in early childhood education. Leaving the program because of interest factors apparently corresponds to students' lack of experience with children prior to entering the program. In HS1, VT, and U, most students had not had experience working with children. A range of perceived benefits were associated with the training program, and these were not restricted to occupational or career spheres. The students in the U and FDCP both mentioned benefits related to having a family and childrearing. Specifically, the FDCP student said that she would think realistically about the number of children she would like to have. She considered exposure to the family day care homes a most realistic and natural experience. Other trainees mentioned changes in attitudes toward children. The FDCP mother stated that

The motivational effects of participation in the training program were mentioned by the HSLDP participants, especially in terms of continuing education. This outcome was clearly exemplified in the case of the participant who had completed the JC program. She had also completed a B.A. degree and was entering a masters degree program in early childhood development. One member of the HSLDP summed up the benefits of the program by stating that it "opens up doors you thought were closed to you."

the program created more of an interest in taking care of children.

(C/34) All of the trainees interviewed indicated that the programs could be improved by increasing the amount of contact with children or parents, or suggested more integration of course content with practical experience. Several trainees thought that the practical

experience should be more varied; for instance, that more visits should be made to family day care homes or different kinds of programs. Less frequently, trainees mentioned need for changes or additions to the curriculum, such as program planning, preschool curriculum, or independent study.

In regard to desired changes in the training program, trainees (C/35-36) were concerned primarily with experience with children and the integration of classroom content with field work. One trainee wanted transportation made available to the children in the laboratory center. Trainees in the Head Start program suggested expanding the program to other groups such as high school students or others before they start working. The family day care mother suggested more frequent meetings with the total group of day care mothers, and the continuation of the child development course.

The trainees who had completed their training and were entering (C/27-28) the job market indicated that job opportunities were limited. Many (C/29-30) graduates have not been able to find jobs, particularly trainees (B/95) from HS, JC, and U programs. The employment factor is not relevant for HSLDP, FDCP, or some night trainees in the post-secondary programs, since many are currently employed in child care-related fields; the major issue for these graduates is the opportunity for job mobility.

As to desirable employment settings participants in four programs (C/32) made specific reference to attitudes or characteristics of staff or supervisor. Two respondents indicated that they would prefer to work in either a new program just starting or in a place where they could make improvements and contributions. The HSLDP participants considered their current laboratory school settings desireable. Only one trainee indicated a preference for working with children in the infant-through-toddler age range; this was the

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- (C/15) only trainee who actually had experience with infants in the practicum. Others preferred three- to five-year-olds or kindergarten children.
- (C/32) When those interviewed mentioned settings for employment, the programs were usually public-sponsored -- public school, Model Cities, or Head Start programs. Both the JC and U students indicated that salaries are too low in private day care. The HS₁ student, who was from a rural area, mentioned that the salaries in a day care program in the nearby metropolitan areas are too low to make relocation feasible for her.

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APPENDIX B: PROGRAM DIRECTOR INTERVIEW AND QUESTIONNAIRE DATA SUMMARY

The summary of program director data obtained from both interviews and the written questionnaires are presented in the following tables according to type of program -- e.g., high school family day care.

The numbers in parentheses after the question indicate the number of the item in the questionnaire (Appendix D). The letter preceeding the number indicates whether the information was obtained from the interview (0) or from the written questionnaire (W). The sequence of questions, however, does not necessarily correspond to the order of the questionnaire since the responses are grouped by topic.

In summarizing the interview data every attempt was made to retain the intent and content of the response. For purposes of length and clarity it was not always possible to retain the respondents' exact words.

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

gram? (0-22a)	Teaching Principles of Child Development	••
What are the General Goals of the Training Program? (0-22a)	Career Development/ Continuing Education	
What are the General	Training for job/ occupation	H.S. students to be aides and to work with children
		High School 1 year

Somewhat to be	good mothers.	Education for the children in lab

Other:

Self-Concept Enhancing

center

3 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Encourage to go on tot	further education/	training.
,	Prepare students for	entry level jobs based further education/	on home econ. skills t
High School	2 year	•	
37	y		

and knowledge.

Regardless of whether	use for wage earnings	training to help	them be better	mothers.
Raise goals &	ideas about	life work	because many	disadvantaged.

Whether

Post-Secondary 2 year

Train as many students as we are capable of; to work in jobs that provide service to young children.

Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

(0-22a)	
Program?	
Training	
of the	
Goals (
General	
the	İ
are	
What	

	Enhancing Self- Other Concept.	
	Teaching Principles of Child develop.	Now more emphasis on this.
,	Career Development/ continuing education	
	Training for job/ occupation	Originally to prepare for jobs in day care and child care related.
		Jr. College 2 year

University 4 year

For some staff, emphasis is on training for teachers in preschools/kindergarten.

Other staff emphasize concepts of child development/and research; cognitive especially Piaget.

Some would see this as objective related to outcome.

> u S Head Start LI

> > 38

Head Start LDP 6 weeks

Better human Emphasis on quality, beings to deal not jobs. with themselves and children skillfully.

Family Day Care

To organize family day care mothers, so that can provide own self-help organization after the completion of project.

Kesearch:
Investigate whether
family day care was
a viable form of day
care; to provide
community experience
for students.

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

What is Considered Primary/ Priority Objective? (0-22b)

How Have Goals Changed in Relation To: (0-23a-b)

Future:

Past:

High School

Primary objective is training

Basically the same, although within the community more emphasis on programs being for children rather than training for students.

Establish cooperative arrangements with area voc. ed. school, so other students might use facility perhaps have adult classes at night.
Open program for summer and have aides operative

High School

igh School 2 year Stude

Student outcomes related to jobs and continuing education

Focus now more on the possibility for students continuing with higher education & ensuring course credit for that purpose.

Would like child development lab not just for occupational training, but for pre-parent education open to other students in H.S.

Post-Secondary
2 year Training

Increased program capacity and opportunity for specialization, e.g., special education. Now have internships in this.

Follow-up training for graduates on the job dealing with program planning, special ed.

Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

What is Considered Primary/ Priority Objective? (0-22b) How Have Goals Cha

Past:

How Have Goals Changed in Relation To: (0-23a-b)

Future:

Jr. College 2 year

Teaching principles of child development. Professional competancy.

More emphasis on ensuring academic credit as desired student outcome, and continuing education.

University 4 year

No consensus about objectives; varies with staff

Initial emphasis on helping women to be "better mothers"; until recently focus on early childhood education/ training. Currently Dept. emphasizing research/child development rather than teacher training.

Would like more emphasis on teacher training models related to teacher role, and focus on teacher self-concept.

Head Start LDP

6 weeks Learning experience for students; emphasis on quality, not jobs.

Focus has changed from "in-service" training; originally considered "in-tensive training"; found that could get potential leaders, so now emphasis on career development. Further emphasis on the adult individual rather than teaching specifics of working with children, e.g., use of "play dough."

Continue with same; but more emphasis on enhancing quality of care given to children in family day care.

family day care mothers can help

other mothers in the community,

and improve quality.

as it is now; program in this setting and form will be phased out.

Long range: develop guidelines so

Would want to continue program

Family Day Care 1 year

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	Length of Operation (W-3)	Months/Year in Operation (W-4)	Times/Year Offered (W-5)	When Student May Enter (W-6)	Time to (W-7)
High School 1 year	l year	9 months	Once	Once in the fall semester	9 months
High Schcol: 2 year	5 years	9 months	Once	Once in the fall quarter	2 years: 2-nine month sequences, with summer vacation.
Post-Secondary 2 year	4 years, 3 months	12 months	Beginning courses offered 4 times/year.	Beginning of each quarter	Fulltime student: 8 qtrs; assistant, 4 qtrs; aide. Night program: perhaps 12 quarters.
Jr. College 2 year	6 years	12 months including summer sessions	Beginning of each semester courses on-going	Beginning of each semester	Full-time: 2 yrs. 1 year certificate available. Night program: length varies depending on course load.
University 4 year	30 years	9 months with occasional summer sessions	Beginning of each semester; continuous offerings.	Beginning of each semester	4 yrs. (8 semesters) with two years emphasizing teacher training.
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	4 years	12 months	5 six week sessions per year.	Beginning of each session.	6 to 8 weeks.
Family Day Care 1 year	l year	9 months	Beginning of each semester; Twice	Beginning of each semester.	9 months

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

Why Did The Training Program Come About? (0-4)

Other	Attended 6 wk. summer institute on child care training
Program Expansion	
Individual Interest/ initiative	Teacher dir. has taken courses in child dev.
Need for workers	Institute discussed need for trained aide level personnel in day care
Need for training	
	High School 1 year

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Initial stimulus	from child dev.	consultant for	public schools,	in conjunction	with State licen-	sing.	
Earlier adult program	re	personnel in centers.	•				
Short-term course	to meet licensing	requirements.	Experience w/short-	term adult program	suggested need for	more indepth train-	ing.
High School	Tage 7					•	
B-7							

Developed in part from	short-term upgrading	training. Workers in	community recognized	need for more training.
Post-Secondary 2 year				

w =	program develop- ment to emphasize occupations in child care.
Initially based on interest of child develop-	ment consultant.

Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

Why Did The Training Program Come About? (0-4)

	Need for training	Need for Workers	Individual Interest/ Initiative	Program Ot Expansion	Other
Jr. College 2 year	Initial request from Dept. of Child & Family Serv. (licensing) for training to match re- quirements of two yrs. training for director & group leaders in day care.		Other staff member interest initially based on attendance at conference. Current director expanded.	Need for occupationally oriented courses in additional intructional areas.	
University 4 year	Initially developed to meet needs of Univ. women; to have exp.w/ children, to be better mothers. Until 5 yr. ago was one of two programs in State which lead to certification.		30 yrs. ago program began by Dept. Chrm/ preschool lab. director.	Current program may evolve because of new certification program for Preschool certification.	. d
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Developed in response to OEO guidelines for 8 wk. intensive training of Head Start: employees now emphasis more on career development.				

Family Day Care 1 year

Based on earlier work in day care by instructional staff & interest of staff and college pres.

Wanted to further investigate alter-native to the large group care of children.

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

On Completion What Credit, Degree Received (W-8)

Program Designed to Train (W-9)

Emphasis (W-10)

High School

1 year

Two (2) high school credits applicable to H.S. diploma

Certificate of completion in child care course

Aides

Day Care Center Aide Nursery School Aide Teacher Aide

в-9 **ДД**

High School 2 year

Ninety credit hours applicable to H.S. diploma

Aides

Paraprofessional

Post-Secondary
2 year

Certificate of completion of Child Care course

Assistant (2 year) Aides (1 year)

Aides Assistant

Eight quarters @ 336 hours/quarter

(con't.)
Summary
Data
Director
rogram

	Credit Received (continued) (W-8)	Program Designed to Train (W-9)	Emphasis (W-10)
Jr. College 2 year	Academic credit: applicable to A.A. degree General education = 34 credit hours Child Care related = 38 credit hours Total	Assistant	Aide/Assistant teacher
University 4 year 100	Academic credit leading to B.S. degree in Home Economics and eligible State Nursery School Teaching Certification and/or University Teaching Certificate. Preschool/Kindergarten Gen. Req. 44-47 credits 44-47 credits Electives: 30-34 20-25 Professional: 29 Total 124 credits	Teacher	Teachers for preschool and/or Kindergarten
6 weeks	Six (6) academic credits Six (6) academic credits 3 credits: early childhood education (124 hours) Applicable to B.A. or M.A. Certificate of completion	Aides, Assistants, Teachers, Resource teacher/Coordinator Administrator	Wide range of preschool staff
Fanily Day Care 1 year St	Students: academic credit applicable to B.A. or M.A. 2-3 credits: practicum in FDC Home 3 credits: seminar Family Day Care Mother: certificate of completion for child development course.	Teachers/Teacher Coordinators N.A.	N. A. N.A.

B-10 45

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

(0-3)	Other
(aide, assistant, etc.):	Community Demand
e For a Particular Level?	Student Demand/ Needs/Characteristics
Why Did You Decide to Train People For a Particular Level? (aide, assistant, etc.): ((Appropriate to Institutional Hission/ Capability
	,

High School

In high school could train aides; Head teacher level would require 4 yr. degree.

Head teachers in centers or public schools would need trained people as aides.

High School

2 year

Could not train professional teacher at high school level; train aide/paraprofessional in nigh school.

Occupational emphasis was a natural extension of home economics curriculum already long established.

Recognized need for trained personnel.

Post-Secondary

2 year Four-year degree people are not hired in centers: too expensive. Train

at two year level.

Initially focused on assistant level because entering students would be at this level;

Many requests by employed kindergarten teachers & day care workers for program at night.

Program advisory committee recommended new aide level (1 yr.) program and night program which started a yr. ago.

suggests level to train for.

Job responsibility

Called "assistant" bec./ stigma attached to "aide" label.

(con't.) Program Director Data Summary

etc.): (0-3)	Other					
istant,	Demand					
Level? (aide, ass	Community Demand					
n People for a Particular 1	Student Demand/ Woeds/ Characteristics	Training may apply to	various job levels:	aide/teacher/lirector	depending on student	experience and maturity.
Why Did You Decide to Train People for a Particular Level? (aide, assistant, etc.): (U-3)	Appropriate to Institutional Hission/ Capability	Because a 2 yr./community	college train at 2 yr.	college level; training	involved with number of	levels.
	Jr. College	2 year				

	all types	training,	involved	
University	4)ear			

all types of teacher training, this sub-dept. involved with preschool and kindergarten.	

accidental				h	
recent emphasis on	preschool level	teachers because of	certification require-	ments, and program for	Early Childhood Educ.

	deter
Head Start LDP	6 weeks

partially determined by	needs of individuals	refered to program.
determined by Adminis-	trative decision in	response to RFP

Family Day Care l year

students needed exper-ience in community; needs of day care mothers. part of college program in teacher training;

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	·	Activities Involved in Planning & Implementing Program:	lementing Program: (0-5a)	
		Funding & Proposal	Identifying Need/ Interest	Hiring Staff
	High School 1 year	Contact with State Dept. of Ed.; Voc. Ed. regarding exemplary program status, & funding; School Board approval.	Contact with various groups in community, school board, & superintendent. Parent interests assessed by mail questionnaire & discussed w/h.s. students.	Additional teacher hired for regular home ec. classes to partially replace teacher/director. Hired 1/2 time teacher aide for lab.
	High School 2 year	Home ec. coord. work w/ state Dept. of Ed, on initially fund- ing; wrote proposal.	School principal, teacher, & school administration has interest. Earlier work with adult short term course indicated need.	Teacher in local hs. home ec. assumed instructor responsibility. Subsequent programs required new staff. & role differentiation.
B-	Post-Secondary 2 year	Advance planning done by Dept. of Ed. & Voc. Tech. Sch. Dir. prior to hiring of Dept. Chm.	Based on recognized need for more in-depth training, & students' requests.	Porg. Dir. hired as Dept. Chm. to implement & develop. Did initial instruction, hired lab. teacher in Dec. 1967.
-13 8	Jr. College 2 year	Through community college Pres. & Dean.	Request from licensing dept. & instruction staff of college.	Current director hired after lst. course to develop program. Hired l teacher each year.
	University 4 year	Initial program developed over 30 years data on implementation not available.		
	Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Grant announcement from OEO; University Adm. staff & Dept. of Ed. staff wrote proposal.	OEO and Head Start assessed need in centers; University responded.	Staff from Dept. of Education and some of early participants in LDP sessions.
	Family Day Care 1 year	College pres. & staff member identified funds; Current director wrote proposal.	Assess community interest in contact with family day care mothers.	Current director hired to carry out program proposal; Was part of instructional staff at college.

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

ı	Activities Involved In Dla	Artivities Involved In Dismains E Implementing Deserted	(0-5a)	
	Facilities	Student Recruitment/ Selection	니이	Other
High School 1 year	School district bought house located adjacent to h.s. for lab.	Prepared presentation for h.s. home ec. classes Informal application & interview with teacher/director.	Mainly how to develop participation component/amount of time. Other from materials developed during special institute.	Recruiting children for lab center.
High School 2 year	First program in renovated home ec. class; later ones in specially designed facilities.	Done by teacher in 1st. program; Always thru local school by teacher & committee of staff.	Initially teacher in 1st. program, w/home ec. coor- dinator & child devel. consultant. Expanded later.	Children from local EOA center selected 15 children for lst. program.
Post-Secondary 2 year	Planned renovation of facility in elementary school;	Prog. Dirc. contacted h.s. counselors, visit hs.; gave presentation. Interview students; School counselor partially.	Based on materials from earlier work & guide prepared at special conference; other teacher developed materials.	Recruitment of children for lab. was extensive; canvassed neighborhood & announcements in public schools
Jr. College 2 year	Initially those class-rooms located in the jr.college. after two yr.had own lab. centers (3)	Not extensive, just hand- outs at registration, announcements, newspapers, No selection.	Individual staff resources initially. Current director hired for further development, expansion.	
University 4 year	Currently use Dept. preschool on Univ. campus Begin use of community centers 3 years ago.	None.		Program implemented 30 yrs. ago and has undergone many changes.
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Use University campus school: 1/2 for Headstart plus known community centers; Dorm space, classroom provided.	Done through local Head directors & RTO's. Send students to program.	Educ. Dept. staff & prof. condensed regular curric- ulum for program. Continual modification of general format.	
Family Day Care 1 year	Located storefont in community.	Canvassed community for day care mothers & screen 68 possible participants. Students identified through college.	General outline for students, scheduling, & general plan for topics for day care mothers.	

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

Who Was Involved in Planning - Implementing Program? (0-6) Same People? (0-7)

	Administration	Institutional &/or Program Staff	Agencies/Other People	Same/Different People
High School 1 year	Local school dist. superintendent State Dept. of Educ., Voc.Ed, Home Econ. div.	Home economics teacher as pro- gram director		Mainly the same super- intendent & teacher/ director
High School 2 year	Initial planning & impl. by child devel. consultant & Home Ec. Coordin.	Principal & teacher in school.	Dept. of Plants & Planning for facilities	Mainly consultant & home ec. coordinator; spin-off to principal & teacher.
Post-Secondary 2 year 5 1	Long range planning by State Dept. of Education, Voc. Ed., Home Ec.	Voc Tech Director Dept. Chrm/director with child devel. consultant		<pre>Implementation mainly by Child Development Dept. chrm/as program director.</pre>
Jr. College 2 year	Support and interest from Pres. & Dean	Various faculty developed/input for courses.	State Dept. Child & Family Services: Licensing Director	Current director hived to develop initial program and expand; basically same as in early planning
University 4 year	Not known other than Dept. Chrm. & Director of preschool	Currently program staff with Deans determine program.		phases. Some continuity, but constant staff turnover.
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	University adm. staff & Dept. Chrm. in writing proposal.	Dept. staff, & program staff in developing curr. Staff does recurrent planning	Negional training officers & center directors select & refer students.	Adm. did early proposal, program staff did implementing & developed detail.
1 year	College Pres. & adm. staff made funding arrangements and hired director.	Current director did proposal & actual development of program.	Students w/staff did canvassing of neighbor- ncod for day care mothers.	After initial implementa- tion program dir. & staff primarily involved.

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

Problems in Program: Planning & Implemention

(0-8)

High School

Curriculum: figuring out how to provide practical experience for students. Participation Setting: none available in community

Community Interest: General lack of interest initially.

Other: afternoon scheduling for children; or not? Transportation for children. Children for Program: parents not willing to bring their children

High School

Funds: for meals for preschool children not available to school system; now charge fee for meals. $50 \phi/day$.

Post-Secondary 2 year.

too difficult to be director of lab center and dept. chm. im: couldn't get enough children because of time of year.

Administration: toc Children for program:

(con't) Program Director Data Summary Planning & Implementation Problems in Program:

Jr. College 2 year

Curriculum: centers for participation; good observation facilities

recognition of need for program on other affiliated college campus Administration:

need someone with time to work w/community agency, students, plan for needs of immediate group; setting up practicums Staff:

University 4 year

Administration: lefinitely a problem, little direction provided

Students: students are caught between staff with different goals.

program objectives are particular to staff members; vague; differences in new and older staff. Other:

Students: addressing total range of students: varied job, academic; experiential backgrounds.

Other: Could not anticipate certain student problems, such as personal, emotional, or health,

Family Day Care

Staff: need more staff for legwork in community

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

Maximum Capacity of Program (0-9) Opened at Full Capacity? How Long to Plan And Implement (0-56)

How Long to Reach Capacity?

1 yr. from attendance 1969-fall, 1970. High School 1 year

at Institute, summer,

About 6 months, Spring-August 1966. High School 2 year

Student entered Sept. open lab. Dec. 1967 June-Sept. 1967 Post-Secondary 3 months: 2 year

One month after conference: Initial course (1) in Sept. 1964; Feb. 1965 further developed courses; 1967 developed own day care facilities.

Jr. College

2 year

4 year

University

Implementation time unknown.

Head Start LDP Few weeks. 6 weeks

Recurrent planning for each session.

Family Day Care . 1 year

July-August, 1970. one month.

Yes, 15 students with laboratory center licensed for 15 children. Not at capacity in number of preschoolers.

Expanded to total of 9 schools; with 1/15 students/15 pre-No. began with one school: 1 teacher per 15 students. school children.

have 80 day students & 120 night No. began with 25 students: Now students. No. opened with 2-4 classes, which panded to 5 jr. college campuses: about 1500-2000 students. was capacity at the time. Ex-

No. Program began 30 yrs. ago. Currently have 160 undergraduates. Yes. 20-25 students per session. Began with this number/session. No. Began with 7 students and 22 family day care mothers.

Initially opened at this level.

Opened in 1966 with 1 school; 1971 have 9 schools.

Opened in 1967. In 1971 would be possible to have more.

mined by job market & nat'l. interest in day care, & saturation level of field. Enlarged over 6 yrs.Could expand to other campuses. Max. would be deter-

lems in placements for practicum & staff will div. time between grad. & undergrad. May be beyond cap.; Have set lim. at current 50 srs. & 60 jrs. bec. of probdecrease in $3\frac{1}{2}$ people: Replacements (2)

placement & supervision during student Max. because of difficulty in adequate teaching.

In 2nd year will have 9 students and 30-32 family day care mothers.

Combined
k Oral
Written &
Summary:
Data
Director
Program

Number of Students/Class (W-25)	15 students total not more than 3-4 in lab.work at one time.	15 students, 15 preschoolers in each lab.	About 25 entering students per quarter, usually finish with 20. Classroom instruction size about 18 students.	Varies according to type of class. Max. about 35-39 per teacher.	Varies by type of class: large lectures and smaller groups.	20–25 per session: average 22 students.	Small group meetings with Family day care mothers have about 4-5. Students meet as total group	weekly.
Number Can Accommodate (W-47)	13-15 year	200	20/quarter		Unknown, without new staff, pro- gram may be over- enrolled.	22-25	30-32	6
How Meny Entering At Next Enrollment (W-46)	13 students Fall 1972	225 Fall 1972	25 Fall quarter	200 students	Not able to tell	None, program is discontinuing in present form.	30-32 Fall 1972	o.
Enrollment Last Year (W-45)	no program last year.	225 approx.	20	1200	123 Total 45 seniors 50 juniors 28 sophomores	110 for Fy 1970-71	no program last year.	
Present Student Enrollment (W-44)	15	300	80 daytime 120 nighttime	1500 includes 282 Head Start Suppl. Training students	143 Total 53 seniors 60 juniors 30 sophomore	. 22/session	20	7
	High School 1 year	High School 2 year	Post-Secondary 2 year 61-	Jr. College 2 year	University 4 year	Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Family Day Care 1 year Day Care Mother	Students

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

How Difficult to Expand to Train More People? Different Level? (0-40)

High School	GENERAL ASSESSMENT	Administrative Support	CONSTRAINTS/PREREQUISITES Funds Staff	REREQUISITES Staff	Facilities	Programming
	Could train for supervisory level			More exper- ience needed	1	
CI +H vs	Difficult to in number of students over 15.			oy reacher/ director.	Space limits no. of chil- dren for stu- dents to work	Students would not have enough time/ hours with children.
High School	No difficulty	School system	Main prob-	Could hire	Could increase	·
Exp	Expand to other schools.	nas incerest	Lem is money staff	staff	number of labs. and participation settings.	
To	To increase no. of students/lab.			Would need another teacher.	Would need more space per lab. to accomodate students & chil-dren.	Would perhaps group preschoolers into 2 groups
Post-Secondary 2 year Not too difficult based on experience	LY Not too difficult based on experience.			Would need additional supervisory staff.	Would require larger lab. for more children & students.	

Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

	Staff Facilities Programming	Could hire staff, etc.	Current Major problem in staff placement of students limited in practicum.	Supervision Problem in placement for practicum	40 weeks for training; also need 12 wks for planning & field follow- up.
E) (040) CONSTRAINTS/PREREQUISITES	Funds	Only need Comoney st Problem only in that have expanded beyond possibilities & priorities of present adminis-		Sup for cum	· ·
How difficult to Expand (con't) (040)	ENT Administrative Support	it- Some problems in relection of needs related to starting this kind of program.	y Would depend and on the commit- is ment of deans. ir ir	ilt to re stu-	iot . ire 18 wk. 15.
How diff.	ej 80	Z year No diffi- culty. Have the know-how	4 year Unlikely to expand in areas of under- grad. or in-service training	Head Start LDP Difficult to 6 weeks have more than 25 student/session.	Could not have more than 5/8 wk. sessions.

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

William .

	How Would You Go About	Expanding Your Present	t Program? (0-41)		
	Expand Curriculum/ Program	Program			: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•	Content	Operations	Add Statt	racilities	Ocner
High School		Docoth 1 occasion	Would need to	Increase lab snace	Would need more
I year	Develop summer course	rossibly cooperate	house meet to	to bring in more	children in lab: two
	or short ones; even-	With Voc. School in	nave another	to billing in more	CHILLIEN IN TABLE CWO
	ing classes for adults	use of facilities.	stair member	cultaren.	groups or 3/4 yrs.
	,		to assist w/		
			summer program.		
High School				,	
2 years	Perhaps develop pre-	Potential for year	Have addition-	develop program in	Group children into
	parent ed. for all	round operation (4	al person to help		two groups in the lab.
	students interested.	qtr. rather than 3}	in lab. center:	schools. Dev. observ-	
			paraproressionar	action ractitely.	
Fost-Secondary				T - T - T - T - T - T - T - T - T - T -	7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
2 year	Currently doing this,	U	curriculum spec.	Lab Size increase for	over Jys. granuare
•	With recent night	lab. ror evening	« more super-	TOO CUTTULEU DELLEI	TOO GIRE, TOO GSSISE.
	prog. & aide level.	classes.	visory staff.	observation facilit-	per yr. to meet
	Develop nutrition,			ies, play space.	community need.
1	health aide, family				
3-2 E	day care training.				
Jr. College				1	
2 year	Based on core curriculum		Would hire	Get classroom space.	Recruitment no diff-
•	for child develop-		director/staff	Would like own	iculty: just advertise
	ment, add courses for			observation facilities	the availability.
	specific occupations.				
University					
4 year	Earlier exposure to	Go to other			
•	teacher role thru	institution.			
	courses at soph. level.				
Head Start LDP					Mores follows
6 weeks		Extend to 8 wks.	Would need more		chemic recommend;
			staff.		change program role to one of monitoring
1					function.
Family Day Care	The state of a second	Down committee	Will have 0 etudente	Q	
1 уеаг	Various changes curr	Form Committee	T fomt 1 w down come	165.	
	into next vr. prop-	mothers. Include	mothers will act as	18	
	osal. Continue child	loan fund for	"field faculty" to	•	
	course for family	equip. & facil-	help recruit/train		
	day care mothers.	itles.	new mothers.		

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

ogram (0-10)	INSTITUTIONAL		Principal, teacher/director in home economics occupational
ive Structure of the Pr		Local	Independent school district, under local school board & School Superintendent.
What is the Administrative Structure of the Program (0-10)	GOVERNMENTAL	State	State Dept. of Education, Vocat- ional Education, Home Econ. Div.
		Federal	·
			High School 1 year

Coordinator for home economics responsible for 90 teachers in all areas of home ec. curriculum: child care & child development is part; in 9 schools.
City School System with 5 districts each with area superintendent; school board.
State Dept. of Education, Vocational Education. Education, Home Economics.
High School 2 year

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Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

What is the Administrative Structure of the Program (0-10)

			(CT C)	
	105	GOVERNMENTAL		INSTITUTIONAL
	Federal	State	Local	
Jr. College	Included as special	State Board of	Public community	VP for Career Programs w/Human Services
2 year	are	Higher Education;	college: Jr. College	on sub-division; Child Care operates
	Ser. careers; Model	State Jr. College	District.(City) oper-	at a dept. level on 5 campuses, W/dept.
	Cities training	Board.	ates on 7 major	chm. & curriculum coordinators. Un one
	Headstart supple.		campuses. Dean lor	campus part of total numan service curriculum program. Director of
	rraining.		of trustees.	Institute/Dean of one campus
				responsible.
Infversity			•	
4 year		Public State	One campus of the	In College of Agr. & Life Sciences: School of Family Resources & Consumer
		OHIVEISLEY	. (210101110	Sciences. 4 depts/adm. by Dir. & Assoc.
				Dean. 2 major area in the Dept of Home
				Management & Family Living: Child dev.
				& Preschool teaching; Preschool &
				Kindergarten Education. With dept.
Head Start LDP	Direct responsib-	State Univer-		Under the auspices of Dept. of
o weeks	ility to Federal	sity auspices.		Education, Dept. Chm. as Program
	level Encompasses	Regional training		Director with Assistant Dir./super-
	three states as	officers for three		visor; instructors/super./ & lab.
	the training reston.	states coordinate.		teachers.
	Shifting to region-	refer students.		
	al administration.			
Comfly Day Care				
1 year	Direct responsib-			Under the auspices of private 2 year
•	ility to Federal			upper division college. College
	level for grant to			President, and program director w/
	private college. One			assist director and staff.
	of several Fed. proj- ects: Headstart			
	Supplementary training:	••		
	EPDA: early childhood.			

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

1 {	Program Budget & Cost Total Salari		Categories (W-12) es Facilities	With Changes Since Start of Program (W-13) Equipment & Operating Participa Supplies Expenses Support	ice Start of Pro Operating Expenses	ogram (W-13) Participant Support	Other
Ś	\$34,000	\$10,300	\$19,500 *	2,800: equip. \$500 1,700: suppl.	\$ 500	-	<u> </u>
Ħ	100%	28%	57%	13%	2%		!
		same	decrease to \$500	decrease to \$500	same		
			* House bought by school district; not counted as part of program budget.	ų.			
Pa sc bu	Part of total school budget		\$12-15,000 to build/ equip. one; 8 lab. centers	\$45,000 (state local)		,	

| | \$20,000 10% Increase \$40,000 20% \$20,000 10% Increase \$120,000 60% Increase \$ 200,000 Post-Secondary 2 year

| |

Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

	Total	Salaries	Facilities	Equipment & Supplies	ng s	Participant Support	0ther
Jr. College To Dar Av	Total Program: Data Not Available	Child	Care Program area part of total college budget for various campuses.	of total college	budget for	various campuse	• 80
រវ	Special Projects						
五	Head Start Supplementary:	oplementary: (n=282)	(82)				
**************************************	\$43,858	\$16,000 36%	\$780 1.7%	\$195 .4%	1	\$12,000* 27.4% Tuition to senior college	\$6,000* 13.7% Course lectures
	odel Cities D	Model Cities Day Care (n=50)					
26 1	\$51,288	\$46,910 91.5%	\$560 1.09%	\$1,708 3.3%	1	\$303	1
University Da 4 year Av	Data Not Available All Increase	Approx. 60% total	I	i	1	None	1
Head Start LDP \$2 6 weeks (a	\$246,000 (approx.)	\$68,000 28%	\$13,000* 5.3%	\$4,300 1.7%	i	\$167,000 68%	\$4,000* 1.6%
9	ı=125)	Increase	*includes over- head and direct costs. Decrease	os ts .			*student follow-up
Family Day Care \$7 1 year Fi No (2	\$73,000 \$3. Fixed budget: No change (22 FDC mothers 7 students.)	\$31,000 43% .	\$3,000 4.1%	\$2,000 3.0%	\$28,000 40%	\$9,800 13%	1

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	Source of Funds (W-11)	s (W-11)				Funding Authorization (0-11)
	Federal	State	Local	Tuition	Other	
High School 1 year	100% Federal:State:Local Mix First year: 75% Federal & State Second year:	tate:Local Mix /ear: & State year:	25% school district	None	Minimal charge to parents for children in lab	Under Vocational Education Amend., 1968. Exemplary State program:
	50% Federal (Federal:Sta	50% Federal & State (Federal:State:Local ratio, 1:5:7)	50% school district		center: \$2.50/wk/	Occupational Home Ec.
High School 2 year	100% Federal:State:Local Mix 50% Federal/State Funds through State Dept. Ed.	% Federal:State:Local Mix 50% Federal/State Funds through State Dept. Ed.	50% School system furnishes	None	Minimal charge for meals for children in lab.	Vocational Education Amendments, 1968.
	salary & equipment	ipment	ceacher salary some supplies		centers.	Basic Grants to States Occupational Home Economics
	Stadent work-study: paid by, NYC, Model Cities, & Title I.	udy: paid Aties, &				ESEA, 1967 Model Cities Demonstration Act, 1966 Economic Opportunity Act.
Post-Seconda 2 year	Post-Secondary 2 year 100% Federal:State:Local	ate:Local		Minimal	Student internship in 8th qtr.	Vocation Education, Amendment 1968 Grants to States
	50% Federal/State funds supplement teacher salaries and equipment.	State funds eacher equipment.	School facilities			

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Program Director Data Summary (cont.)

	Sources of Funds (W-11)	; (W-11)				Funding Authorization (0-11)
	Federal	State	Local	Tuition	Other	
Jr. College 2 year	100% Federal: State: L Basic occupational training program receives unspecified portion from State/Federal	State: Loc onal am cified tate/Federal	Local Mix Local tax money.	Student fee minimal.	·	Vocational Education Amendment, 1968: Basic Grants to States.
	through St. Dept. of Vocational Education. 100% Federal: Special Projects: Model Cities, Head Start Training.	pt. of cation. <u>Special</u> 1 Cities, ining.				Economic Opportunity Act. Model Cities.
University 4 year 5 8 6 6	100% Federal: State: Loca Proportion of each source unknown; Departmental funds allocated through University. State Vocational Education, Home Econ. would be part.	rce fun ers rt.	Local Mix : :ds :ity.	Student tuition combined with other Federal/ State/Local funds.	on / inds.	Vocational Education Amendment, 1968, with other.
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	100% Federal funding	ding		University waives tuition.	ives	Economic Opportunity Act: Training Money.

Social Security Act, 1967: Title IV Research and Demonstration Grant.

100% Federal funding

Family Day Care 1 year

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

High School Occupational Suplement bome econ. High School 2 year Post-Secondary Occupational Supplement thome econ. Teacher salary Academic programment training ends training ends training ends training ends training ends the fead Start LDP Head Start LDP Whose Start LDP Head Start LDP Whose Start LDP Whose Start LDP Whose Start LDP Whose Start LDP Head Start LDP Whose Start LDP Head Start LDP Whose Start LDP Whose Start LDP Whose Start LDP Head Start LDP Whose Start	Requirements for Use of Funds (0-12)				
Occupational Supplement home econ. teacher salary & part equip. Occupational Supplement home econ. Various; training ends in employment in employment None	onal Staffing	Student Characteristics	Evaluation & Reporting	Administrative Approval	Other
Occupational Supplement home ec. teacher salary Occupational home econ. Various; training ends in employment None	al		Student follow-up	State Dept. Educ. Voc. Ed.	50% Local 50% State-Fed
Occupational home econ. Various; training ends in employment None	onal		Student follow-up		
Various; training ends in employment None	:Ional :on.	NYC funds: poverty level		. Director Voc Tech school . State Dept. Ed.	.
None		Residents: Model Cities, Head Start employees. Teacher aides under Board of Educ. Employee	н и	Voc. Ed.	٠
Head Start LDP 6 weeks Family Day Care 1 year	early childhood				
Family Day Care 1 year		employees ilead Start	1/year	Yearly	follow OEO general
			1 yr. for 3 years submit	trair Yearly	guidelines trainee subsidy.
			proposal & carry out.		

是这种,这种是一种,我们就是一种,我们就是一个,我们就是一个,我们就是一个,我们就是一个,我们就是一个,我们就是一个,我们们就是一个,我们们们们们的,我们们们们

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

(0-13)If Available What. Priorities in Allocating Additional Federal Funds

	Student Work/Study	Faculty	Facilities	Scholarships	Loans	Grants	Other	
High School								
I year		First	Second	These	These do not apply to	7 to		
		most			high school program	program		
•		applicabl	a)					
High School		to H.S. level	eve1					
2 year	First	Second	Third				also need money for	
	main prob-						films and books	
	lem for							
Post-Secondary	program							
2 year	Second	First, fo	H	Third, for				
В-		supervisi	uo	exceptional				
-30		during practicum	acticum	students				
Jr. College		field pla	cement;					
2 year		a limiting rain expansion	lg ractor ion				•	
	Third	•						
		First	Second					
University 4 year							would not like training programs part of large	

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Head Start LDP 6 weeks

Family Day Care l year student to learn while being paid Second, for

care mothers Family day First

for those who are not being

included.

for more LDP on cameus, to serve the people at the college; increase programs

rams developed to meet trainees need rather than universities. Need prog-

confined in university

structure



Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	What In-Kind	Contributions Do Yo	What In-Kind Contributions Do You Receive For Your Program	ram (0-14)	
	Staff Time	Facilities	Participation Settings	Student Salaries	Other
High School 1 year		Lab center bought by school district not considered part of program budget.			Minimal Materials & Piano
High School 2 year	Cooperating teachers in Community settings.		Program in community for participation.	Work-study salaries	
Post-Secondary 2 year	interns staff lab. center cooperating teachers			Community programs pay students in last qtr.	Well-baby clinic provides health care to some children.
Jr. College 2 year	.	some space		some student salaries	no major contributions.
University 4 year	Cooperating teachers		programs in community for participation		
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	University staff give lectures; cooperating teachers		programs in community for participation		student tuition waived by University
Family Day Care	in participation settings.	no			
	College staff; some special lectures	some es			Consultation from director of children's school at college on curriculum for childrer in family day care.

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	Is Program Self Contained? (0:15)	Institutional Resources Incorporated	ources Incorpora	ited (0-16)		
	·	Administrative Assistance	Instructional Staff	Course Work F	Materials & Facilities Equipment	Other
High School 1 year	Yes, instructional program	Yes, superintendent relations of school board.		Students take Yes, other course Lab. work con-currently.	Yes, Library; Yes Lab. center	Yes, support staff; speech therapist, psychologist
High School 2 year	Yes, instructional program	Yes, staff personnel services for teaching staff		Yes, students take other h.s. courses concurrently	Yes Yes	Yes
Post-Secondary 2 year by 5. Jr. College 2 year	Yes, self- contained instructional program - lab. has indep.	Yes, admissions, bookkeeping, registration			Yes, library classrooms at Voc-Tech;	Yes, counsel- ing services, student test- ing.
University 4 year	No - part of program of City Colleges No	Yes, all resources of college Yes, Depart-	Yes,	Yes, Educ.	Yes, Class- Yes	
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Yes	mentar and University	Yes, Dept. & Univ. staff as speakers	dept & others, dept & others.	center, Lib- rary, etc. Yes, all incl. dorm space for students lib- rary: lab school	
Family Day Care 1 year	Yes	Yes, budget- ing/financial	Yes, All project staff are part of faculty of college; other staff used as speakers.	t Yes, students take other courses	Yes, childrens Yes school; library	

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

ss/Institutions? (0-17)	Curriculum		trying to coordinate with state college & voc. tech on credits		from advisory committee. consultation on develop-				12aClons/agencles.
3 Do You Have With Other Agencies/Institutions?	Instructional Staff		Cooperating teachers in outside participation settings.	Cooperating teachers in participation & internship	4 spec. in special ed. public school system	cooperating teachers in	community participating settings.	in participation settings, e.g. public schools	
What Cooperative Arrangements Do	Participation Settings	public kindergarten for 2 students only.	public elem. schools Model Cities, EO Agency Centers, Community Schools	During last year students work in various settings,		day care/nursery schools,	Head Start program, public schools	public schools; day care centers; observe in childrens Hospital	5 slots in coop nursery school 2 day wk for child- ren in family day care. 22 Family Day Care Homes
		High School 1 year	High School 2 year	Post-Secondary 2 year	(X) Use Strain S	University 4 year	Head Start 1.00	6 weeks	Family Day Care 1 year

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

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	Student/Salary Employ.	Student Selection	Services	Other
High School 1 year	advisory committee member in welfare dept. make suggestions for placements;			
High School 2 year				advisory committee input and recommendations. Various groups represented.
Post-Secondary 2 year 4 %	Interns paid in last qtr. by community centers; Some programs used for intern- ships hire students.		health services for children; take refer- rals from clinic into program lab. under certain circumstances.	advisory committee representing wide range of groups have input and recommendations for program.
2 year University 4 year	Some students have work/study	Incorporate projects such as Model cities Head Start send students.		through professional organizations have con- tact with service provider; licensing; public schools.

Head Start LDP 6 weeks Family Day Care 1 year

RTOs send students to program Homemaker Service Public Library, Family Mental Health Clinic, Health Dept, Licensing Dept.

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	What are Your Responsibilities:	1: (0-2)		
	Student Recruitment/ Selection	Program/Curriculum Development	Evaluation	Public Relations/ community activities
High School 1 year	presentation to high school classes and interviews.	initial & continuing for child care course	students in course.	parents, school board, general community.
High School 2 year	done by individual school, teachers	major identifies teacher; works with principal and area superintendent.	total program in 9 schools	
Post-Secondary 2 year L L L D O	Minimal recruitement & selection.	primary; training and preschool. develop & implement Child Develop. Dept. All areas in Dept. of Child Development	with training staff.	4-C; local boards; state committee; prof. org, GAEYC. Community centers directors and
Jr. College 2 year	Minimal recruitement; no selection	ongoing and new instruct-ional areas in general instructional areas, staff	entire program including child care	job development. Community relations.
University 4 year		does specifics. 5 courses and departmental courses in preschool and early childhood ed.	student evaluation	teachers, directors, participation settings.
Head.Start LDP 6 weeks		content initially through response; course content.	student evalua- tion; conferences; written work; field work evaluation; follow-	
Family Day Care 1 year	from student applicants word of mouth; written announcements	all phases; general course content to cover with students and day care mothers.	up at local center. Student evaluation	identify FDCM; in community, community resources and observation cites.

riogram Director Data Summary:	Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined	ned			
	Responsibility for Selecting Staff(0-18) (W-24)	What Qualifications/Characteristics Looked For In Teacher Selection? (0-20)	Characteristics election?	s Looked For (0–20)	
		Education/Academic Experience	Prior Experience	Attitudes/ Qualities	Other
High School 1 year	Primarily school principal, approved by local school board, Advisory committee-recommendations.		exper w/young children; in hiring aide couldnt find anyone with experience.	accept what students doing; teacher allows students respon- sibility with children.	only want half- time work; aide salary.
High School 2 year	School system personnel director with consulation with program consultant	Vocational degree no preferably home bu ec, most MA Child sc Devel or early te childhood; some es BA.those with basic wi home ec. (family life, nutrition etc) have had better success than those with just early	not required; but knowledge of school and sys- tems helps with establishing rapport with students ,	of i- ih apport	
Post-Secondary 2 year.	Voc-Tech director authorizes new staff openings Dept. Chairmin selects & hires instructional & lab. staff	childhood education. good child devel Masters level but they don want to work in day care/ work with child directly	would like some good day care people, but hard to find	relates well to students; teacher will share children with students.	good demonstra- tion teacher to get skills across to stud- ents. Young teacher with lots of energy

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Summary
Data
Director
rogram

·	Selecting Staff (0-18)(W-24)		In Teacher Selection?	(0-20)	
Jr. College		Education/Academic Experience	Prior Experience	Attitudes/ Qualities	Other
2 year	Program Director is Dean of one campus; consent of college pres. Advisory committee & staff recommend people	Certain personal qualifications and general academic requirements (un- specified)	Work/practical experience in early childhood or related, e.g. home ec., health, nutrition	Commitment to the field; warm, flexible	Appropriate behavior in context
University 4 year	Dean of School (Family Resources & Consumer Services) within	Current Criteria: Ph.D. and publications		Interest in research	Bright
8E-8 8 Head Start LDP	University & departmental executive committee	Destrable: training as teacher trainer	Experience in teacher training rather than in prog. for children; Exp. with parent control & community involvement	Commitment to teacher train- ing model, community & parent involve- ment; Interest in undergrad.	
6 weeks	Program Director; Univ. Dept. of Edu. informal approval	Competency, but not just academic background; People they've trained in program	Varied back- grounds in staff; exper- ience in com- munity mem- bers of local community	Sensitivity	
Family Day Care l year	Program Director		Worked with different kinds of people, part of "community": knows language or ethnic group, e.g. Spanish speaking, black	"Open" and flexible; very open to criticism from students	Common sense & ability to work with people

nined (0-19)	Program Content Program Components Other	Necessary for supervision Number of hours of students & preschoolers teacher/director in lab.	y l teacher; component itional 2	supervision. Supervision; Administration; Instruction; Lab. program.	Whatever appro- Varied needs of special priate for projects; e.g. supervision activity		Needs of program & students, participation & follow-up.	or release Program needs such as Need to balance high Initially research/writing tasks and cost of personnel with care mothers. community contact work. student/Family Day
How Is Your Staffing Pattern Determined	Teacher:Student ratio Pro	Ratio 1/15 Student/ 15 Children	Basic 1:15; Maximum 30-35 (2 groups, ½ day each)	Voc. Ed. specifies , Special 1:12 minimum to Education offer a course content	Gen. class instruct. Whatever a 1:35-39 per course priate for activity	Unknown: student numbers increasing with staff currently decreasing.		Enough students to allow for time for day care mothers. 7 students: 22 family day can Next year approx. 10:30/32.
		High School 1 year	High School 2 year	Post-Secondary 2 year 5 6	Jr. College 2 year	University 4 year	Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Family Day Care 1 year

	What Changes In Staff Selection, Make-up, Policy?	ion, Make-up, Policy? (0-21)	
	Administrative policy	Staff Addit ons/Background	kolc/Task Differentiation
High School 1 year		Hire fully qualified nursery school teacher for lap. center	Teacher/director would prefer to spend more time on basic home ec. instruction; Student supervision; program coordination.
High School 2 year		Need paraprofessional in lab's to help with cnildren.	Teachers in lab. would have more time for student conferences, etc.
Post-Secondary 2 year		Add curriculum specialist; More supervisory staff to work with students; Would like social worker.	Curriculum specialists to work with staff on developing curriculum & do staff inservice training now done by Program Director. Social worker in lab. for intake; work with parents; Staff probs. now done by lab.
Jr. College 2 year Intversity	Greater freedom to draw on staff resources through-out college as in development of new components.	All program components need more staff; Need full-time staff person for community type work with students.	Community/student liason to work with community agencies; in setting-up practicum; plan for needs of immediate entering groups.
4 year Head Start LDP	Entire program might be better part of adult ed. or home ec. educ. his would have implications for staff development.	Balance in research and teacher training emphasis in staff.	
		More staff for longer, indepth course.	
Family Day Care 1 year		Will add one staff person for research & writing; one other for community work, half-time.	Research and writing currently done by project director would be assumed by additional staff member.

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

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3	lary	Part	ı				ı	(sec.)	
.me: (W-18)	e Auxillary	Full	1		1 (Sec.) 1 (Coun.) 1 (Maid)		1	,	1
표	Social Service	Part	:				tt	-	<u> </u>
& Full/Par		Part Full	1	*available _inseach	1	part of Service	ces of the	source	
Current Instructional Program Staff by Function & Full/Part Time:	r Education Support Specialists Personnel	Full		1	1 (counselor)	*available as pa full college se	*use full resources of university	*available, but not specified	<u> </u>
gran	luca:	Part				1	t		•
ctional Pro	Other Education Specialists	Full	- (a	1	1	•	-		,
- T	Teacher/ Instructor	Part	1 (teacher aide)		t	ر.	1	4	7
ф	H	Full							
What is the Make-up of	Administrator		П	13	10	14	2	- 7	т
is t	nistı	Part	1	,	1	1	1	_	8
What	Admi	Full	ı	1	1	2	1		
. 1	-	High School 1 year		High School 2 year	Post-Secondary 2 year	Jr. College 2 year	University 4 year	Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Family Day Care 1 year

*Number and level unspecified.

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Program Directory Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

Jr. College	Post-Secondary 11 11 13	High School 2 year 13 17	1 year 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Last Year Present Next Year Full* Part Full Part	Number On Child Care Training Staff (W-17)	Year Part	Next 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Sent Part 1	raining Staff Full 13 11	Year Part 1	Number On Character Full* 1 1 11	High School 1 year High School 2 year Post-Secondary 2 year 1r. College
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Future

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University 4 year	Head Start LDP 6 weeks

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Family Day Care 1 year	

*Full refers to full-time instructional staff. Part to part-time. **First number refers to staff for course or field experience related to teacher training. Number in () refers to staff in child development and research.

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	Labora	Laboratory Program Staff:	um Staff:	(W-37)) Assistant	Auxiliary	Support Staff	
	Administ	Administrators	뾔		21	Person		띪
High School	TIDA	rare	FULL	Fare	rull Fart	r Full Part	rt Full Part	Full Part
l year	ı	ı	-	•	i I			
High School	-	1	-		ı	Avail	Available at each school	**(F) 1 intorn susor-
					-	•		visor per school; some responsible
Post-Secondary 2 year	H	t	4	ν,	" I	. 3 1		TOL & SCHOOLS.
Jr. College 2 year	ч	t	n	.,	1			
University								
4 year	н	t	2	•	- 2	**(P) Secretary serves total	cetary	
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	t	t	1	1	1	department custodial staff is part of tota university	department custodial staff is part of total university	
Family Day Care 1 year	:					·		

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*Full Refers to full-time laboratory staff; Part to part-time staff.

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(P)22 family day care mothers

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Program Directory Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	Other	Level/ Field	Teacher aide. 0-j-t		M.A. Special Education	M.A. (Field not specified)			M.S.W.	
			1		7	2				8
	Home Economics	.A.A .A.A. .A.V. Adv.	X	7 4	3 1					
		Иитрет	1	11	4					16
Preparation by Field (W-19)	Elementary Education	.A.A .A.M .vbA		×	2	5				
ırat		Иитрег		1	2	5				8
Extent of Educational Prepa	Early Childhood Development	.A.A .A.M .AbA .d.n			1 1 1 1	3 10	2(M.S.)	1 4 1 1	2	
Exte	2	Иитрет		H	4	13	2	7	2	62
•	. 1		High School 1 year	High School 2 year	Post-Secondary 2 year	Jr. College 2 year	University * 4 4 year	Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Family Day Care 1 year	Total

B-44 179 *Other staff preparation not specified.

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

					*			
No Training in Early Childhood, al Training Required (W-21)		Child Development Special Workshops	Refresher courses for those who have been out of field	Child Development Observation and Methods	Student teaching at pre- school levels Special workshops	They do not teach this content unless background is early childhood	Child Development	Not needed
With No Special		Yes	Yes	Yes		None		
Childhood Ed. & ice Teaching (W-20)	Part-Time .	0	,				н г	. 2
Staff in Early Chil Preschool Practice	Full-Time	0	13	Ħ	10	•	m 0	1
		High School 1 year	High School 2 year	Post-Secondary 2 year	Jr. College 2 year	University	Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Family Day Care 1 year

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

Staff Level of Experience With Children: (W-22)

Level of Experience

	Title/Role	6 months or less	6 months/ 2 years	3 to 5 years	Over 5 years
High School 1 year	Teacher/Director Teacher aide				
High School 2 year	Teachers			a11	
Post-Secondary 2 year	Training Instructors Lab. Teachers		8	1	11
Jr. College 2 year	Instructors Day Care Staff				a11 2
University 4 year	Head teacher/instructor Instructor Specialist		1 (a)	1 (c)	1 (a) 1 (a) (b)
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Director Lecturer/Supervisors Project Assistant Lab. Center Teachers		·		1 3 2 (d)
Family Day Care 1 year	Director Assistant Director				2

education director, high school cooperative indicates Head Start center

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(a) indicates nursery school(b) indicates day care

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What Kind of Service Training Do You Provide for Your Staff? (W-23)

H to hoo!	None	By Program Sup/ Director	Program Consultants	College Univers. sponsors	Lectures by Specialists	Staff discussion groups	After- hours class	Other
l year	No formal	on-the-job for teacher assistant					000	Occasional workshops conferences
High School 2 year			occasional	regular	occasional	regular	occasicnal	occasional conferences
Post-Secondary 2 year		in-servèce trained all staff initially		·	occasional	regular staff meetings		occasional conferences
Jr. College 2 year						regular staff meeting	bû	conferences rarely
University 4 year	None		٠					
Head Start LDP 6 weeks			regular		regular	regular staff meetings	regular	
Family Day Care 1 year		regular			regular re	regular staff meetings		

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	Administrative Program direction Director	Program Director	Program Staff	Institutional Staff/Consultants
High School 1 year	High School principal	General content areas; amount of participation time.		
High School 2 year		Home ec. coordinator primarily responsible for overall development.	Initially by first teacher in program; each teacher dev- elops specifics.	teacher committee later developed more. 1970 adapted state guide to system use; Univ. Consultant and school system consultant.
Post-Secondary 2 year 4 A		Determined for interns initially; as Dept. Chm. general responsibility.	Courses for interns vary with instructor; U as do activities for schildren in lab center.	
Jr. College 2 year	General occupational orientation; child development; specified for special projects.	Initially hired to expand curriculum and courses.	Individual instruct- ors determine spec- ifics of course.	faculty in various areas.
University 4 year	Some; increasing amount of administrative direction.		mostly	
Head Start LDP 6 weeks		Director & Staff. modify for each session.		Initially profs. in Ed. Dept. condensed regular Sr. College program in early child ed. to short-term course.
Family Day Care 1 year (for students and family day care mothers)	family	Brought together mater- ials; determined class & participation time sequence; had general plan of areas to cover.	Developed most content based on students/mothers' need/problems/ interest.	Consultant-director of Children's School in programming for child in FDC.

	Student Input.	Special Workshops Conferences	Community/ Committee
High School 1 year	in particular areas or problems that would arise	largely influence of participation in 6 wk. institute.	
High School 2 year		teachers; consultant from univ; curriculum guide	
Post-Secondary 2 year		initially from Institute- child care and guidance 1967.	Advisory committee.
Jr. College 2 year		Currently working curriculum related to task requirement, faculty	informal community input thru professional groups, agencies.
University 4 year			No community involvement.
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Student evaluations of program incorporate changes, focus, etc. while participating in session determine topics, visits, etc.		Community committee develops idea, has input.
Family Day Care 1 year			

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	e Other		from Films		[pa] Teacher	workshops		
urces: (0-26)	Articles/Texts Handouts People		Various materials on Input from	child development, school	activities w/children; principal	employment in child	care; used text: The	Mursery School.
in Curriculum What Kind of Sources: (0-26)			Mainly written gnides Var		pants at 6 wk. inst. act	B	high schools in home, car	
In Developing Content in	Existing Programs		~				-	
	! 1	High School	1 year					

acher Various teacher se; workshops; ttion Conferences . co- Child ants;
Initially teacher for 1st course; General direction from Home Ec. coordinator & Child Dev. consultants; Univ. curriculum specialist
Various texts; and teacher prepared materials
Developed general curcurriculum guide at statewide conference; further revised by iocal system to suit 2 year program.

High School

в-50 8**5**

Use many handouts, articles; Various texts according to student reading level	
Based mainly on earlier Work in preparing high school program curric- ulum in other state; Gen- eral guide also from 1967 Institute, Child Care & Suidance: A Post-High School Curriculum.	

Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

	In Developing Content	it in Curriculum What Kind of Sources:	ind of Sources: (0-26)		
	Existing Programs	Curriculum Guides	Articles/Texts Handouts	People	Other
Jr. College 2 year	In early stages looked at other		Teacher prepared materials	Mainly individual faculty; people in	Teacher/faculty workshops
	programs.	•		ing Dept. Director	Advisory group for each curri-
	,			Input from pro- fessional organ- izations, employers	culum area.
University 4 year		Ѕоте	Mainly teacher developed content, materials.		Note: refers to particular course or joint
					course; not total program
Head Start LDP	Accept the second secon		Headstart prepared	Specific content	
O WEEKS	based on University		materials, hand-	based on current	
	child development;		books, articles on poverty, etc.	development, Back-	
	or curriculum action, Ed.	_		childhood Dept.	
,	rsycn.				
Family Day Care	A oreat deal of		Materials mostly in	Consultant from	lse licensine
1006	xist	ฮิบา	nandout form; research	college preschool	standards.
	programs; research & demonstration efforts	, so	articles; magazine articles.	program help with curriculum/activity Community	Community
	in day care/training	72		with children in	agencies for
	programs for infants	•		day care homes.	selected on
				Note to the state of the state	site visits.

Main source has been ideas by program staif & director

	Class Participation Internship/ Independent ation Discussion Observation in child care practice teaching Study Other	
of Time on Various Activities (W-26)	Internship/ practice teachi	
(M-26)	Participation Intermship, in child care practice to	. 209
Activities	Observation	
on Various	Class Discussion	17%
Percentage of Time	Media ectures Presentation	32
Perc	Lectures	102
		High School 1 year

209

5%

17%

3%

10%

(3 qtrs) . %05 (2 qtrs. om rotating basis) 33% (1 qtr. divided into activities as above) 25\$ 17\$ -----25\$ 25% High School 2 year B-52

50% 10% 10% 10% 15% 2% Post-Secondary 2 year.

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Program Directory Data Summary(con;t)

	Independent ng Study Other	20%
	Media Class Participation Internship/ Independe	
(W-26)	Participation Internship/ in child care practice te	20%
Time on Various Activities (W-26)	Observation	10%
e on Various	Class Discussion	30%
Percentage of Tim	Media Presentation	10%
Per	Lectures	20%
	:	Jr. College 2 year

	*			•	
	20%	~		r training	%
	20%	20%		ten teache	7
		70%	•	dual course; Course work specific to preschool/kindergarten teacher training.	30%
	÷02			specific to	
	30,	. %		Course work	. %.
	20%	50% 25%	25%	course;	30%
	30%			* % time devoted within individual **curriculum lab.	7,7
	1 10% 2	3 30% 4	5 75%	* % time devoted **curriculum lab.	30%
UNIVERSITY	4 year *Course 1	Course 3	Course 5	* % time **curric	Head Start LDP 6 weeks

B-53 &&

Family Day Care 1 year			
Day Care Mother	50% (small group	20%	50% (work with
Students	meetings 1/month)	%99	student in nom.

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

What Subject Area Covered in The Curriculum (W-27)

Areas	High School l year	High School 2 year	Post-Secondary 2 year	Jr. College 2 year	University 4 year	Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Family Day Care l year
Child Growth & Development	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Child Management	•	1	•	•	ı	•	•
Guidance & Discipline	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Physical Development	•	•	. •	•	•	•	•
Nutrition	•	•	•	•	*	•	ı
 Health & Safety	•	•	•	•	*	•	•
Learning Theories & Philosophy	•	ı	•	•	*	•	•
Handicapped Children	•	ı	•	ı	*•	•	•
Gifted	ı	1	•	ı	*	•	ı
Cultural Differences	ı	ı	•	ı	*	•	•
Music	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Art	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Science	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Language Arts	•	•	•	•	•		•
Math	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

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•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	ı	•	ı	ı	t	ı
ı	•	•	ı	•	•	ı	ı	1.
Curriculum Planning	Audio-Visual Materials	Child Center Operations	Records & Office Proc.	Food Services	Small Group Dynamics	Parent Counseling	Community Relations	Social Services

*Yes, through other department. **Yes, as needed. The state of the s

Employment Orientation

Basic Education

(W-31) . Specific Curriculum of Early Childhood Model

Which one

Why

Why Not

High School

child care aid trainevery day & in class each day was good. Curriculum dev. 1969 Had helped develop working w/children ing at Iowa State. it & was familiar with it; students at EPDA Irst. on

> High School 2 year

No specific model

We need to dev. special culturmaterials for al groups

Post-Secondary 2 year.

and USOE curriculum model. High School training and Yes, Combination of

We are attempting to dev. our own.

parents. Employment guidance in child Children's relationship with care.

specialist in certain specifics: Need to work W/preschool

- Child language
 Use of teaching machines
 Team concept

reading level Material related to training Materials written for low for day care Proposition of the second seco

B-56

Program Director Data Summary (con!t)

(W-31) Specific Curriculum of Early Childhood Model

Why not

Why

Which one

GAPS IN MATERIALS

(W-30)

智をある。

これでいるというというというないというないないというというないないないのではないないないないないというというないない

こうかんしている このでんし ないれんないけんかいないでんしてあるないないないない

Jr. College 2 year

No - developed our own model

There were no models for AA our program level when packaged started

in a non-disadvantaged setting. Materials for black children

University 4 year

Education model Yes - Teacher

particular .' rather than a ways to teach teachers This can focus on mode1

Parent control of programs.

Sroup program.

Administration of full-day

None

Head Start LDP 6 weeks

lectual, social, child's intel-Best meets . emotional, dévelopment physical Yes, cognitive open structure British Infant developmental Piagetian Schoo1

developed from other existing on family day care, therefore There is very little written reading materials had to be material. A CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY OF

Family Day Care

No specific

model

8-57 92

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	ontent Requirements	б	d Same	Same	d	Ѕа而е	Same	
(W-29)	Course Content	Expand	Expand	Same	Expand	Same	Same	
Last Year	es Scope	Expand	Expand	Expand	Expand	Fewer	Same	
Program Same As Last Year	Number of courses	Sane	Same	Expand	Expand	Fewer	Same	NA
Are Courses Presented In Same Sequence (y-28)			Yes, Varies if group needs it		Students do not always follow the same sequence of courses	Requirements identified; sequence for most courses is flexible and each student	plans his/her cwn schedule	
Are In		No	Yes	Yes	No.	No,	Yes	NA NA
		High School 1 year	High School 2 year	Post-Secondary 2 year	Jr. College 2 year	University 4 year	Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Family Day Care 1 year

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

Have the property of the prope	ក្នុ ស ព		Do You Use Programs In Community For Observation/ Student Participation? (W-35) Yes.
6 weeks Yes. University Campus School Family Day Care 1 year Yes.		Yes. Full-year operation. Yes.	Yes.

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

Same/Different than Last Year (W-16)			Yes				Yes				On campus No, have moved from temp. facil-	ities in elemen-	Atlanta Area Tech.
	Other Office Space						×				o o		
	Other Settings						Varied Settings in Community				Varied Settings In	Community	
m (W-15)	Other Classrooms										Several Voc-		
Cogra	eseqs estil		×								'×		
ng Pr	Classrooms		н	-	-		2				m	ł	1
Training Program	Lib./Resource Center		×	×	×		-				7	1	;
	Facilities Facilities	ı	1	1	×		1 center				2	1	1
11116	(f t c hen		7	×	×						×	1	1
What Facilities for	ortes Jucqoor Play		-	×	×		1 1 each lab.				ł	1	1
	Lab/ Dem.		-	×	×		6	7			7	ł	ł
1		High School 1 year	Present:	Proposed:	Future	High School	Present:	Proposed:	Future:	Post-Secondary 2 year	Present:	Proposed:	Future:

B-60

Educ. Tes. Dept. Yes.	
Educ. Dept.	
18 Participation settings 22 Family Day Care Homes	
3 in Educ. Dept. on College Campus	
* *	
- ×	
* *	
× × 1	
6 weeks Present: Proposed: Future: I year Present: Proposed: Future:	
	2

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Program Directory Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

Different Types of Settings Used for Observation/Participation by Number

	Age of Children, and Services:	Age of Children, and Services: (W-38)	cipation by Number,	ET EMENTA DIV. COUDOT C
	I LAB. CENTER	UAI CAKE CENIEKS (Family Day Care)	NUKSEKI SCHOOLS (Headstart)	
High School	Number of Age of Centers Children		Number of Age of Centers Children	Number of Age of
l year				
, -	Services:	Services:	Services:	Services:
	Educational Program			
High School				
2 year	9 3-5 yrs. (15/1ab)	Varies: I-2yrs. 3-5yrs.		Varies 5-6yrs. Kind./ lst grade
	Services:	Services:	Services:	Services:
	Éducational Program Meal Service Health Service Social Service	Health Service Social Service Family Activity Parent Education		al Program cation
Post-Secondary	1			
2 year	1 I-2 yrs. 3-5 yrs.	20 I-2yrs. 3-5yrs. 6-8yrs.		5 5-6yrs. Kind.
	Sexices	Services:	Services:	Services:
	Educational Program Meal Service Health Service Social Service	Educational Program Meal Service		Educational Program Health Service

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Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

	TRAINING PROGRAM LAB CENTER		DAY CARE CENTERS (Family Day Care)	RS (NURSERY SCHOOLS (Headstart)	ELE	ELEMENTARY S (K-1st_grad	SCHOOLS
	Number of Centers	Age of Children		Age of Children	Number of Age of Centers Children	u	Number of Ag Centers Ch	Age of Children
Jr. College 2 year	m	3-5yrs.						
	Services:		Services:	0,	Services:	Serv	Services:	
	Educational Program							
University 4 year	1	3-5 yrs.	4	3-5 yrs.	5-7 3-5 yrs.	rs. 6-8		Kind. 5 yrs.
	Services:		Services:	S	Services:	Ser	Services:	
	Educational program Parent education	WE STATE	Educational Program Parent Education	ram	Educational Program Parent Education	B &	Educational Program (Kind.)	Program
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	2	3-5 yrs.	9	3-5 yrs.	12 3-5 yrs.			
	Services:		Services:		Services:	Ser	Services:	
•	Educational Program Meal Service Social Serice Family Activities	ш	Educational Program Meal ServiceParent Health ServSocial	Ed. Serv	Ed. ProgramSoc. Service Meal ServFam. Activities. Health ServParent Educ.	- 13		
Family Day Care 1 year	22 I-	I-2 yrs. 3-6 yrs. 6-12 yrs.						
•	Services:		Services:		Services:	Ser	Services:	
	Educational Program Meal Service Health Service	ш						

B-63

28

(0-27)In What Ways Do the Settings Differ?

Does Each Student Observe? Participate? (W-3) In How Many of the Settings

High School

Students do interview with parents and observe siblings. Various short observations done in sunday school, participation in lab center only.

one: participate lab. center only

High School 2 year

day program, or afternoon/evening at the Community School, public schools. First yr. in the lab. center with preobserv. Students make visits to programs like Montessori, Program auspices: participation in Model Cities extended school group, but different groups are brought in for more responsibility in lab. settings.

All types.

Post-Secondary 4 centers for mentally retarded; 2 centers for emotionally vary. Students have 3 qts. internship each in different setting, but 1 quarter spent in the lab. center and 2 disturbed, several (3-4) franchize operations; others qrts. in the community. 2 year

3 different participation settings during 2nd year.

Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

Does Each Student Observe? Participate? (W-3) In How Many of the Settings (0-27) In What Ways Do the Settings Differ

> Jr. College 2 year

Practicum for 1 semester in one of three program day care centers; Students that are working in centers take practicum in their own program settings.

One program demonstration center, 5 days p/wk., 4 hr./day for a semester.

University 4 year

Staffing differences as well as quality of program and supervision observations made in lab. school and other community settings.

Observes in 2, participates in 2

Head Start LDP 6 weeks

B - 65

100

Field visits to Montessori, Lab center focuses public day care or preschool programs. Curriculum varies for settings.

5 different settings: combined observations in community settings w/ on-going student participation assignment.

Family Day Care 1 year

Students observe various programs in community: parent coop, detention facility, College children's school; participate with many family day care mothers in the homes. See different numbers, varied ages . . . rarely school age because work in the mornings. Family Day Care mothers work in own homes — some attend parent coop. center with children.

During 1 month work in 3 hrs./in day care homes: 1 each week for 2 mornings/wk.

	2 110
(0-28)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Outside Settings	 Concern Vacant Comment to
How Do You Identify Outside Settings (0-28)	7 10 0 0000

	How Do You Ident	How Do You Identify Outside Settings.	(0-28)			
	Operate own/ Institutional	General Knowlege of Community	Community Survey	Center Program Contacts Staff	Students Identify	Personal Contact
High School 1 year	Have own facility;				·	with teacher in Kindergarten in placing 2 students
High School 2 year	Have 9 lab. centers: 1/ school				- 3 - 6	Preschool specialist With school system makes outside arrangements
Post-Secondary 2 year	Have own lab center	Program director knows settings		Centers request involvement		
Jr. College 2 year	Have 3 lab. centers used		·		Students working in community train in own center.	ng rain
University 4 year	Have Dept. preschool lab.	know directors in most centers/settings	10	Used to ask them; now we have them contact us if in- terested.	: 2 _ 1	
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Use campus preschoool	Initially professors in planning; now staff knows community.	Ħ			
Family Day Care 1 year	Use day care homes in community	W W W ~ 3	Initially students & staff did sürvey of family day care homes	Some day care mothers call project.	Select cites for 1 time visits/obser.	Program dir. went to local stores, busin. to have them spread word about project. Word of mouth, basically

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	Under What Basis Do You Use	a Program for	Student Participation (0-29)	
•	Program Director/ Teacher Characteristics	Experience for student	Characteristics of children	Supervision
High School 1 year	director cooperative and tried different things	allow students to take responsibility with children and activities.		training director able to observe student and children.
High School 2 year		quality of experience	heavy enrollment so work is needed	quality of super- vision.
Post-Secondary 2 year		teacher/director allows and encourages student to take responsibility. Materials for students to work with; so can have opportunity to learn.	different age levels; type where student will do best; and use best talents.	
Jr. College 2 year				
University 4 year Head Start LDP	will relinquish responsibility to students; cooperating teacher has been in center/setting for 1 semester.	Variety of tasks, activities.	Serving preschool or kindergarden.	provide supervision
6 weeks Family Day Care 1 year	handling children; discipline w/children	experience for student that is meaningful. Supple- ment to work in local center.	age groups other than those working with in local center.	
	look for variety in fdc mother; old-young, ethnic group variation; licensed and unlicensed.	Provide experience in community.		

High School I year High School Z year Program availabil and Location I year From high school From high school may have to be to into consideratio		1 10gram 101 Otaciic 1stricipation:	Elon: (5-22)	
igh School year gh School year year ost-Secondary	lability	Current/Potential Employment Setting	Work/Study/ Student Pay	Other
iigh School 2 year 0st-Secondary 2 year			•	Regular, long-term committment of program.
ost-Secondary 2 year	reasonable distance from high school.		provide work-study pay e.g. EOA, model cities, community school.	
r. College 2 year	o be taken deration; had me locations ents can't	consider this during 8th qtr placement for potential future employment.	during 8th qtr only in this a partial criteria	student interest centers that provide more than just custod- ial care.
University 4 year did not use		students currently employ- ed may take practicum on the job.		;
Head Start LDP increase no 6 weeks	of participation setting tincrease no. students.	to	٠.	

located in general area of college and project storefront.

Family Day Care 1 year

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

What is Program Role in Relation to Outside Participation Settings:(0-30)

	Orientation for cooperating staff	Student Assignment	Specify tasks Activities	On-site Observation/ Evaluation	Other:
High School 1 year		only placed two students in first yr. w/kindergarten for l sem.: not formal part of program.	Do not plan specific activity; want cooperating teacher to know the general kinds of activities student should do.	Would want to evaluate student w/ cooperating teacher; have opportunity to observe student.	
High School 2 year	Initially home ec. coord. makes con- tact w/area super- intendent; further arrangements thru individual princi- pal & teachers.	Home ec. coord. responsible for overall assign- ments; Pre-school specialist makes specific contacts, arrangements with outside settings during 2nd yr.		Cooperating teacher & visits from intern supervisor.	
Post-Secondary 2 year	Visit center talk With director; l meeting about what should be provided for students, goals, etc.	Progr. director responsible; student specifies preferences & settings during 6th qtr; program selects 7th qtr; given alternative to select from in 8th qtr.	Have general outline covering types of tasks experiences stu- dent should have.	Staff member visits student on-site. Evaluation by cooperating teacher, intern supervisor, & student	Concurrent seminar based on student participation in the internship. Arrange for students cubrently employed in centers to take I qtr in lab.center.

Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

(0-30)
Settings
Participation
to Outside
Relation
Role in]
What is Program

		Orientation for	Student Assignment	Specify Tasks/ Activity	On-site Observation/ Evaluation	Other
<u> </u>	Jr. College 2 year		Placement in one of three program lab. centers.	Students employed in child care settings while in training perform regular jobs.	Employed students (Headstart, Model Cities) receive supervision from training staff on-	Employed students have concurrent inservice seminar
Unive 4	University 4 year	Teacher/director informed about what is expected.	Preschool Dept. places students in day care, nur- sery school, etc.; Education Dept. has own placement for public schools.	General outline prepared of tasks & general exper- iences.	Weekly meeting with cooperating teacher, student & training supervisor.	
Head 6	Head Start LDP 6 weeks		Place students in outside settings & campus lab. school.		Periodic observation by staff on site; Conference with student. On site visit to local center for follow-up evaluation	Concurrent daily course- work to supple- ment partici- pation exper- ience
Famí.)	Family Day Care 1 year		Scheduling each student for several homes.	Determined by individual day care mother; students responsible for written log on work & events in the day care home.	No. on-site observation Obtain feedback of student/day care from students mother. Get feedback on students class on issues from day care mothers in problems. formally during monthly meetings.	Obtain feedback from students during weekly class on issues problems.

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	Grade or Evaluate	Yes	Yes (with intern supervisor	Yes	Yes tes in c grading	Yes ates in & grading	Yes	No
c/Employer (W-57)	Report To Training Staff	1 ;	•	Yes	Yes participates conference &	Yes participates in meetings & gradir	Yes	Yes
tting Does The Critic Teacher/Employer	Supervise Student Activity	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
In A Laboratory Settin	Plan Student Activity	Yes	Yes	Yes.	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
		High School 1 year	High School 2 year	Post-Secondary 2 year 9 1	Jr. College 2 year	University 4 year	Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Family Day Care

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

Activities w. children Meals Other Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	als Other	Head Teacher Yes Yes	Training Staff	Independently.	Creative Ass Activities Tea Yes Yes	Assists Teacher Yes Yes	Supervise Groups Yes Yes
Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes .	Yes	Yes	Yes
Yes	×	Yes	1	1	× S S	Yes	Yes
Yes Yes Yes	χ	S)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Yes Yes		!	İ	i i	Yes	Yes	Ye.

	Student Ro Participat	Student Role in Demonstration C Participation in Meeting (40-C)	Student Role in Demonstration Center Participation in Meeting (40-C)	With Demonst. Center Staff Other Than in Assigned Class? (W-41)	What Interaction Planned With Parent: (W-42)
	Staff	Parent	In-Service		
High School 1 year	Required	<u>.</u> ·		No	Daily informal contacts Home visits
High School 2 year	Required	Optional			Daily informal contacts Home visits Parent conferences
Post-Secondary 2 year	Required	Required	Required	No	Daily informal contacts Home visits Parent meetings Parent conferences
Jr. College 2 year			Required	No	Daily informal contacts
University 4 year	Required	Required		Yes, director Yes, teacher	E HE
Head Start LDP 6 Weeks	Required	Required	Required	Yes, Director Yes, Consultant Yes, Cook, maintenance	Each leads a small group discussion Daily informal contacts Home visits
Family Day Care 1 year					Parent meetings Parent conferences
Student:	Required	Required*	Optional	No	Interaction with day care mothers planned, no
Day Care Mother:	Required	Optional	Optional	. Nc	parental contact. Informal with parent.
*Indicates p not parents	Indicates planned interaction with d not parents of children in day care.	action with 1 in day care	*Indicates planned interaction with day care mother, not parents of children in day care.	- 	

Follow-up-Training & Specialization			Ų		90	ξτ	
1	few	папу	many	few	none	many	•
Career Counseling	few	many	many	папу	fev	many	
Community Activities		few	many	many	few	many	ļ
Mix with other Career Levels	fer	few	many	many	few	many	папу
Credit for Work Time	many	nany	few	few	none	many	nany
e-job Internship ing Program	١	many	wany	!	none	many	many
On-the-job Training	many	many	Z few	many	few	many	re
	High School 1 year	High School 2 year	Post-Secondary 2 year	Jr. College 2 year	University 4 year	Head Start LDP 6 wecks	Family Day Care l year

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

How Would You Change The Participation Component to Improve it? (0-31; W-43)

	Facilities	Experience w/ Children	Student Supervision/ Evaluation	Relation to Community Settings	Other:
High School 1 year		Scheduling has worked out fair- ly well, so students perform range of tasks/	More time for teacher/director to spend in student instruction & supervision.	More opportunity needed for students to see different setting, thus widen experience.	More contact with parents
High School 2 year	Would like own child development laboratory	Need more children in lab with different characteristics for students to work with Extend to preparent education for other students, not just occupation—training.	Home econ. program coordin. wants more interaction with lab. teachers, intern supervisors, students.		
			On-site teachers/ supervisors want more time for planning/ conference with students on the job.	, so	
Post-Secondary 2 year	Facility design on one floor w/more ade- quate obser- vation space, outdoor grounds w/separate play areas	Increase lab. center Use of to 100 children (in- of childrent-5yrs.), w/two action groups each of 3 & 4 back anyr. olds to enhance student experience, & permit more students in program. Need to have student/child interaction earlier in program.	Use of T.V. & filming of child-student interaction for student feedback and self-assessment. hild	. I. ii	Realistic hours with night lab. (9:30 p.m.) for student training & use by evening students with children.

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Programi Director Data Summary (con't.)

	Other:	
ove it? (0-31; W-43)	Relation to Community Settings	Need person to coordinate with agencies; arrange participation in community.
How Would You Change The Participation Component to Improve it? (0-31; W-43)	Student Supervision/ Evaluation	,
hange The Partic	Experience w/children	, . , .
How Would You Cl	Facilities	More space to increase no. of children, thus number of students in participation
	Jr. College	2 year

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Considered a strength of the program. Need staff to help build student skill in selfevaluation & team evaluation.

Difficulty in finding enough placements for student teaching.

for what to expect/

provide insight

of teacher role;

to requirements

Earlier exposure

Add training sessions cooperating centers/ orienting to purpose of program, materials, etc.

In some cases establish better rapport with cooperating center/teachers.

Head Start LDP 6 weeks

B-76

Change screening procedures with emphasis on student responsibilities, attendance, completion of assignments.

Basic approach:
Wait for student
to have significant
experience in
settings

Family Day Care 1 year

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

•	What For Y	What are the Entrance Requirements For Your Training Program? (W-50)	Requirements tram? (W-50)		How D. For Ye	How Do You Go About Sele For Your Program?	Selecting Students (W-51)	
'	None	Admission to School/College	Educational Level/Degree	Other	No Selection	Written Application	Interview	Trial period
High School l year			ii.S. junior or senior prefer Sr.	, ,	·	Application indicating interest & class schedule	víti teacher	student may change class- es within two weeks
High School 2 year			a.s. 10th. or 11th. grade		·	General appl. form .	teacher & staff comm- ittee in each	
Post-Secondary 2 year		General admission to school	H.S. Diploma	Interest test given to all stuc ents; refer ed by Guidance		Written form	Interview with program director	Varies

Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

		What are the Ent For Your Trainin	the Entrance Requirements Training Program (W-50)	ents W-50)	H/H	How Do You Go About Selecting Students For Your Program?	it Selecting S	Students
	None	Admission to Educational School/College Level/Degre	Educational Level/Degree	Other	No Selection	Written Application	Interview	Trial period
Jr. College 2 year	None Specifi to the program	None Admission Specific to college; to the Open admiss. program	,		No selection; student self- selection; unless required by employer to	less		
University 4 year	Not for specific training	r Only Univ. ic entrance ng requirements			No selection other than Univ. entrance	aj		
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	None Specific to training program	ic ining m		All employ- ees in Head- start elig- ible.	No selection by training program; done by RIO & Career Devel.	Center Direct. sends form to RTO.	·	
Family Day Care 1 year Day Care Mother None Student	· ler None	Attending college		Sensitivity to other people espec Minority People		review info on people to include wide range of mothers	with program director	

B-78 1:13

	Decision About Which	t Which Selection Criteria:	ia; (0–32)		
	No Control in Selection	Student self- selection/Interest	Student Characteristics	Potential Benefits	Other Factors
High School		Initially students	Prefer seniors who	Wanted students	Course fits into
•		indicate interest.	will need employment; who would find	who would find	schedule and require-
		in course	students who didn't	something of	ments.
			know what they	interest &	
			wanted to do later	importance	
	•		on. Mainly students	to them.	
			interest.		

Capable of learning. Stability: mental & emotional Initially students indicate interest High School 2 year

Attendance record (indicates responsibility)

> Director look for some weight, coordination, speech defects; alert, surface things: overwarm, outgoing. does initial screen-ing on basis of Guidance counselor refers to program. student interest; gives interest & skills test, and Open admission to vocational schoo1 Post-Secondary 2 year

The state of the s

(con't.) Program Director Data Summary

	Other Factors				
	Ot Fa				
!	Potential Benefits				
(0-32)	Student Characteristics				
Decision About Which Selection Criteria:	Student self- selection	Students decide which instruction-	want to enter.		Students decide instructional program they want to enter.
Decision About Whi	No control in selection	Open admission to college	Some refered from special programs: Head- start; Model	Cities	Students meet University req. no requirements for program
	Jr. College	2 year		University 4 year	

Head Start LDP 6 weeks

в-80 **1** 15

Program has no control; RTO selects & refers to program.

opportunity for student career mobility; number of students Center priorities; "who attended before; that session can considered in referral. Benefits to trainee and center are

accommodate.

Family Day Care 1 year

Mainly student & family day care mother interest in program. Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

Other Selection Criteria? Which Factors Restrict the Entrance of "Qualified Students" (W-53) Special Characteristics Looked For in Selection (W-52)of Students

Most Useful and Valid Criteria (0-32)For Student Selection

(W-53)

High School

Likius f people & children.

Students may be restricted because of need to take other required courses.

ones who do best job are interested in children & some experience with other people children

High School

or early childhood educa-Interest in child care tion as a career.

None

Post-Secondary 2 year

children; a keen desire Warm, outgoing, alert; to be significant in Genuine interest in child's life.

on while in training.

attendance records indicate staff relations as well as some responsibility taken no way to tell..consider relate to children. Transportation & income to live

Other Selection Criteria? Which Factors Restrict the Entrance of "Qualified Students" (W-53) Special Characteristics Looked For in Selection of Students (W-52)

Most Useful and Valid Criteria For Student Selection

> Jr. College 2 year

No selection process

None

No selection process University 4 year

None

to decide if they want to continue

in program.

skills and qualitities needed in

teachers role; helps students

a combined approach to facilitate

student understanding of some

No control over selection

Head Start LDP 6 weeks

No control over selection

Family Day Care FDC Mothers 1 year

Students

None in working in the community Attitudes, goals, interest

poor center with paraprofessionals. Have selected on basis of commit-Would also like to include those recently hired who have no trainurgency of the center, e.g. very ment & involvement; Possible to ing, or those on the job over 5 select students, if knew center & priorities; Depends on the years who need training.

Openness & intuitiveness based on knowledge, not chance; Responsibility assumed.

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	Publicity Program Announcements Other	1	1	X - State day care licensing dept. has class schedule in	their newsletter.	1	- X Regional Training officer	(A
	Advertising	ŀ	× .	ı	×	ı	1	ı
	Posters	1	×	ŧ	ı	ı	. 1	1
	Catalog	ı	ı	×	×	×	ı	ı
	trmu [A	ı	×	1	×	×	t	ŧ
(M-48)	Guidance Counselors	×	×	×	×	ı	1	1
jents	Admissions Sificers	ı	ı	×	ı	, ×	ı	×
S Stud	Recruiters	1	×	1	ı	ı	ı	ı
crait Ne	Word of Mouth	×	× 1	×	×	t	ı	×
How To Recruit New Students	Speaking Contact/ Public Personal	X Visit high	rooms X High school assembly	×	×	ı	ι .	×
		High School 1 year	High School 2 year	Post-Secondary 2 year	Jr. College 2 year	University 4 year	Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Family Day Care 1 year

ERIC*

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

(67-M)	Completed Enrolled Course	15 15		09 08			. 110 110	7 6	22 22
t How Many?	Offered Admission	17	ŧ.	06					22
Wer the Year Abou	Well qualified Applicants	00	İ	٠.	No specific required		. 100	Varies	-
uitment Process O	Applications	17		100	Open entrance application	No formal application	sion;	1.	
In Looking At Recruitment Process Over the Year About How Many?	Inquiries	10	Done thru individual school	120	Hundreds	No way of knowing inquiries made thru univ. admiss-	ions, School admission; any staff member	16	68 (identified)
		High School 1 year	High School 2 year	Post-Secondary 2 year	Jr. College 2 year	University 4 year	Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Femily Day Care 1 year Students	Day.Care Nother

Age/Sex	Educational Preparation	Work Experience	Educational Work Employed in Socio-	Socio- Economic	Geographic	Ethnic/ Racial
	llth-12th grade High School	Some rescaurant Noj just work.House- babysitti keeping jobs	Noj just babysitting	Lower- middle	Rural	White

Black
Inner
Low
No
ë
High School 10th-11th. grades
Female: 17 yr.
High School 2 year
B-85

B1.
Metropolitan 95%
50% below \$4000/yr.
about 25%
about 1/2 work regular- ly w/young children
Post-Secondary 2 year 98% Female: High school 17-35 yrs. High school grad. some Jr. College/ College

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Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

Female High School Usually work Yes, Low	Tr. College	Age/Sex	Educational Preparation	Work Experience	Employed in Child Care	Socio- Economic	Geographic	Ethnic/ Racial
Female H.S. Grads Hore volunteer; Almost none All levels; Some college, few have work and the some college, few have work and the some college, few have work and the some college, few have work and the some college; few have work and the some college; few have work and the some college; few have work and the same an	2 year	Female 18-middle age	High School High School grads some college, College grads.	Usually work exp. in anoth- er area/or cur- rent employed in child care area	Yes, majority	Low	Inner city Ghetto	Black
remale: H.S. grad. 2 yrs.with Yes, curren- Poverty preschool tly with level; children; Headstart (or recent) Headstart (or recent) Headstart (or recent) Headstart (or recent) All female: N.A. In family day Currently pro- 17:working care: average vide family class/ 30-39 - 3	<u>University</u> 4 year	Female & male: 18-21 yrs.	H.S. Grads Some college/ Jr. College	More volunteer; few have work experience	Almost none	All levels; mainly upper middle	Mostly state residents	A11
All female: N.A. In family day Currently pro- 17:working 20-29 - 3 20-29 - 3 20-29 - 3 20-29 - 3 30-39 - 7 10 from 0-4 yrs. day care lower middle 10 from 0-6 yrs. day care lower middle 2 very po 3: 10-20 yr	Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Female: 32 yrs.	H.S. grad. but varies	2 yrs.with preschool children; Headstart	Yes, curren- tly with Headstart	Poverty level; (or recent	Three states:)urban & rural	Black Spanish, Indian
2 male Some college; Preschool empl- Not currently 1 affluent 5 female college grads oyment; nurse; 3 working 20-30 - 5 community work- chass 40-50 - 2 er; own children middle	Family Day Care 1 year Day Care*	All female: 20-29 - 3 30-39 - 7 40-49 - 5 50-59 - 5 60-69 - 2	N.A.	In family day care: average 10 from 0-4 yrs. 8: 4-8 yrs 3: 10-20 yrs.	Currently provide family day care	17:working class/ lower midd 2 very pc 3 middle class	Local community le	12 Black 5 Mex.Am. 5 Caucasian
	Students	2 male 5 female 20-30 - 5 40-50 - 2	Some college; college grads	Preschool employment; nurse; community worker; own children	Not currently			2 Blacks 1 Mex.Am. 4 Caucasian

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	What Advantages/Disadvantages to Training Students With These Characteristics? (0-33)	s to Training Students (0-33)	what are Student Strengths/Weaknes	what are Student Strengths/Weaknesses? (0–34a)
	Advantages	Disadvantages	Strengths	Weaknesses
מיים איינה	Proor	Not academic type	Because other	Not too interested in
TOOLSON 1		students; don't like	disinterest in	other aspects of school
4		to read very much, so	other aspects of	
	have opportunity to find out	spend time repeating	school, they dev-	
	what teachers are really like;	content; takes them a	ote much time to	
		bit longer.	the program &	
	Students fun to be with from	•	thinking and plann-	
	teaching perspective, source		ing for children.	
	of satisfaction.			

Have to let students	participate in exper-	iences they have missed	before they can provide	these experiences for	young children.						
Because of voluoer age the	program has dual benefits:	train.ng applicable to them	as potential parents & wage	earners.	Good age to start training in	terms of work life potential;	Will be able to go farther with	training. Working with a group	that may not have had oppor-	tunity, but this program may	provide.
High School	z year						•				

	•		students still have some	h "high school" behavior	left; inattentiveness.	
provide.	Post-Secondary	2 year Helps to have high school	diploma because it indicates	they have potential to finish	something, that they are not	"failures"/drop-outs.

Before entry students have	little opportunity for	recreational or creative	experiences.	General lack of understand	ing of principles of child	care, have been subject to	misinformation.

Variation in academic, reading skills. (Use varied materials, texts to handle this)

(con't.) Program Director Data Summary What Advantages/Disadvantages to Training Students With These Characteristics? (0-33)

Disadvantages

Advantages

Strengths/Weaknesses What Are Student

(0-34a)

Weaknesses

Strengths

Jr. College 2 year

interested in working with Staff enjoys it & results in staying with program. The staff, faculty, and other types of groups. director would not be

Communications skills: formal e.g. writing, reading, etc.

Many lack confidence

University 4 year

to be young & naive about relationships, community families, parent/child College students tend influences, etc.

No particular strengths or weaknesses
 but much variety

Head Start LDP 6 weeks

Many fascinating differences.

Some resist new concepts, because of past way to program expecting the training to be a vaca-Some students come to tion.

doing things.

academic skills and Great diversity in prior experience. anding way of life: Student strength comes from deal-Personal quality mainly poverty. ing with a demof warmth & acceptance.

> Family Day Care 1 year

Need more experience in community; real world experience.

Some lack responsibility styles require structur-Some students' learning work not turned in some ed course..some lack curiosity. cases.

How Are These Considered in the Program? (0-34b)

High School 1 year

Spend additional time covering reading related content.

High School 2 year

may be taught through work in children's literature. Length of program permits time for student to accumulate experiences needed. Program experience oriented, with emphasis on providing college Provide many stimulating experiences through working with children. Academic skills (reading) may be taught through work in children's literature. Length of program permits time for stude accepted credits.

Post-Secondary

Stress individual responsibility; do have attendance requirement, but don't ask for excuses; after six (6) absences student may be dropped from program. Have try-out period for assessing students difficulty. Varied reading materials used depending on academic skills of students.

> B 8 6 Jr. College

2 year

Courses or special projects may extend Have basic courses in academic skills: for review or remedial work specifically in formal communications (writing, reading) Courses for credit to permit further training in outer institutions. Students have option of audit or credit upon completion. length, assignment time.

> University 4 year

Not considered. Students must adjust to program rather than program being adjusted to their needs. Exception: student teaching experience lengthened for those who need additional time/experience.

Head Start LDP 6 weeks

Program based on individual needs, background, skills, interests; Topics and assignments (student project, paper,) determined by students. The degree of depth, academic orientation dependent on Opportunity to be in new environment, exposure to new ideas, varied interaction with people is provided. students level.

Family Day Care

Family Day Care Mother

Student

course developed at f.d.c.m. request, as well as changes in program proposal.

Topics by family day care mothers determined by needs and interests.

l year

Emphasis on student input & initiative in program. Program provides content, experience related to students' need for work in community and practicum in home-based care.

Child development evening

Why Students Drop Out? (W-62)	During initial year, no drop-outs.	Pregnancy; Need more income.	In 1st qtr. just trying out program; 2nd qtr. have observation, find a lot of work; In 3rd qtr. program recommends some leave: lack responsibility (attendance) or motivation, academic or language skills	Economic or family difficulties. Upon completion of segment of interest to student they leave.	Many reasons; Financial reasons is currently a major one.	Illness, or babysitting problems; (usually at the very beginning).
Factors Influencing Enrollment (W-55)	Students enjoy the freedom of the course, and that it is a special program.	Interest in children; Prospect of wage earning.	More jobs available for trained people; Salaries are better: Desire to learn more about children.	Interest in work with children; Upgrading themselves; Some employers require: Model Cities.	Unknown.	Opportunity for career development and awareness of need for training.
	High School 1 year	High School 2 year	Post-Secondary 2 year 6	Jr. College 2 year	<u>University</u> 4 year	Head Start LDP 6 weeks

125

Only 1 student dropped out after 1st semester, due to family illness and need to support family.

Interest in community; Money.

Family Day Care 1 year

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	Tuition	Fees	Books/ Supplies	Board/ Room	Travel/ Transportation	Personal Spending	Other
High School 1 year	None	1	.	!	1	i	1
High School 2 year	None	1		1		1	1
Post-Secondary 2 year	Free	2.00/qtr.	25.00/qtr.	1			I
Jr. College 2 year	Free	\$5-10./ Semester	\$25-50/ Semester	1	1	1	I
University 4 year	\$254.00/sem.: University		ļ.	I	1	1	1
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Waived by University	1	provided by program	provided during 6 wk. sessions on campus.	Depends on individual: location of student, teaching placement; weekend visits home, etc.	n : location , teaching weekend etc.	1
Family Day Care 1 year Family Day Care Mother	Mother			.	\$10/month provided by project to cover transp.	 led by : transp.	
Student		55.00/unit or \$220.00			costs.		

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

What Financial Assistance is Available to Students? (W-64) Scholarships Work/ None Full/Partial Study Loans Grants Employment		Some NYC. funds for interns	Some	Many Many Full-time	al Some Some student Some part-time ps loans	pays ademic 1us \$75/	family duy care mothers \$10./month for participation	Through project. grant: 2.50/hr.
inancial Assistan Scholarships Full/Partial		•	Few partial scholarships		Some Partial scholarships	Headstart pays for all academic expenses plus \$75/	wk and child support	
What F.	High School 1 year None	High School 2 year None	Post-Secondary 2 year	Jr. College 2 year	University 4 year	Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Family Day Care 1 year Family Day Care Mother	Student



Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	Kind of Student Evaluation	valuation Procedures Used:	. Used: (W-56)			
	Written Tests	Performance Tests	Teacher Observation	Teacher daily log	Student self-evaluation	Other
High School 1 year	Yes		. Kes	Yes	Yes	!
High School 2 year	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	l
Post-Secondary 2 year	Yes	Yes	.⊗.	۲ ده	Yes	Yes Agency evaluation
b Jr. College	Yes	Yes	¦	.	1	
University 4 year	Yes	!	Yes	. Yes	Yes	Yes paper, student log,
Head. Start LDP 6 weeks	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Papers; Special project in local center.
Family Day Care 1 year	ļ		Yes	Yes	Yes	Group discussion; student daily log;

	"feacher Supervision/	Evaluation	Emphasis on	Student sclf-
	Ubservation	Tools/Methods	Competancy	evaluation
High School 1 year	More time for teacher to do observation of students.	Need better recording formats; looking for checklists.		More by students.
High School 2 year	On-site teacher wants more time to plan w/student, discuss/feed-back during participation.		Program to evaluate high school student to exempt from post-high school cur- riculum; reduce repetition in area of competencies.	
Post-Secondary 2 year B C D J College	during internship, once/visit by train- ing super. I day observ. & discussion.	Use of T.V. for student feedback	Initial evaluation of competency; some students (from High School or employed) don't need 2 yr. program because of prior courses	yed)
2 year		Use of T.V. for student feedback	and/or experience.	
University 4 year	·	Tools for self-evaluation & goal setting which are self-assessing; better screening procedures/ways for students to decide about teaching. explore early use of simulation; trying things	Develop teacher models based on skills & competancy	Would like students to identify own areas for improvement.

129

No changes: already varied: & complete

in own courses.

Family Day Care 1 year

HeadStart LDP 6 weeks No changes: Use comprehensive form provided by college; individual conferences, group evaluations/discussion.



Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	Number of Students Upon Completion		(W-58)			
	Work in related occupation	Work un-related to training	Education full-time	Education part-time	Marry	Other
High School l year	Yes	Yes	· .	Yes	Yes	1
High School * 2 year	Yes 17%	Yes 19%	Yes 40%		Yes 17%	2% unemployed 5% unknown
Post-Secondary 2 year	100%	l	. † .	1	Yes	Yes open own day care
of Jr. College 2 year	Yes Najority	1	1	· Yes Many		
University 4 year	Yes 75%	1	Yes 25%	Yes 25%		
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Yes 100%			.	ŀ	Ì
Family Day Care 1 year	Yes day care nothers			1	I	
*Based on follow	*Based on follow-up of first 100 students	s, 1967-69.				

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Program Director Data Summary; Written & Oral Combined

Changes in Student Follow-Up After Completion: (0-36)

Kinds of Changes

High School
Required followup done by teacher;

1 year just send out post card on employ-

Would like more than just post-card. Might be a questionnaire covering employment; information 7 value of program in relation to raising children; or care of other children; how it helped in obtaining jobs; what they learned or didn't learn.

Would like to follow-up on preschool children that participated in laboratory center program to see possible benefits; Might contact kindergarten teacher about this, and see if there are difficulties.

Individual teachers required to do yearly follow-up over 5 year period. Usually by phone or mail.

High School

B-96

2 year

Would like to have a coordinator for high school and above to take this over. Would permit more accurate record of graduates, what they are doing and follow-up.

Post-Secondary 2 year

Program director keeps data on jobs, promotions, salaries.

Recently learned that Vocational School job placement office has formal responsibility for follow-up. Dept. Chm./Program Director has just initiated an Alummi Association as an informal effort to maintain contacts and follow-up.

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Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

Changes in Follow-up Activity (C-36)

Kinds of Changes

None

Jr. College Informal

University
4 year None

vone

Head Start LDP Formal. Staff visit to local 6 weeks centers after completion of 6 week session; student presents special project; yearly follow-up training & workshop given on campus for all graduates.

Family Day Care

Family Day Care Mothers None

Perhaps will do something. Family day care mothers from first year program will hopefully take part in the continuing program, participate in development of a day care mothers' organization.

Students None

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

Program Responsibility For Job Placement (W-59)

Nature of Current Placement Activity (W-60)

What Changes in Job Placement Activity Plans for <u>Implementing (0-37)</u>

High School

Informal

Aspist student with writing applications; inquiring in various centers about employment. One member of Adv. Committee offers suggestions.

Do not feel that it is formal respon.
Perhaps increase contacts in areas that have child care programs; Do more calling contacting programs for openings.
Would like better placement outcome for students, since there is much interest.

High School

2 year In

Supervise preparation of resume sheet; Arrange for interview with school system (instructional aides); annual follow-up for 5 years.

Need a placement guide with information students, type of training & eval. of training wash. of training to eval. of training recommendation as to type of job should have. Making a start thru school system personnel with person assigned for employment of paraprofessionals. June grad. have applications, so on file. When new centers open, record of employees available.

Post-Secondary

2 year

Informal in relation to instructional program.

Dept. Chrm/prog. Director
assumes informal respons.
Keeps list of calls from centers of the want to hire; Indirect
placement activity occurs when student placed in last qtr. for internship and are paid by employers. Students are often hired formally as a result.

Just learned that Vocational School job placement office has formal responsibility.

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Program Director Data Summary; (con't.)

What Changes in Job Placement	Activity? Plans For Implementing0-37)
Nature of Current	Placement Activity (W-60)
Program Responsibility	For Job Placement(W-59)

Jr. College 2 year

Informal

Posting notices of jobs & passing on job inform; recommendations to employers.

Since cannot guarantee job to students would prefer to nave person hired and then sent for training; Program emphasis is giving course credit as an outcome rather than job placement.

University 4 year

Informal in reference to instructional staff.

School placement service available. Students seek help from individual staff members. Dept. posts current job information.

Need a national system for job placement in Early childhood education; e.g., one of professional organization might perform (NAEYC; ACE; NEA/NKE) implement.

> Head Start LDP 6 weeks

Informal

Not responsible; Make recommendations and referrals on request.

Refer when opportunity arises; recommendations always available.

Family Day Care 1 year

None specific to project.

Not applicable to project

Not applicable to

project

Most Essential for High Quality Training Program

Other Program Approach/ Philosophy Staff Attitudes/ Characteristics Staff Skills

High School

well-trained teacher or director

previous work in nursery school

> High School 2 year B-100

135

dedicated personnel; highest potential willing to help student achieve

Post-Secondary 2 year

staff; leader-ship for staff well-trained

-support for what you are trying to do -involvement in community -administrative committnent

Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

	,	
	Other	· <u>=</u>
(0-24)	Program Approach/ Philosophy	Training that is directly related to skills/activity to be performed; not entirely academic but include "why" actual practice and participation.
High Quality Training Program (0	Staff Attitudes/ Characteristics	Ability of staff to relate to different types of students/
Most Essential For High Quality T	Staff Skills	good staff in general, both teacher and aides, entire program depends on staff; the staff is the model. qualified staff; w/ practical orientation, understanding of subject matter; knows something about field
		Jr. College 2 year

a systematic	training	teachers			
 Some consideration of qualities or 	competencies teachers	must have and ways to	help them develop	rather than "imitation"	approach

· (autonomy in setting)	program has to be in	uhiversity where you	can function separ-	ately; provide	student different	role/life for a	period of time, e.g.	learning environment	
						•	•		
Head Start LDP				•					

Ongoing supervision and feedback to prevent and remove distortions

Family Day Care 1 year

B-101

University 4 year

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

(W-65)	
to Expectations	
n Relation	
Characteristics i	
Program	
Rating of	

TOTAL								
, 8	Quality of Learning Experience	4	4	4	m	m	4	٠,
MES	Meeting Student Needs	4	4	m	4	7	4	4
OUTCOMES	Job Placement of Students	Ħ	4	5	e	1	4	ı
RAPPORT	Student/Student Admin/Faculty/ student	5 4	4 5	3 4	2 4	7	7	7 7
STUDENTS	Entering Student Performance	7	4 5	3 4	e E	3 4	7	7
	Consultant	 	4	٧.	m	ı	4	Ŋ
F	Part-Time	ო	1	m	m	4	4	'n
STAFF	Full-Time	1	4	4	4	4	4	'n
FACILTIES	Facilities	,	4	2	г	e	4	ю
•		High School 1 year	High School 2 year	Post-Secondary	Jr. College 2 year	University 4 year	Head Start LDP 6 wees	Family Day Care 1 year
			B-102					
			137					

(0-38)How Would You Compared Your Program And Approach to Other Programs That You Are Familiar With?(W-32)

ОТНЕК	Not too familiar with other programs, probably good
WEAKNESS	A lot of the teachers' time was spent on this one program.
STRENGTHS	Class schedule allowed for coordination each dayintegration of class time w/practicum. Students more aware of child development & how to deal with problems related to children.
•	High School 1 year

High School 2 year

More opportunity to work w/children.
More action oriented. More opportunity for on-the-job trng. have extensive lab. and participation for students;
Other programs do not. Program more complicated; longer in duration: both hours/day and months/yr.

Lack of conference time w/on-the-job

training supervisors.

Internship on job, Real live day care Facility very make-shift, model. other programs in state are using is weakest point.

Post-Secondary 2 year them as model for Voc-Tech.

Haven't had time to see other programs in operation; and very little written

Curriculum

в-103 138

Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

How Would You Compare Your Program and Approach to Other Programs That You Are Familiar With?

Weakness

Strengths

Other

Jr. College 2 year

Stronger on professional Semphasis & practitioner dorientation

Students need more opportunity for direct participation.

University 4 year

Student teaching experience is strength; provides individualized approach; Supervision. 8 wks. I too short. Strength: use of student self-evaluation, t Use of practicum.

Don't have approach agreed upon, Dept.
has shifted from one extreme to another in
staff background, from preschool to research.
Don't identify goals for students; don't
know or agree on outcomes; guidance limited
to individual point of view; Focus on programs
for middle class children, not enough on
other groups.
General lack of direction & coordinating own
resources; Don't know jobs we are educating for.

Most skillful & humane Difficult to interpret to students and parents.

Unique--there are other ways of training

Family Day Care 1 year

Experimental project; doesn't apply really.

Head Start LDP

6 weeks

	Other						
	Laboratory Demonostration Facilities						
(0-39)	Program Operations Length				9		
(W-33)		ent ⁱ of	parent.	t visit	urse. Mor	taining	
anges in Total Training Program? (W-33) (0-39)	Curriculum	More involvement of	student with parent.	Student/parent visit	earlier in course. More	emphasis on obtaining	job is needed.
Changes in Tota	Staff						
What Ch	Program Components						
		High School					

More staff time for working with students. More con- ference time for students with on- the-job supervision. A paraprofessional in the lab, so that a teacher could spend more time observing and evaluating stud-	ents.
High School 2 year	

More financial support for paying students during participation.

	Nightime increase to lab. center 100 children. for students.	
	and Curriculum. program planning; working together, because work w/many disadvantaged students. preschool; earlier	*STAGETT DATITIONS:
Post-Secondary	<pre>6 year expand in several ways</pre>	

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Program Director Data Summary (con't.)

What Changes in Total Training Program? (W-33) (0-39)

Other Demonstration Facilities Laboratory **Operations** Program Length Curriculum Staff Components Program Jr. College 2 year

er education models rathprefer to focus on teachtraining models; on spec-[culum; test out teacher er than childrens currifying skills and competencies, then develop units to teach this. research, test based; student negotiation; one based on models; one competency develop 2 out.

University 4 year

outcome for procedures, teacher: learn methods for to assess screening: children's students. needs; rather than applying program taught in college.

Head Start LDP 6 weeks

B-106 141 more staff
for visits
off campus;
would require
more money
then.

More time nec.
to implement
philosophy,
The "How/Why"
at least 8 wks.
on campus, more
visiting program
followup.

Family Day Care

more courses for FDC mothers as they have requested

will expand More questioning day care homes & a deeper invesand the number tigation of issues of students.

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Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

How Would You Go About Planning National Day Care Training Program: (0-42)

Resources for Planning & Development:

Guidelines			Need more guides for actual development of training programs.	Need handbooks: Step-by-step procedure depending on the kind of day care programs.	
Expertise			Gather many ideas; evaluate feasibility according to set of criteria;	Draw on experience of Headstart; Draw on the professional expertise & guidelines available.	
Standards	Educational requirements should be part of licensing. This would stimulate people to get training.	Type of training, etc. will depend on whether you want competancy vs. rapid expansion.	Some Federal agency must be involved in developing standards for the kind of training.	Start with idea of what you want at a professional level; Set-up guide-lines for positions;	
;	High School 1 year	High School 2 year	Post-Secondary 2 year 1 H	O Jr. College 2 year	University 4 year

Initial experience in Head Start should be considered.

Family Day Care 1 year

Head Start LDP 6 weeks

ERIC

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

How Would You Go About Planning National Day Care Training Programs

ning Programs (0-42)

Training Program Curriculum/Content:

High School

High School At 2 year 11

At adult level could provide 60 hrs. short-term and have rapid day care expansion; if competancy is concern then train at high school level in 2 yr. prog. Especially disadvantaged who need time for the experience.

Post-Secondary
2 year

Will need some kind of formal training; not just in-service.

Solution of the second of the

basically the same, but varied according to prior experience, competancy; use of team training concept; not vary too much on the type of day care program; directors, teachers, aides training would be Integrate work with children with intensive training/classroom work; very basic would be attitudes/orientation to early childhood and child development. Training Program content would For trainers provide 6 weeks intensive training; they would provide basic training to others. do need to consider programs for school age.

University

4 year

Apprenticeship type programs linked with technical schools; college programs directed toward trainers/educational coordinators.

Head Start LDP 6 weeks

Training of the Leadership Development type model extended to other groups.

Family Day Care 1 year

College level trainers/educators should have updating experience/field work in community. Perhaps every 3 years take 3 months actually working in child care or community. Weed to consider the type of programs suitable for different communities, that problems vary according to region, location. Family day care as a delivery system should not he ignored in developing training.

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

	How Would You Go About	Go About Planning National Day Care Training Program:	rogram: (0-42)
,		Role	Settings
High School 1 year		Would need administrators, teachers, aides.	High School or post-secondary good time.
High School 2 year	Begin with younger students who can start out at own level of competancy, don't have to repeat, duplicate.	Implies entry level, so can either go on for further training, or begin job; Training staff would rely on paraprofessionals in lab. settings to supervise children; Teachers would do student instruct/supervision.	High school level.
Post-Secondary 2 year	-		1
Jr. College 2 year 60	Depends on community, but select those who most closely meet criteria. Train those with most experience first: current nursery/other school teacher, directors; those with 4 yr. degree.	Those with most experience become trainers for other positions. Draw on staff of Jr. and 4 yr.	Draw on jr. & 4 yr. college; essential to coordinate courses so don't duplicate.
University 4 year	-	Directors & Educational coordinators; other staff.	College programs for directors/ educational coordinators; others through apprenticeship attached to technical colleges.
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	In addition to those already employed in child care, Headstart, include more teachers, and those just hired/not employed.		In many universities, with "good" early childhood depts.
Family Day Care 1 year	Use trainers/ educators currently working in college programs; could also use family day care mothers.	Family day care mothers as trainers.	Start developing training at colleges that have career oriented courses.

Program Director Data Summary: Written & Oral Combined

Pitfalls	
	(0-42p)
Viding T	to Avoid?
lanning/Pr	d You Wish
In P	Would

What Other Issues to Consider? (0-43)

High School 1 year

Equating the length of training with or the number of hours with quality training.

High School 2 year

Main problem would be to provide sufficient staff as trainers.

> Post-Secondary 2 year

center under auspices of training program; allows

the needed control to provide experience for

students.

Mistake not to have a laboratory/demonstration

College 2 year

Not to draw on professional expertise should be

avoided. Avoid political influence. Need to consider 'what is the purpose of day care.'

University 4 year

Training by courses. Limiting training for all staff to Universities. Lack of continuous onstaff to Universities. Lack of continuous on-the-job training for all employees all the time.

Head Start LDP 6 weeks

Process of student selection, need to consider the criteria and who selects.

Family Day Care

1 year

Would not train in college or university; Need more contact with community; Head Start taught a lot: cannot train one person to be all things, and in two weeks.

care; others say'stimulating experience'; No consensus: Some think it is custodial Real issue: "What is good day care?" others say "structured instructional program for children."

training & services will depend on the source of funds. Problem of providing What will be done and how in providing care for school age and establishing coordination.

about/to see various early childhood model. With fanatic committment to diverse models, training becomes fragmented, discontinuous Student should have opportunity to know type of in-service training.

APPENDIX C: STUDENT INTERVIEW DATA SUMMARY

A summary of students' responses to interview questions are presented in the following table.

Responses are summarized according to program types. For the Family Day Care Program, the responses of the family day care mother and the student are given separately. The responses of the three student/staff members interviewed in Head Start Program are combined in the summary. No student information was gathered from the two-year high school program.

In summarizing the data obtained from transcription, every attempt was made to retain the intent and content of the response although it was not always possible to retain the exact wording used by the respondent.



High School: 1 year 1 year 2 Year 1. College: 2 Year 1. College: 2 Year 4 Year Head Start Leadership Development Program 6-8 weeks *** Family Day Care; **** 1 Year Student Day care Mother *** Aide Assistant public scl school/public school public scl school public scl school public scl school sch	What kind of job or specific field are you training for? (1)	Teld are		training for? (2)
High School: 1 year school/public school 2 Year 3. University: 4 Year Head Start Leadership Bevelopment Program 6-8 weeks *** I Year Student Day care Mother *** *** *** *** ** *** *** *	Assistant	Teacher	Other	
Post-Secondary 2 Year 3r. College: 2 Year 4 Year Head Start Leadership Bevelopment Program 6-8 weeks *** 1 Staff Tamily Day Care; **** 1 Year Student Day care Mother **** Family Day Care; **** 1 Year Student Day care Mother	ry ublic		babysitting	Same type or don't work in area just trying out or generally interested.
Jr. College: 2 Year 2 Year 4 Year Head Start Leadership Bevelopment Program 6-8 weeks *** 1 Year Student Day care Mother ***********************************	public school	private day care center		Same types of jobs; Some specialize with mentally retarded/ learning disability.
Head Start Leadership Bevelopment Program 6-8 weeks *** Family Day Care; **** 1 Year Student Day care Mother		Head Start Private day care	Head teacher/ supervision	Various job levels/ settings; Night students generally employed in child care/ preschool/ other jobs.
ad Staff		Preschool/ Kindegarten in public school	01	Teachers Preschool/ Kindergarten teachers.
	Head Start 1 staff	Head Start 2 staff	·	Jobs ranging from aide-director; 90% are teacher related; 10% cook, social worker, etc.
		preschool preschool		preschool/older levels preschool/older levels
	* * *	Currently family day *** Interview with former trainees currently part of training progstaff: at time of training were employed in Head Start	Currently operating family day care home former trainees **** of training program of training were	Currently operating All family day care operators. family day care home trainees **** Interviews were conducted ining program with family day care mother ining were and with student assistant.

	How did you find out about program? (3)	Did you know of other programs like this (4)	Why did you decide to start this program? (5)
High School: 1 Year	Program director recruiting in high school classes	NO	Like children, and thought the course would be more beneficial than others; Could go to work, otherwise would have to go to continue at another school.
Post-Secondary: 2 Year	Coworker mentioned; requested information	No	Liked children; disatisfied with current job; had GI benefits, so wouldn't have to work.
Jr. College: 2 Year	Summer job with Head Start	ON.	During vacation from regular job; Enjoyed Head Start summer work (1965); Wanted to work with children professionally so needed to go back to school.
University 4 Year	Program advisor in university	No	Changed from elementary education because wanted to work with younger children; didn't know what else to do.
Head Start LDP 6-8 weeks	Regional training officer contacts director	Yes, other LDP in other region	Decision made by local center director whether staff needs training; then asks if person wants to go.
Family Day Care 1 Year Day Care Mother:	ily Day Care 1 Year Day Care Mother: Friend in neighborhood Staff contacted	No	Would be interesting
Student	Program director in other course; asked other students.	Not same kind, but Jr. College training	Liked staff members; interested in program.

C-3

		•	
	How long were you/ have you been in program? (6)	Have/do students leave the program? Why? (7) (See Director Written #62)	
High School 1 year	Completed 1 Yr. 9/70-6/71	No. All stayed. Trial period for 2 weeks for student to change.	
Post-Secondary 2 year	2 yrs; end of final quarter	Yes. Two-three left before second year. Uncomfortable with children; Have baby	
Jr. College 2 year	Completed 2 yr. program going part-time at night; 4 yrs. for completion 9/65-6/69	No data	•
University 4 year	Completed; transferred into program in Jr. year 2 yrs. specifically in preschool/child devel.	Yes. Not really what want to do; Frustrated with teachers, courses; Found out about bad pay, or limited in what you can do.	
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Completed 6 weeks on campus	No. Not during training session	
Family Day Care 1 year			
Day Care Mother	Started meeting in December-June Others started October 1970	No data	
Student	Entered January 1971-June 1971 will continue in Fall 1971- Other students begin Fall 1970 finish June 1971.	Yes. One to take good job.	

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	At what educuational le did you enter program?	level n? (8)	At what educational level do other students enter? (9)	evel do <u>other</u>	
		1	·		
	High School	College	High School	College	Other
High School 1 year	Beginning of Senior year.	,	Beginning Jr. or Senior; mostly Jr. Recent H.S. grad.		
Post-Secondary 2 year	<pre>H. S. Grad; Secr training in WACs out of school 5 years.</pre>				
Jr. College 2 year	Grad & Secre- tarial training	Completed Bible College; out of school 13 years.	H. S. Grad.	-	Varies; some have not fin- ished H.S.; get GED
University 4 year	H. S. Grad	Transfer from other school; entered Jr. yr.		Varies; some transfer in Jr. yr; others begin as freshman	
Head Start LDP 6 weeks		Grad. Elem Ed.			Varies: all levels; some with grad.
Family Day Care 1 year					
Day Care Mother					
Student		Transfer from other school; mid-year junior		All have at at least 2 yrs. college; 3 grad. students next yr.	

	-							
Any particular age/or special groups? (15b)		Mainly 2-5 year olds; no groups experience	No	Preschool, group setting disadvantaged	No	Varied Ages	Mainly preschool	Infants; preschool & 5-8 yrs. ol c
experience with children?	Other		Oldest child: Took care of siblings while mother worked; Own family;			Own family		Practicum for I other courses: & Children's School Well-Baby Clinic
Before entry into program, what kind of experience with childre (15a)	Job related	Occasional babysitting	no formal experience	Headstart during summer as aide (1965)	Occasional babysitting	All participants employed in H.Start * elementary ed. * 4-H school age * Church center for preschool children.	20 years family day care mother	Frequent babysitting Practicum for Taught swimming other courses to children who Children's Scl were afraid of water Well-Baby Cli
Work experience before entering program (33)		Dishwashing in nursing home; selling snacks in theater; babysitting	After H.S. took 2 yrs. in Women's Army Corp; Trained as secretary, Worked in Post Office 3 yr.	Secretary in Insurance office 13 years.	Secretary in University 6 years; full-time summer; part-time during school.	Agriculture Extension: 4-H 17 years in Church sponsored day care center.	20 years in family day care.	Teaching swimming; babysitting
	•	High School 1 year	Post-Secondary 2 year	Jr. College 2 year	University 4 year	6 Weeks	Family Day Care 1 year Day Care Mother	Student
			,	c-6 1.51		_		

STUDENT INTERVIEW SUMMARY

experience (16)	Other		Some have child development course in high school	Many have own families.		Many have own families	Many have own families	All have had pract- icums working with pre- school children at the college.
Other students: What kind of experience with children before entry? (16)	Job Related	Some occasional babysitting	Some have Head Start work in preschool; Most day students have no prior experience.	Some with Head Start experience others continue employment preschool settings and take classes.	Most have no prior experience.	Currently employed in Head Start centers prior exper- ience varies.	All currently providing family day care services.	Varies: Head Start preschool.
Other students: Before entry. What kind of work experience? (34)		Odd jobs; waitressing, babysitting	In night program many employed currently in preschool nursery/day care.	Some employed in Model City Day care; Head Start; preschool; Varies	Varies: office work; waitress; 90% work in University office jobs.	Varies: All participants in train- ing sessions currently employed in local Head Start	Provide family day care.	Head Start; Job Corps; others odd jobs.
		High School 1 year	Post-Secondary 2 year	Jr. College 2 year	University 4 year Head Start Inp	6 weeks Family Day Care 1 year	Day care Mother	Student

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(11)	Materials Transportation	provided not necessary	none public transportation	none	ne During student teaching 8 weeks	provided Public trans. to participation setting paid out of stipend. Weekend commuting to	local community.	<pre>Instructor Minimal cost: homes most within walking distance</pre>
for?	Ma			Le T	00/ none er.			
you pay	Books	provided	minimal	\$2	semester.	provided		Minimal; provides
How much do you pay for?	Tuition	none	\$21/ qtr.	\$5/8 cred. 'hrs. \$10/more than 8 credit hours.	\$250/semester 50-100/ semester	Tuition waived		\$50/unit/ semester course is 3
What does/did it cost	you to participate in the program? (10)	No cost	\$21.00/quarter tuition	Minimal; part of college tuition	Nothing specific Part of college tuition Indirect cost; if have to quit job during 8 wk. student teaching	Nothing; Stipend provided; Indirect cost due to 6 wk. salary loss.	No cost	Nothing specific; part of college tuition
		High School: 1 Year	Post-Secondary 2 Year	Jr. College 2 year	University: 4 year	Head Start LDP 6-8 weeks	Family Day Care Day Care Hother	Student

	Difficulty finding money for these expenses? (12)	Is financial aid available to people in the program (13)	Do you receive salary for work (participation) in program (14)
High School 1 year	Not applicable	No	No
Post Secondary 2 year	No. Initially worked then had GI Bill.	Yes. Work-study; GI Bill.	Community centers pay only during last quarter during internship; aide salary: \$3.70/hr. Employed students receive salary from center during time in lab. center.
Jr. College 2 year	No. Worked full-time during day.	Yes. Loan, Scholarships through Headstart; State scholarships. Not directly from program.	Students doing participation in center where employed receive salaryothers none.
University 4 year	No. worked half-time during school	Yes. Loans through University or Home Econ.; Not for Preschool directly.	No
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	No. \$75/week stipend + \$15/child	Yes. Stipend from HSLDP	Yes. Stipend for participation during 6 weeks program.
Family Day Care			
Day Care Mother	Not applicable	Not applicable	Yes. \$10.00/month.
Student	No	Yes. Through college but not specifically through project.	Yes

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STUDENT INTERVIEW SUMMARY

During training program; other students work? (37)	No	Yes, some on work study after school; night program employed in various fields full-time/ part time.
During training program do/did you work? (35)	No	Yes, first 6 months worked in post office at night.
	High School l year	Post-Secondary 2 year

Yes, Full-time in insurance office (3 yrs) 1 yr. in day	care center. school at night.	Yes. Sec. in Univ. Dept. ½ tim When student teaching worked
Jr. College 2 year		University 4 year
	*****	c-10 155

Night program students employed in various areas; some full-time/part-time dont know about day students.

Most work in Univ.

Yes. Sec. in Univ. Dept. $\frac{1}{2}$ time When student teaching worked 5-9 pm.	No. Not during 6 week training session; all employed in Head
4 year	Head Start LDP 6 weeks

No. Released from jobs during training; all employed in Head Start.

Start centers.	υ	ı
	Family Day Care	1 year

Providing day care in home	Some babysitting
Day Care Mother	Student

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	Course work: Describe your class schedule (17) Child Care Training Other Courselated:	your class Other Course Work:	Other students have the same kind of schedules? If not, How did they difficuld Care Training Other Correlated:	How did they differ? (18) Other Course Work
High School 1 year	Child Care Training 3 hours/day: 5 days a week. 1 hour each of class; working with children; pre-	lst English; Social Studies, office practice; 2nd office Machines Family living, Foods.	Same 3 hrs/day.	Took courses in high school curriculum.
Post-Secondary 2 year	<pre>lst year; mostly class work/observation/ participate in lab center; 2nd year; 3 qtrs. practicum in agency/lab center.</pre>		Generally the same 2 groups of 18 students.	
2 year	Initially general education: and child development require- ments. 6-10 credit hrs. at night/semester l semester practicum in center/6 credit hrs	Concurrent courses in other depts.	Students schedules vary - some courses and practicum. If not working in a pre- school setting spend less time with children.	
University 4 year	Initially general University requirements. Last 2 yrs. more child development & methods. Complete program with 1 semester student teaching.	Concurrent course; work in other depts. Most courses not child development related: Family econ; Family relations.	Schedule varies; take required courses when want to, or available.	Take course work in other depts. concurrently.

Course work: Describe your class Other students have the same kind of schedule (17)	Child Care Training Other Course Work: Child Care Training Other Course Work related:	For 6 weeks - ½ day in participation in center; afternoon have related classes. All trainees have some basic activities & content go through 6 weeks as a group.	<u>are</u>	Mother 2 days month. 1 day with student-1 day with student-1 day meet at same time at small group of family day care mothers. 8 had special course in child development at night.	Monday-work in home other courses conwith family day care currently: Infantweeks in homes, 1 concurrently. mother: each student mother relationship; week for field has 3 homes. Wed. work in children's relieve mother and school; well-baby work on own in a.m. clinic; research
		Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Family Day Care 1 year	Day Care Mother	Student

	Time spent doing the following things?	ollowing things? (19)			
	Classroom Instruction by teacher	Observation of children	Participation in child care setting	Independent study	Other/Special activities (Combined 19 & 22)
High School 1 year	1 hr. day/ five days/ wk. for the school year.	Incorporated into participation time at the center.	<pre>1 hr. day or maybe two hrs/day: five days/wk for entire school year.</pre>	Usually 1 hr. of preparation time some use of resource library; some homework.	Two visits to urban center to observe nursery schools and children. Homevisit (1)
Post-Secondary 2 year	Varied	Varied during lst. yr. classes would have observation times.	2nd year total part- icipation: lst. yr. last six weeks in lab center.		Some field trips with children, Visits to other settings for
Jr. College 2 year	Unless working in Headstart, Model cit- ies, etc. spend most time in class/dis- cussion seminar.	l semester course	l semester practicum: 5 days wk/4 hr/day.		
University 4 year	Most of time 90 % Other about 10 %	l semester course	l semester; 8 wks. each. 1 in public school 1 in nursery school	Special problems course: Student selects area related to children and works in community. Worked on committee to design children's park.	ed orks ced ssign

STUDENT INTERVIEW SUMMARY

	Community Day Care/ Nursery School	Two visits to urban nursery schools	Participation Model Cities Day Care Mobile van, 3 months.	Other students part- icipation done in place of employment.	Other students do student teaching in Montessori, Hospital play room; Univ. housing preschool; franchised center.
ticipate? (23)	elementary school	Two students did part- icipation in kinder- garten during second sem.	Participation: Kinder- garten 3 months.		8 weeks student teaching in kindergarten
Where did you observe or participate?	Training laboratory program center	Continuous during yr in center under auspices of program	l quarter in 2nd year. 1st yr: 6 wks, and frequent observations related to course work: Visit to MR center: hospital day care	center. employed as aide in lab center during practicum.	Observation 1 morning wk. University preschool center Student teaching 8 wk.
		High School 1 year	Post-Secondary 2 year	Jr. College	University 4 year

Campus lab school Head Start LDP 6 weeks

In community Head Start;

Family Day Care 1 year Day Care Mother

Student

Some go to center 2 days/ week with children from family day care home.

One time visits to community centers. Weekly participation in family day care homes.

um. do the cotting or eitherions for observation or participation differ? (24)	Full-day Other s operation vs. part-day	ers work 2 hr. day facilities: with children both houses in lab.	ies: Model cities: 6 hr Model cities: in day. Kindergarten mobile unit; olds full-day, 2 groups Kindergarten ½ day each. regular class room. r olds i yrs	-5 in Day students part- Team teaching for icipate ½ day; others 2-3 yr. olds. work full time if employed.	5-6 yr. ½ day in lab school, Content and activations full day kindergarten. ities differ by age level: 4 yr. in pre- Facilities differ in pre- Facilities differ in public school ws. nursery school.
rvation or participation o	Full-day operation vs. part-day		vs		
eitwations for observatio	Age of special characteristics of children	Both were centers for 3-5 years.	Observe all ages: lst yr. 6 weeks in lab with 3 yr. olds 2nd year: Model City. 4 yr olds Kindergarten. 5 yrs Lab Center infants	Range of age 2-5 in different groups.	Kindergarten: 5-6 yr. More children-2 groups of 25. Lab school: 4 yr. Fewer children in pre- school (18) 30% had some special problems.
Une do the cottinge of	Staff	Two centers in urban area: one had college students training other had older women.	More staff in Model Cities. Only one teacher in kindergarten	·	Lab preschool: More staff and specialists (Teacher assistant student; Kindergarten: only teacher/student
		High School 1 year	Post-Secondary 2 year	Jr. College 2 year	University 4 year

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STUDENT INTERVIEW SUMMARY

iffer? (24)	Other
r participation o	Full-day operation vs. part-day
How do the settings or situations for observation or participation differ? (24)	Age of special characteristics of children
How do the settings or	Staff

Participated one	setting: Some team	teaching; use of	paraprofessional	teacher handling	of children;
Head Start LDP 6 weeks					

1:	some	some	boys
reschool	varies;	graded;	s all
A11 p1	Age va	age gı	classes

Care		
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Student	

Range of activities performed by family day care mother. Licensed and un-licensed homes.
--

work ½ day in a home.

Age range in different homes; some emotionally disturbed, handicapped; infants and preschool

STUDENT INTERVIEW SUMMARY

TING: (25)	Maintenance Task	Preparation of m
TASKS/RESPONSIBILITIES DURING YOUR PARTICIPATION IN CHILD CARE SETTING: (25)	Activity with Children	Supervise play; present educational activity
TASKS/RESPONSIBILITIES DURING	Planning	with teacher: Daily program play activities
		High School 1 year

T year	With reacher: Daily program play activities & educational activity:	Supervise play; present educational activity	Preparation of materials, visual aides.
			Clerical: review papers, typing.
			Record keeping: Observation of children, recording.
			Food preparation: rotating assignment weekly.
Post-Secondary 2 year	In Kindergarten: teacher did most of day/week planning	Supervise creative play;	In Model city program:
	with suggestions for specifics from student: educational activity & creative play.	Present lessons and creative activities.	
Jr. College 2 years	Plan daily activity and units under director supervision.	Wide range of creative activity and lession with children: music, stories.	Prepare resource file, materials.
			Prepare lesson and unit plans.

Wide range of activity with children: lessons, creative activity. Presentation and supervision. Weekly program plan with teacher and daily discussion of activities, lessons. University 4 year

Prepare weekly lesson plans;

Assigned observations.

Prepare materials & set-up Notes to parents, parent conferences. A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR

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	TASK/RESPONSIBILITY DURING PAR	TASK/RESPONSIBILITY DURING PARTICIPATION IN CHILD CARE SETTING: (25)	(25)
	Planning	Activity with Children	Maintenance Tasks
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Full responsibility for weekly planning of program.	Present creative activity and educational tasks.	Do medical check on children Set-up material/activity.
		Supervise activity, play	Supervision of meals.
Family Day Care 1 year			
Day Care Mother	Little formal planning other than general schedule for meals, naps, time for play.	As provider of day care supervise full range of activity with children.	Some mothers do elaborate meal planning and preparation.
		Occasional trips & errands in community.	
Student	No formal planning for tasks in day care homes.	Generally assist family day care mothers in all types of tasks involving children;	Food preparation and supervision of meals.
		Activity unstructured.	Recording events of participation in daily log.

Creative activity and educationally-oriented activity as occasion arises.

Indoor play; outdoor play, and walks in neighborhood.

Bathing & dressing children.

STUDENT INTERVIEW SUMMARY

How activity changes in different settings: (26)

How activity changed in particular setting: (27)

High School

Partici

Participate in one setting only.

Post-Secondary 2 year

In Model Cities worked with children 4 yrs. alone for one hour 7-8:00 responsibility oreater in kinder-

responsibility greater in kinder-garten because less staff - kinder-garten teacher did planning; no meals

in kindergarten.

In kindergarten left alone with children.

Jr. College 2 year

Only participate in one setting.

Employed during practicum as aide. Worked as teacher with 4-5 year olds. Responsible for children and student teachers; did more student observation, let student plan, discussion with student.

University 4 year

In kindergarten increase responsibility over the week, then take over.

school teacher always there; more structure activity and lessons.

Student works in one setting.

sometimes alone with children; in lab

More responsibility in kindergarten;

Gradually take over more activity after 1st. week.

Family Day Care

Head Start LDP

6 weeks

Day Care Mother

Student

Yes, somewhat depends on Day Care home; some mothers have more structural activity. Some don't cook meals, but children bring lunch; some homes student works with emotionally disturbed; in some homes interact more with day care mother.

DURING PARTICIPATION HOW MUCH TIME DO YOU SPEND WITH: (28)

,	Busine Plantin	December Principles for finding time to the principles of the prin	1111: (20) 110-3 Marchen (Marchen	
	riogram Director	rearning Supervisor	nead leacher/leacher	Orner
High School 1 year	2 hrs/day in lab. center under her supervision	same as prog. director	same as program director	students working in lab. during a.m. are supervised by assistant teacher.
Post-Secondary 2 years		periodic observation evaluation by visit-	Kindergarden daily with l cooperating teacher.	
		ting supervisor on training program staff when working in community programs.	In lab. center: mostly with Infant section. Head teacher.	
			In model city: all time with head teacher, and teacher.	also with assistant teacher
Jr. College 2 year	Most time under supervision of director of lab.	Periodic observation and discussion with training supervisor	may be working with a head teacher in some cases.	Once week meeting and discussion with training staff/practice
	program.	& director		teachers.
University 4 year		Periodic observation by training supervisor.	Kindergarten teacher daily discussion and classroom supervision.	
			In lab. center supervision and discussion daily with head teacher.	Most time in lab. center with assist. teacher.
				Some interaction with specialists: speech therapist; psychologist.

STUDENT INTERVIEW SUMMARY

(56) How activity changes in different settings:

(27)How activity changed in particular setting:

High School

1 year

Participate in one setting only.

Post-Secondary 2 year

garten teacher did planning; no meals In Model Cities worked with children garten because less staff - kinderresponsibility greater in kinder-4 yrs. alone for one hour 7-8:00 in kindergarten.

In kindergarten left alone with children.

> Jr. College 2 year

Only participate in one setting.

Worked as teacher with 4-5 year olds. Responsible for children and student ation, let student plan, discussion teachers; did more student observ-Employed during practicum as aide.

with student.

University 4 year

sometimes alone with children; in lab More responsibility in kindergarten; school teacher always there; more structure activity and lessons.

In kindergarten increase responsibility over the week, then take over.

Head Start LDP 6 weeks

Student works in one setting.

Gradually take over more activity after 1st. week.

l year

Family Day Care

Day Care Mother

Student

in some homes interact more with day care student works with emotionally disturbed; ural activity. Some don't cook meals, home; some mothers have more structbut children bring lunch; some homes Yes, somewhat depends on Day Care mother. 168

DURING PARTICIPATION HOW MUCH TIME DO YOU SPEND WITH:

	Drogram Director	Training Suppression	Road Teacher /Teacher	20140
11.0	riogiam priector	TIGHTING SUPERVISOR	ווכשת זבשרוובו/ זבשרוובו	Cliet
1 year	2 hrs/day in lab. center under her supervision	same as prog. director	same as program director	students working in lab. during a.m. are supervised by assistant teacher.
Post-Secondary 2 years		periodic observation evaluation by visit-	Kindergarden daily with l cooperating teacher.	
		training program staff when working in community programs.	In lab. center: mostly with Infant section. Head teacher.	
			In model city: all time with head teacher, and teacher,	also with assistant teacher
Jr. College 2 year	Most time under supervision of director of lab. program.	Periodic observation and discussion with training supervisor & director	may be working with a head teacher in some cases.	Once week meeting and discussion with training staff/practice teachers.
University 4 year	·	Periodic observation by training supervisor.	Kindergarten teacher daily discussion and classroom supervision.	
			In lab. center supervision and discussion daily with head teacher.	Most time in lab. center with assist. teacher.

Some interaction with specialists: speech therapist; psychologist.

STUDENT INTERVIEW SUMMARY

DURING PARTICIPATION HOW MUCH TIME WITH: (28)

Other	Interact with entire staff in the setting: e.g. other teachers, nurse.
Head Teacher/Teacher	Most time with coop- erating teacher in community center while working 1/2 day.
Training Supervisor	periodic visits/ observation by training program staff.
Program Director	
	Head Start LDP 6 weeks

Family Day Care 1 year

Meet one day month	with director/ and	0+046
Day Care Mother		

with director/ and staff.	Class session 1 day (3 hr.) week with prog. dir. & staff.
	Student

small group of day care mothers once a month.

Work with student 1 morning/month in home. Work with family day care mothers 1 morning/

Class discussion with all students 3 hr. week.

week.

Participation in staff meetings/in-service training in child care program: (30)	n staff meetings Id care program:	s/in-service : (30)	Involvement with grane care program: (3	Involvement with parents in the child care program: (29)	
Attend	Туре	Required	Parent Program	Other	Required
Not part of lab. center program			Not part of lab. center program.	Minimal: when parents pick-up children.	ON
				Home-Visit (1)	Yes.
Depends on the avail- ability community setting.	Workshops	No. Attend when avail- able, approp- riate.	Not part of program.	Informal contact.	No.
Not in particular programs that was part of.					
Yes, Worked as aide in lab. center during sem. practicum. Considered part of staff.	In-Service	Yes.	Not part of lab. program	Informal	No.

			ý			
	Participation in staff meetings/in-service training in child care program: (30)	staff meetings/ care program:	in-service (30)	Involvement with parents in the child care program: (29)	rents in the child)	
	Attend	Type	Required	Parent Program	Other	Required
University 4 year	Yes, but depends on setting. Did not have in- service program.	Staff meetings	Yes, part of student teaching	Not in Kinder- garten: only attend PTA; Minimal	Parent conferences	Yes.
				Lab. Center: parents partic- ipate in class	Informal visits after school.	Yes.
				anytime with children.	Student presentation and discussion to	Yes.
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Yes	staff:	Yes	Nost cente::s have parent prog- ram; Attend	ed topic. Parent volun- teers in classroom	Yes. should try to go
Family Day Care 1 year		work that is available in setting.		parent meet- ings, activities		
Day Care Mother	Yes	Meet once Ye month with staff & other day care mothers	Yes ers	No formal program	Informal contact daily by individual FDCM.	a1
Student	Yes	Participate in mectings with staff & FDCM, as time permits.	.;	No parent prog- gram in family day care;	No contact with parents	

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		In what areas were students evaluated?	valuated? How? (31)	
		Course work or content	Observation	Participation
	High School 1 year	Quiz on reading during class time. Cummulative grades every 9 weeks.	By program director during first 9 weeks.	By program director on various things.
	Post-Secondary 2 year	reading; written assignments.	written assignments in various classes.	Cooperating teacher and supervisory teacher.
	Jr. College 2 year	Individual course grades	Written assignments	Training supervisor and input from teacher.
C-26	University 4 year	Term papers. Some self- evaluation, teacher conference.	Graded on written reports.	Teacher and training supervisor - consider lesson plans, progress, observe with children.
3	Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Write term paper or student determined topic. Final project that is presented in local center.	Records on children	Program staff observation centers. Students do program evaluation of participation settings.
·· .	Family Day Care			
	Student	Class discussion	Daily log on work in Family day care homes.	Feed back from family day care mothers.

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	LIBLOYMENT		EDUCATION	
	Immediately	Future	Immediately	Future
High School I year	Completion: June 1971 Temporary Employment: Washing dishes in nursing home.	Would like to be nursery school teacher or food service manager in hotel/nursing home.		Might consider going back to school after l year of working.
	Applied for teacher alde in public school; because no preschools in area.	Will try work in public school for l yr. to see if she likes it.	1	
Post-Secondary 2 year	Completion of program: Sept. 1971. Hired as assistant teacher to work with infant section in the laboratory center.			Might take courses at local or State college, in child development
Jr. College 2 year	Worked half-time as Sec. in early childhood organization while earning B.A.	Wants to work part-time in Head Start as teacher While getting M.S.	2 yr. program for A.A. completed June 1969; continued B.A. program in early childhood; completed B.A. June 1971.	Sept. 1971 beginning M.A. in early child- hood will complete in 2 yrs. going half time.

C-27

Activity & Plans after Training (36, 39, 41a)

	EMPLOYMENT	Ŧ	EDUCATION	
	Immediately	Future	Immediately	Future
University 4 year	Completion: June 1971; Temporary Employment: sec. on 4-C p.oject in Early Childhood Ed. Dept.	Probably won't work in preschool/kinder.		Might go to grad. school in educ. adm.; may be retail-
	Applied for Kindergarten teacher position with public schools; many applied, so not good chance.			
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Returned to local Head Start centers: completed over 2 years ago.	Summer 1971 program phased out; staff disbanded.		
	Subsequently hired on training program staff: 2 teachers in lab. center 1 training supervisor. With program 2-4 yrs.	on All interested in taff: assuming teacher/center, director position & sor. developing programs; rs. All will work full/part time in field.		Interest in continuing in early childhood education; one has specific plans for school.
Family Day Care 1 year				
Day Care Mother	Day Gare Mother Continue to operate family day care home.		Would want very much to continue in Fall '72 program.	
Student	At end of l project year working tempor- arily: hand crafts	Original interest in Library Science/ com- bined with young child- ren. Not sure.	Continue with project until Jan. 1972. Complete college undergraduate work.	May continue for teaching credential/ grad. Work in spec- ial education.

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STUDENT INTERVIEW SUMMARY

Activity Upon Completion of Training Program: Other Students (Combined #37 and 40)

Education	Will return to high school (senior year
Employment	Juniors: temporary employment full & part-time Waitress Work; some babysitting
	High School l year

Senior:

to complete

Two graduates going to vocational school in clerical occupations factory; one looking for job in Head Start Temporary employment; one will work in or teacher aide in public school.

Only 2-3 will work with children because to get job required relocating in the city; pay not enough to support living in city.

One may go on to college.

Post-Secondary Graduates mainly will be hired by public school 2 year operated preschool centers where they have done internships. The will be "group leaders" or teachers. One graduate will be at Mental Retardation Center.

Some continue employment in day care centers/ Head Start. Others hired in Model Cities or Public Schools; not many in private centers because of low salary.

Jr. College

2 year

Some students continue at 4 year level; 3-4 from night program went on. Probably more day students continue.

A Maria Maria San Carlo

Many not able to find jobs in day care.

Activity Upon Completion of Training Program: Other Students (Combined #37 and 40) (Continued)

Employment

Education

nursery	school.
teacher in coop.	r in 5th grade in private
uates ha	school; teacher in 5th
University	4 year

All applied for positions with public school system; currently no jobs available/experienced teachers given priority/salary too low.

Head Start LDP At time of training, all employed in Head Start 6 weeks and return to local centers.

Some promoted in their particular centers; others

change jobs and work in other preschool settings.

Some return to campus for follow-up training the next year.

Family Day Care

l year

Day Care Mother Currently provide family day care. Five participants will function as "field faculty" in the 1971-72 program: identify and help train new family day care mothers.

One will continue with project on a work-study basis.

Students

On a voluntary basis, mothers may continue to participate in monthly meetings and in evening child development course taught by training project staff. Continue with Other course work at college; after graduation from college, most go on to get teacher credential at same college or transfer.

(41þ)	Education	learned to know what children are about to like children.
How Program will help: (Potential benefits) (41b)	Occupational	if hadn't taken training, wouldn't have been qualified to apply for teacher aide - other girl has change to work in kindergarten.
How Program will help:	Personal	for other student, found she wasn't able to get along with children - didn't like child- ren - she found this out.
		High School 1 year

Other

really get involved, opens up doors you thought were closed Helps people to to you.

Head Start LDP 6 weeks

University

4 year

gets better; no jobs.

economic situation

Help if have children; Won't help unless given new out look economic situation on children.

etancy in working with confidence to work with experience and compprogram staff because people to continue in children. Motivates All got positions as of work in training weaknesses, to develop program; provided helps you to identify needs to learn more; Learned that she other people.

education.

Family Day Care 1 year

Created more of an interest in taking Day Care Mother

care of children.

Nice to know ladies can refer people to each other if they have an opening.

Learned about activities for criteria, equipment.

exposure to children Well-baby clinic-in lab school or most honest and natural setting. different from

Student

tically about number of children to have. Will think realis-

	If looking for employment in a Child Care / Development Program: (38))
	a. What would you consider a desirable situation? (staff, program characteristics, salary)	b. What kind of child would you like to with? (age, other parts)
High School 1 year	Direct work with children; being an aide to a teacher; taking over classes, supervising; being outside with children; and doing odd jobs for a teacher. \$1.50-\$2.00/hr.	characteristics) Prefer to work with pu (3-5 yrs) but no progr tne area, so have to v
Post-Secondary 2 year	Place where could make improvements; work in place where people weren't really trained; place where can make contributions,	elementary school setti i. – 3rd, 4tii grade. Like working with infe thru 2½ years.
Jr. College 2 year University		Disadvantaged

work with preschool so have to work in but no programs in y school setting 4tiı grade.

you like to work

kind of children

ing with infants

5 - 6 years.

lead Start LDP

principal or supervisor that had free ideas; autonomy to do what want; if upper elementary, would like team teaching, in kindergarten rather be alone.

Want to be kindergarten teacher in public school; look for

Preschool

Family Day Care 6 weeks

Like current lab school situation.

l ;ear

* Day Care Nother Home atmosphere for children; clean; most important that child have a chance to play.

Preschool not more than five children.

> Nursery school; people working with would be most important; salary not important.

Student

Small groups, age not important.

University

4 year

^{*} Question Variation: "What would you consider to be a good family day care setting?"

STUDENT INTERVIEW SUFEARY

What parts of the training program: (42)

High School	a. Particularly useful?	b. Least useful?	c. Most interesting? d. ieast interesting?
l year Post-Secondary	Just being around children, learning how to approach and understanding children is most important; getting along with people you work with.	No. Every part useful.	Working with children trying to figure out why the child did this, said that; trying to understand child, so you know what to do for him.
2 year Jr. College	Guild development: Child from birth to 9 yrs. Most everything useful.	Special groups not too useful; because did not want to work with special children.	Creative activity Nutrition - Very important but not exciting,
2 year University	All useful; but most was practicum - work with children.		Everything of interest.
4 year	Student teaching Observations/Method Spec. course work in common unity.	Nutrition course, family econ, family relations.	Best courses in liome ec. courses. education and psy- chology; most inter- esting were methods,
6-8 weeks	In general program provides good back- ground in preschool ed; solid foundation for		asy care and windergarlen.
Family bay Care l year			
Day Care Hother	Talking to other family day care mothers & exchange of ideas - learning about child development.		Other mothers exchanging ideas.
Student	Being in homes & see-ing differences; advance work by staff developed good foundation for student FDCM relationships.	Recording in daily log.	Differences in the people: FDCN, children, reactions to students, meeting; Watch mothers gain confidence.

STUDENT INTERVIEW SUMMARY

	What parts of the training program:	(43a-b)
	a. Could be better?	b. Were left out?
High School	More involvement with parents:	Discussion groun
	have parents discuss problems with teacher, observe children.	get together wi
Post-Secondary		
2 year	Nothing - but could have worked with	Have had proble
	children earlier; still need to know backoround.	
Jr. College		
2 year	More interaction between classroom &	Need to include

2 year	More interaction between classroom & day care centers.	Need to include: currently working out curriculum for preschool in science and math.
University 4 year	Practical aspects; should have more experience with children; curriculum should be better.	Visits to different kinds of program Montessori/day care.

in		different kinds of programs:
201		of
preschool		kinds
for 1		rent
ulum 1	d matt	diffen
ric	an	ţ
out curriculum for	science and math.	Visits to

Not enough participation settings; some centers are not best for students.		Would like more time for meetings; discussing children and exchanging
Head Start LDP 6 weeks	Family Day Care 1 year	Day Care Mother

Student

ideas.

2 entered in Jan. Need time to familiarize self with home. Wanted to go into homes more. Time between visits too great. Students should all start in Sept.

Head Start LDP 6 weeks

STUDENT INTERVIEW SUMMARY

What Part of The Training Program Would You Change? (How/Why) (43-C)

As Part of The Program Do Students Take Suggestions For Changes? What Kind?(32)

High School

Provide transportation for children to lab. center; some cannot attend because of transportation problem.

School cannot pay for trans. bcc./ people complain of cost; but would be good for children to come & help program.

Throughout year; students suggested activity areas & scheduling arrangements.

Post-Secondary

2 year Practical application; in nutrition course more cooking/preparation of menu, relate to class lecture, why important.

In some courses: students determine discussion topics; raise problems.

Jr. College 2 year

Participation/work in center settings earlier in program: would make classwork more meaningful & provide better experience.

Perhaps work 3 days in field/ 2 days in classroom to achieve interaction: Nutrition example of area that needs to have relation to center program.

University 4 year

Change course work: more independent study; more discussion of various kinds of program, e.g. day care; present new issues in early childhood; more field work & more variation in programs that are participation settings; should go to every type of program.

Yes. Omit some courses: Family relations; family economics; general econ.; Want specific child nutrition course; more practical work/labs.; more independent study/reading on own; more community work; more involvement in student evaluation/grading.

STUDENT INTERVIEW SUMMARY

What Part of The Training Program Would You Change? (How/Why) (43-C)

As Part of The Program Do Students Take Suggestions For Changes? What Kind? (32)

Head Start LDP

6 weeks

Longer sessions: need more time for participants to adjust/and get oriented.

Made available to high school/others before start working, not after.

Yes. Informally and at end of each session students provide feedback,

Like small group discussions; More opportunity to see different early childhood ed. models: Montessori, etc. Suggestions are incorporated into each session.

Family Day Care

l year

Day Care Mother

More meetings with total group of day care mothers, not just small group.

Yes. Suggested changes in proposal for coming year. FDCM requested course in child development that was taught during first year, and that will continue.

Yes. Scheduling next year will change from Mon./Wed. to Tues./Thurs. Handiman will be hired to do repairs & make equipment for family day care mothers, at student request.

None really, because changes are being incorporated in next year program..still flexible.. much consideration has been given to all people involved during the planning.

Student

APPENDIX D: <u>INTERVIEW</u> SCHEDULES

This appendix contains the interview schedule and the written questionnaire for program directors and the interview schedule for students.

		Date
		Interview #
		Interviewee
	CHILD CARE TRAINING STUDY	
	DIRECTOR ORAL INTERVIEW	
1.	What is your formal title?	
	•	
2.	What are your responsibilities?	
	. Administration (budget, staff hiring)	
	. Supervision/Coordination	
	. Instructional	
	. Curriculum Development	
	. Student recruitment	
	• Student selection	
	. Laboratory/demonostration center	
	. Public relations/community activity.	
	. Program development	
	. Evaluation	
	. Other	
3.	(You indicate that you train people for X	positions)
	Why did you decide to train people for that level?	

Interview a	lt
Date	

PROGRAM PLANNING & IMPLENTATION:

- 4. Can you tell me why your present child care training came about?
 - . Need for training
 - . Need for workers
 - . Individual interest and initiative
 - . Part of program expansion in institution or project
 - . Other
- 5a. What activities were involved in planning and implementing the program?
 - . Identifying need
 - . Program objectives
 - . Developing curriculum
 - . Staff hiring
 - . Facilities
 - . Students
- 5b. How long did it take?
- 6. Who was involved?
 - . Community committees
 - . Administration
 - . Program staff
 - . Service providers
 - . Other agencies/institutions
 - . Others



Interview	#
Date	

- 7. Were the same people involved in implentation as in the planning phase?

 If not, who was involved?
- 8. What did you see as the problems involved in planning and implementing the program?
 - . Facilities
 - . Curriculum
 - . Staff
 - . Students
 - . Administration
 - . Funds
 - . Others
- 9a. What do you consider to be the maximum capacity of your program?
- 9b. Did your program open at full capacity?
- 9c. If not, how long did (or will) it take to reach full capacity?
- 10. What is the administrative structure of your program? (Organizational heirarchy; E.G. school district, independent organization.)

(Now I'd like to ask you some questions about your funding and budget arrangements.)

		Date
	For Federal, State and local funding, o	n what basis are funds
	authorized?	
	. Social Security, Title IV-A.	• • • •
	. Vocational - Education	
	. Economic Opportunity Act	•
	. State/Local	
	. Other	
•	Are there particular requirements for t	he use of funds available to you?
	. Student characteristics	
	. Program content	
	. Staff	
	. Program evaluation	
	. Reporting	
	. Others	
	In your opinion, if additional Federal 1	
	training of child care occupations, in t	what priority should these funds be
	allocated?	
	More scholarships	
	More loans	More Faculty
	More grants	
	Other (specify)	

Interview #



Interview	#	
Date		

14. What in-kind contributions do you receive for your program?

Type

From whom?

Materials and equipment

Staff Time

Participation settings

Student Salary

Facilities

- 15. Is the child care training program a self contained activity?
- 16. If not, what resources within the institution do you incorporate into your program?

Administrative

Departmental resources

Instructional Staff

Course Work

Facilities

Interview #
Date
with other agencies or

17. What kind of cooperative arrangement do you have with other agencies or

institutions? With whom?

Type of Arrangements

With Whom?

Observation and Participation Settings

Staff

Consultation

Student salary

Student employment

Instructional program

Curriculum

Services

Student selection/recruitment

Other

(With whom: e.g., day care centers, public schools, Health dept; advisory board.)

18. Who has the responsibility for selection and hiring of staff for your program?

What is their role?

Program Director

Program Supervisor/Administrator

Advisory Committee

Local school board

Board of Education

Agency Personnel director



Interview	#	_
Date		

19. How is your staffing pattern determined?

Basis of student-teacher ratio

Hours per day

Course content

Program Components

Other

20. In recommending or selecting teachers, what special qualifications do you look for?
Educational/Academic
Attitudes
Prior Experience
Other

21. What kind of changes would you like to see in the staff selection, staff make-up, or staff policy?

PROGRAM CHARACTERISTICS:

Goals

22a. What are the general goals for the child care training program?

Training for specific job

Teaching attitudes, principles of child development/care

Provision of child care/development program to community families
Others

22b. What is the primary objective, or priority in your program?

Interview	#
Date	

- 23. How have you modified your goals:
 - a. Since beginning of program
 - b. In relation to the future?
- 24. What do you think is most essential for a high quality training program?

CURRICULUM:

25. How did you determine your present curriculum?

Administrative direction

Institutional Staff

Program Director

Individual program staff

Community/Committe involvement

Consultants

Student participation

Employer input/influence

Interview#	
Date	

26. In developing your program content and curriculum, what kinds of sources did you rely on?

Curriculum guides

Existing programs

Printed materials

Various program guidelines

People



Interview	#
Date	

27. How do the observation/participation settings differ? For example, other characteristics of children, philosophy, staff composition; curriculum for the children, sponsor.

TYPE OF SETTING

PROGRAM CHARACTERISTICS

CHILDREN

Training program

Demonostration Center

Day Care Center

Nursery School

Elementary School

Interview	#	
Date		

- 28. If you are placing students in child care settings, how do you identify these programs?
- 29. On what basis do you decide to use a child care program for observation and/or participation?
- 30. What is your role of training program in relation to outside training settings?
 - . Place students
 - . Coordination with child care staff, employer
 - . Determine student program in setting
 - . Supervise student in training setting
 - . Evaluate student in setting
- 31. How would you change the participation part of your program to improve it?

STUDENT SELECTION & CHARACTERISTICS:

(Now I'd like to consider your student selection procedures and student characteristics.)

- 32a. In determining the selection criteria, how did you decide on particular characteristics?
- 32b. What do you consider the most useful and valid criteria for selecting students into the program?



Interview	#
Date	

- 33. What are the advantages or disadvantages to working with or training people with the characteristics you have indicates?
 - . Age

- . Socio-economic
- . Education & experience
- . Other
- 34a. What strengths and/or weaknesses do you find among your students?
- 34b. How do you take these factors/characteristics considered in your program?

EVALUATION AND FOLLOW-UP PROCEDURES:

- 35a. In terms of evaluating the student, either in the instructional setting or during participation, in what ways would you like to change your procedures or methods?
- 35b. Do you have plans for implementing these ideas?
- 36a. What about student follow-up after completion of the program?
- 36b. Do you have plans for implementing these ideas?
- 37a. In regard to informal/formal job placement, in what ways would you like to change your procedures?
- 37b. Do you have any plans for implementing these ideas?



	Interview #
·	Date
(Now let's consider your whole training progra	um.)
38. How would you compare your program and ap	proach to other alternative
programs you are familiar with?	
Strengths	Weaknesses
	·
39. What changes would you like to see in you	er total training program?
PROGRAM EXPANSION:	
40a. How difficult do you think it would be to	expand your present program to
train more people, or to train them for a	higher level position?
40b. Why do you think so?	
41. How would you go about expanding your pre	esent program?
NATIONAL PROGRAM:	
42a. "If you were assigned to plan a nation-wi	de child care training program,
how would you do it?"	
42b. What pitfalls would you want to avoid in	planning a nation-wide training
program?	

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43. What other issues do you feel should be considered?

	Interview !	
	Date	
,	Interviewer	

CHILD CARE TRAINING STUDY

As you know, the training of day care and early childhood education personnel has been receiving increased attention.

Heny plans and programs are being studied to find some answers to the problems posed. For that reason, we would like to know some of the details of your program. The questions are divided into five (5) parts: program operation; staff; curriculum; observation and participation; and students. Your answers will be of great help in studying the alternatives.

	of the details of your program. The questions are divided into five (5) parts: program operation; staff; observation and participation; and students. Your answers will be of great help in studying the alteroativ
	PROGRAM OPERATIONS
1.	Name/division/school or dept
	<u> </u>
	City/atate
2.	Type of institution:
	a. Elementary or secondary school
	b. Vocational school
	c. Two-year college or technical institution
	d. Four-year college or university
	e. Other educational agency
	f. Other (specify)
3.	How long has the child care training program of which you are a part been training students in child care
•	occupations?
	Years Honths
٨.	How many souths per year does your program operate?
•	s. Twelve months
	b. Nino conths
	c. Other (specify)
ς.	How many times a year is the program offered?
J.	a. Once
	b. Tvice
	c. Other (specify)
4	
٠.	When may students enter the program?
	Anytine Once in the fall
	c. Beginning of each quarter
,	d. Other (specify)
/.	From student entrance to completion, how long is the program designed to take?
	a. Nine ponchs
	b. One year
	c. Two years
	d. Other (specify)
٥.	On completion of a program sequence, what kind of academic credit, degree or certificate does a student
	receive?
	4. None
	b. Some academic credit
	c. Certificate (diploma)
	d. Associate Arts (A.A.)
	e. Bachelor of Arts (B.A.)
	f. Master of Arts (M.A.)
_	g. Doctorate (Ph.D. or E.Ed.)
9.	Is your program designed to train people as:
	a. Aldes e. Administrators
	b. Assistants f. Educational specialists
	c. Teachers g. Other (specify)
	d. Resource teacher/coordinators



等的。这一句话是是一种是一种是一种是一种是一种的。这种是一种是一种的,是一种是一种的,是一种的一种,是一种的一种的一种,是一种的一种的一种,是一种的一种,是一种的一种,

If you emphasize training of particuler cere	er levels, which on	es do you emphasize	and in what order of
importenca?	•		
a			•
b	•		
t			
d			•
What sources of funds support your child car			
Perce	<u>nt</u>		
s. Student tuition			•
b. Yederal/local/state funding			
c. Private foundation, agencies			
d. Other grants			
Other loans			•
f. Other sources (specify)			
What is the total budget for your child care		Belle-	_
Amount \$a. Amount servent goes for salaries	Percent	Dollar	
b. What percent goes for facilities			
c. What percent goes for equipment and			_
supplies			
d. What percent goes for other operating	*******		
expenses			
e. What percent goes for participant suppor			
f. Other (specify)			
Bow have your expenditures for the above pro	ram cost categorie	s changed since the	start of the program?
a. Salaries		•	
f. Facilities	•		
e. Equipment and supplies			
d. Operating expenses			
e. Participant support			
f. Other (specify)			
What in-kind contributions do you receive for	r your program?		
	r your program?		
What in-kind contributions do you receive for	r your program?		
What in-kind contributions do you receive for a. Volunteer staff time	r your program?		
Khat in-kind contributions do you receive for a. Volunteer staff time b. Use of space	r your progres?		
What in-kind contributions do you receive for a. Volunteer staff time b. Use of space c. Equipment d. Student saleries e. Other (specify)			
What in-kind contributions do you receive for a. Volunteer staff time b. Use of space c. Equipment d. Student saleries		What is proposed for	r next year? What do y
What in-kind contributions do you receive for a. Volunteer staff time b. Use of space c. Equipment d. Student saleries e. Other (specify)		What is proposed for	r next year? What do y
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What in-kind contributions do you receive for a. Volunteer staff time b. Use of space c. Equipment d. Student saleries e. Other (specify) What facilities for day care training do you see as future needs? a. Number of classroons b. Library or resource center c. Observation facility d. Laboratory or demonstration facility e. includes outdoor play area f. includes kitchen g. Other (specify)	bave at present?	Proposed	
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What in-kind contributions do you receive for a. Volunteer staff time b. Use of space c. Equipment d. Student saleries e. Other (specify) What facilities for day care training do you see es future needs? a. Number of classrooms b. Library or resource center c. Observation facility d. Laboratory or demonstration facility e. includes outdoor play area f. includes kitchen g. Other (specify) b. Other (specify) Are your present facilities the same this ye	have at present? Present	Proposed	
What in-kind contributions do you receive for a. Volunteer staff time b. Use of space c. Equipment d. Student saleries e. Other (specify) What facilities for day care training do you see as future needs? a. Number of classrooms b. Library or resource center c. Observation facility d. Laboratory or demonstration facility e. includes outdoor play area f. includes kitchen g. Other (specify) b. Other (specify)	have at present? Present	Proposed	<u>Future</u>
What in-kind contributions do you receive for B. Volunteer staff time B. Use of space C. Equipment C. Student saleries C. Other (specify) What facilities for day care training do you see as future needs? B. Number of classrooms B. Library or resource center C. Observation facility C. Laboratory or demonstration facility E. includes outdoor play area f. includes kitchen Cother (specify) Cother (specify) Are your present facilities the same this ye	have at present? Present	Proposed	<u>Future</u>



							Intervie	v /	
							Date		
		Why were changes madel	_	_			•		
		INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF					Full-T	<u>ine</u>	Part-Time
17	7.	What is the present total num	-	ur child	care t	raining staff1	·	_	
		How many were on staff last y						<u> </u>	
		What total is proposed for ne		_				_	
		What total do you see for fut			_		. —		
18	3.	What is the make-up of the cu	irrent insi	tructions	l prog	ram atalf <u>by i</u>	function a	nd by full-	time and part-time
		personnel?						_	
							Full-T	<u>ine</u>	Part-Time
		a. Administrators							
		b. Teachers/instructors		_			.—		
		e. Other education specialis			•				
		d. Support personnel (educat		-			:08)		
		e. Social service personnel			-				
		f. Auxiliary personnel (offi	ce, [laca]	l, food s	ervice	, custodial)			
		g. Other	-						
13	,	What is the extent of educati	* *	station t	or eac	n of those cat	egories o	r statti (kecord number of
		people at each level in each		••	•		21.0	Ast 8-	
		Field of Study	_ W	<u>M</u>	<u>MA</u>	Advanced	PhD	other ir	sining (specify)
		Early childhood development							
		Elementary education				•			
		Secondary education							
		Home economics Other				-			
20	١.	How many of your staff have h		hildbood		tion including			tasalılas at the
•••	••	pre-school level?	ac early (THE TOTIOGG	6000	CION INCIDENT	, aupervisi	ed practice	teaching of the
		a. Full-time staff							
		b. Part-time staff		-					
21	١.	Of those who have not had ear	lv childh		tion.	did you result	e that the	ev have some	enemial training?
••	••	a. No special training requi	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Jou redar	o cime ciii	ey mave som	s sherrar erasiisiids
		b. Some course work in child		ent				-	
		c. At least one course in ob	-		oda			-	
		d. Student teaching at pre-s						-	
		e. Special workshops					_	•	
		f. Other (specify)					•	_	
22	2.	What is the level of staff ex	perionce i	in vorkin	g with	children (c.g	L., NUTSET	- y school, he	adstart. elementary.
		day care)?	•					,	
		Title or Role	Less than	n 6 sonth	s	6 months to 2	years	3-5 years	Over 5 years
					-				
					-				
					_				·
					_				
					_				
					_				
					_				

			Interv	lev /
			Date	·
23	. What kinds of in-service training do	You provide for wo	ur araff?	
		Regular	Occasional	9000
	s. By program supervisor			lare
	b. By program consultants	***************************************	·	
	c. By college/university sponsors			F
	d. Lectures by specialists			
	e. Staff discussion groups			****
	f. After-hours classes			
	g. None			*************
	b. Other (specify)			
24.	Now are numbers of the teaching staff	selected?		
	a. By department records, director,			
	b. By local school board	•		
	c. By board of education, regents or	trustees		
	d. By policy edvisory committee			
	e. By institution or sgency personnel	diractor		
	f. Other (specify)			
25.	What is the average number of students	in a class session		
	: CURRICULUM			
26:				
-0.	In the operation of your training prop activities?	tam, roughly what	percentage of time	is spent on each of the following
	8. Lectures			
	b. Hedis presentation		-	
	c. Class discussion		_	
	d. Observation		-	
	e. Participation in child care		-	
	f. Internship/practice teaching		-	
	g. Independent study		-	
	b. Other (specify)		-	
27.	What subject sreas are covered in your	ab(14 assa assa	- !1	
	Child growth and development			
	Child management	Physical dev		Lestning theories and philosophy
	Guidance and discipline	Handicarped (enligren	Parent counseling
	Curriculum planning	Cultural dif		Audio-visual
	Hethods and materials	Realth and a		materials
	for use with children	Nutrition		Community
	Music		operations	relations
	Art	Records and		
	Science	procedures		Basic education
	Language Arts	Food services		Employment orientation
	Hath	Small group d	ynamics	
28.	s. Is the same sequence of courses pre-	sented each time th	e program is offere	d? Yes Ko
	b. If not, how does the course offering	change?		
				
30	To some appearant the same and the same		_	
67.	Is your program the same as it was last	-		
	Number of source and a	Tewer/Decreased	Same More/Expa	<u>nded</u>
	* Number of courses offered		·	
	b. Scope of curriculum c. Course content		·	
			·	
	d. Course requirements for students		 	



		Date	
30.	Where do you find the biggest gaps in the availability of wa	steriala or resourc	es7
•••			
			
11	During program development, did you favor a specific package	ed curriculum or ea	rly childhood model?
J	Tes No	,	try threshood models
	a. If yes, which one(a)?		
	b. Why were these preferred?		
	If you did not favor a specific packaged curriculum or early	r childhood model,	what were your reasons?
		_	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
32.	How would For \$9 spare your curriculum and approach to other	· -	· ·
	Strengtha	Weak	nesae <u>s</u>
		-	
	<u> </u>		
			
33.	What changes would you like to see in your curriculum?		
			<u> </u>
		_	
RT IV:	OBSERVATION AND PARTICIPATION PROGRAM		
34.	Do you have a demonstration or laboratory program under the observe or participate?	auspices of this p	rogram in which students
	Yes Ko		
35.	Do you use programs in the community for observation and/or	r participation?	
	Yes %o		
36.	Is the demonstration program used the same months of the year	ar as the instructi	onal program?
37.	What is the make-up of the laboratory program staff (demonst	tration center) by	function and by full and
	'part-time personnel?	,	
		Full-time	Part-time
	a. Administrators		
	b. Teachers		
	c. Assistant teachers		
	d. Other education specialists		
	e. Support personnel		
	f. Social service personnel		
	g. Auxiliary personnel (office, food service, custodist)		,

·Interview_



Interview	<u>, </u>	
Date		

38. What different types of settings do you use for student observation and participation? For each different type of setting indicate the number, program components, and age of children included.

			٨	ACTIVITIES/SERVICES					AGE OF CHILDREN				N .	
			A. Educational activities	B. Henl service	C. Health service	D. Social service	E. Family activities	F. Parent education	G. Other (specify)	A. Infant - 2 yrs.	B. 3-5 yrs.	C. 6-8 yrs.	D. 9-12 yrs.	E. 12-16 yrs.
	TYPE	number												
a. Tra	nining program constration ceoter													
b. Day	care center							L	Ц			_		
c. Nu	rsery school				L	<u> </u>	L	_			L			
d. Ele	ementary school													
	grade level (specify)			1									<u>L</u>	
	grade level													
e. Ju	nior high school												_	
f. Ot	her		i									1	1	

					IDESTATES &	
					Date	
70	7- han					
37.		seccings does escu	student observe and/or	barcicibacas		
	e. One					
	b. Two					
	c. Other (specify)					
40.	What is the student	role in the denon	stration program?			
	e. Planning for:	Activities for	Planning v	with: Head teachers		
		children		Training program		
	1	Mesle		atoff		
	•	Other		Independently		
	b. Participation i	n activities:				
	Presents educat	ional activities				
	· Assists teacher	s with activities				
	Supervises chil	dren in large grou	Pe			
	Supervises chil	dren in small grou				
	c. Participation i	n meetings:	-			
	-	Required	Optional			
	Staff		<u> </u>			
	Perent					
	In-service train			•		
41		-	ork with demonstration c	antar staff other than f	n her	
41.				enter Praff orner rues s	in ner	
	assigned classroom?	169 40	 •			
	s. Director		•			
	b. Social worker					
	c. Consultants					
	d. Cook, maintenan	Ce				
	e. Kurse					
	f. Other (specify)					
42.			ned for the student?			
	a. Daily informal	contacts				
	b. Home visits					
	c. Parent meetings					
•	d. Parent conferen					
	e. Other (specify)				4.9	
43.	Khat changes vould	you make in the de	emonstration part of you	it craining brogram to m	btose rei	
		_	_			
	•	•	lled in your child care	program:		
45.	How many students w		· 			
46.	•		pect at the next enrolls	ent period?		
47.	How many can you ac					
48.	How do you recruit	new students for c				
	s. Catalogs _	 _	f. Word			
	b. Posters		•	nal contact/		
	c. Advertising _		_	ic apeaking	 _	
	d. Recruiters			with guidance		
	e. Admissions			selors		
	officers		1. Alum	-		
			_	city program		
		-				
		k. Oti	her (specify)			

		Interview /
		Deta
T V:	STUDENTS	
40.	Looking at your recruiting process during the year	- short how many
77.	a. Inquiries do you receive?	, about now many
	b. Completed applications?	
	c. Applicante are well quelified?	
	a. Applicants are annulad?	
	f. Will complete the course of	
	atudy?	
50.	What ere the entrance requirements for your traini	ng program!
	e. None	e. Particular courses
	b. Prior work experience	(specify)
	(specify)	f. Geographic area
	c. Age	(specify)
	(epecify)	g. Written test scores
	d. Income level	(specify)
	(specify)	h. Degree or diploma
		(specify)
	1. Other	
	(specify)	<u> </u>
51.	How do you go about selecting students/trainees fo	r your program?
	e. Written application form	
	b. Interview	
	c. Try-out period	
	d. Othor	
	Ploase describe.	•
		
52.	What special characteristics, if any, do you look	for in selecting students (e.g., attitudes, goals, skills,
	personal qualities)?	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
53.	What other selection criteria do you use? Which o	ircumstantial factors restrict the entrance of "qualified"
	students into the program (e.g., lack of training	settings in day cere, transportation)?
		-
		
	<u> </u>	
54.	What is the profile of the students you typically	enroll?
	4. Age and sext	
	h Academia aranametras	
	b. Academic preparation:	Company of the control of the contro
	High school High school graduates	Some college/jr. college transfers
		College graduates
	Other	
	a !!a=b aa = 1 a	
	_	•

	Tatatates 1
	Date
١.	By economic level:
1.	Geographic area:
••	
f,	Ethnic-racial background:
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•	
₿•	Currently employed in child care:
Wha t	t factors do you think influence students to enroll in your child development program?
	<u> </u>
Mat	kind of student evaluation procedures do you use?
	a. Written testa
	b. Performance testa
	c. Teacher observation of student
	d. Teacher daily log on student
•	Condent and franchism
	f. Other (specify)
)	
. 2 4	a laboratory aetting does the employer/critic teacher:
	a. Plan student activities in program?
	b. Supervise student activities?
	c. Report to training staff?
	d. Grade or evaluate student?
Upon	n completion of the training program, how many studente:
	a. Work in child cars related occupations?
	b. Work in areas unrelated to training?
	c. Continue education full-time?
	d. Work and continue education part-time?
	e. Harry?
	f. Other (specify)
42	er students have completed course, what responsibility does the program take for job placement?
AI C	it students have completed course, what responsibility does the program take for job placements
	None Formal Informal
What	t is the nature of the job placement activity/assistance?
_	
_	
What	t opportunities do your students have for:
What	t opportunities do your students have for: Hany Fey None
	Many Pey None
4.	On-the-job training Hany Few None
a. b.	On-the-job training Internship programs
a. b.	On-the-job training Internship programs Receiving credit for work time
a. b. c. d.	On-the-job training Internship programs Receiving credit for work time Mixing with people at other career levels
a. b. c. d.	On-the-job training Internship programs Receiving credit for work time Mixing with people at other career levels Participating in community activities
a. b. c. d.	On-the-job training Internship programs Receiving credit for work time Mixing with people at other career levels

			Inte	rview <u>#</u>	
			Date		
What	factors do you think cause students to o	irop out of ;	your program?	At what stages	of their studies
	·				
What	are the estimated student.expenses to co	patiaue in y	our program?		
	a. Tuition §		\$	_	
	b. Pees			_	
	c. Books and supplies			_	
	d. Room and board			-	
	e. Travel or transportation			_	•
	f. Personal spending			_	
	g. Other (specify)	·		_	
	Totals \$	•	\$		
What	financial assistance is sysilable to stu	dents in you	r program?		
			Many	Some	Pev
	a. Full scholsrships				
	b. Psrtisl acholarships	•			
	e. Educational opportunity grants				
	d. Work-study program				
	e. National defense student losms				
	f. Other grants (specify)				
	g. Other loans (specify)				
	h. Part-time employment				
	1. None				
How t	would you rate the following characterist	tics in relat	ion to your ex	pectations for	your program?
Hake	s rating for each characteristic using a ctations" and (5) indicates "exceeding ex	the scale fro	a 1 to 5. The	•	
a. (Quality of learning experience provided		1	2 3 4 5	
b. (Quality of full-time teaching staff		1	2 3 4 5	
c. (Quality of part-time teaching staff		1	2345	
d. (Quality of consultants .		1	2 3 4 5	
e. (Quality of entering students		1	2 3 4 5	
f.	Quality of facilities		1	2 3 4 5	
g. 1	Rapport among students		1	2 3 4 5	
h. /	Administration-faculty-student rapport		1	2 3 4 5	
1. (Quality of student performance in program	1	1	2 3 4 5	
	Placement of students after completion of		1	2345	
•	Heeting student needs and interests		_	2345	

CHILD CARE TRAINING STUDY

STUDENT INTERVIEW

Introduction:

Before we begin, perhaps I should tell you more about the purpose of the interview. We interested in finding out about different kinds of training programs for people to work with children. We are visiting training programs in high schools, junior colleges, and other kinds of programs.

We are talking with both students and training staff to find out about how their program works. The information that we are asking students will be confidential, so we won't be using your name. And the director or teacher will not be seeing the responses you give to the questions.

Procedure:

During the interview I am going to be using a tape recorder. That is simply because of the difficulty in accurately writing down what you say. Later I will listen to the tape and record only what is relevant to the questions. Also, there may be things that come up during our interview that are not part of the questionnaire, but that would be important to consider in our study.

Now I will ask you questions, and you merely tell me the information. If you have any questions or comments as we go through, let me know.

Now do you have any questions about what we are doing before we start? O.K. First, what kind of job or occupation are you training for?



			S. Interview	#
			Date	
		CHILD CARE TRAINING STUI	YC	
		STUDENT QUESTIONNAIRE		
PROC	GRAM			·
			GE	
		EVEL		-
1.	Wha	t kind of job or specific field are	you training	for?
	a.	Aide		
	b.	Assistant		
	c.	Teacher		
	d.	Other:		
2.	Wha	t type of jobs are other students tr	caining for?	
3.	How	did you happen to find out about th	nis program?	
	a.	From other students in the program		
	ъ.	From a counselor		
	c.	Program Director		
	d.	Teacher		 _
	e.	Someone else		
	f.	By requesting information	<u> </u>	· .
	g.	Other (Specify)		



	S. Interview #
	Date
4.	Did you know about other programs like this?
	If yes, which ones?
5.	Why did you decide to start this program?
	may and you decide to start this program:
6	Horr lane have you have an arrange of the
0.	How long have you been or were you in the program?
-	
/•	Have any students left (dropped out) of the program?
	If so, why?
8.	At what educational level did you enter?
9.	At what educational level do other students enter?
STU	DENT EXPENSES & SUPPORT:
10.	What does it cost you to participate in the training program?
11.	How much do you pay for:
	a. Transportation
	b. Books

Materials

Tuition

	S. Interview #
	Date
12.	Is it hard to find the money for these?
13.	Do you receive any salary for your work (participation) in the program? Yes No
14.	Is financial aid available for people in the program?
BACK	GROUND OF STUDENT
15a.	Before you started in the program, What kind of experience did you have with children?
15b.	Any particular age/special group?
16.	What kind of experience did other students have working with children?
COUR	SE WORK
Now :	I'd like to know about your course work and schedule.
17.	Would you please describe your class schedule? If you have just completed the training program, then briefly tell me about your last schedule. How did it differ from earlier ones?

18. Do other students have the same kind of schedules? If not, how did

their schedules differ from yours?

	5. Interview #
	Date
метно	DD AND ACTIVITIES
Now 1	'd like to find out the kind of different activities you were involved in
19.	About how much time do (did) you spend doing the following things:
	Classroom instruction by teacher
	Observation of children
	Participation in child care setting
	Independent study
	Special activities
	Other (specify)
PART1	CIPATION & OBSERVATION EXPERIENCE:
Now 1	'd like to discuss more about your experience with children in
obsei	vation and participation.
20.	In the training program, what kind of experience do you have in
	observing children?
21.	What kind of experience do you have participating in a child care/
	educational setting?
22.	What other opportunities were there for working with children?
	Any special activities?



			s.	Interview #	
			Dat	te .	
OBSE	RVAT	ION/PARTICIPATION SETTINGS:			
23.	Whe	re did you observe or participate?			
	a.	Training Program Laboratory Center	r		
	b .	Community Day Care			
	c.	Public School			
				,	
24.	How	did/do the settings or situations	for	cobservation	or participation
	dif	fer?			
	a.	Staff			
	b .	Age or special characteristics of	chi	.ldren	
	c.	Full-day operation vs. part-day			
	d.	Other:			



	S. Interview #		
	Date		
25.	What did you do during your participation in the child care setting? (What were your responsibilities?)		
	a. Activities with children:		
	1. Supervise play activities		
	2. Present educational activities		
	3. Other:		
	b. Maintenance Tasks:		
•	1. Food Preparations		
	2. Clerical		
	3. Record Keeping		

- c. Planning:
 - 1. Meals

- 2. Play Activities
- 3. Some Lessons
- 4. Daily Program
- 5. Other



		S. Interview #
26.	Did your activity or responsibilities	change in different settings?
	How?	·
27.	How do your activities change as you v	worked in a particular program?
	a. More on your own	
	b. Do more difficult things	_
	c. More staff instruction	
28.	In the participation or observation pa	art of your training, how much
	time do you spend with:	
	a. Director or child program	
	b. Head teacher	
	c. Teacher(s)	
	d. Consultant: Health, Social work	
	e. Assistants	
	f. Others (Specify)	
29 a.	Is there a parent program in the child	d care setting?
	Yes No	
	What kind of involvement with parents	?
29c.	Is it required?	

s.	Interview	#	
Dat	te		

30a. Do you participate in staff meetings or in-service training for program staff of the child care program?

30b. What kind?

ţ

30c. Is it required?

STUDENT EVALUATION:

31a. How are (were) students evaluated or graded in the program?

31b. In what areas?

Observation

Participation

Course work or content

Other:

32a. As part of the program, do students make suggestions for changes in the program?

32b. What kinds of things?

WORK EXPERIENCE - EMPLOYMENT:

Now I'd like to find out about your work experience before you entered the program.

33. What kind of work experience did you have before you began this program? (Most recent to least).



		S. Interview #	
		Date	<u>.</u>
34.	What about other students; w	hat kinds of work did they h	nave?
35.	During the training program,	(did) are you working?	
	YesNo		
	Full-time	Part-time	What field?
	Days/Week	Hours/Day	
36.	Are you working now?		
	Yes No		
	Full-time	Part-time	What field?
	Days/Week	Hours/Day	
37.	. Are other students working r	now?	
	Yes What field?		
	NO What are they doing	3?	
	Full-time work	Part-time	
38.	. If you were (are) looking fo	or employment in a child car	e/development
	program,		
	a. What would you consider	a desirable situation? (St	aff, Program
	characteristics, salary	?)	
	b. What kind of children w	ould you like to work with?	(Age, other
	characteristics?)		

	S. Interview #
	Date ·
39.	When you finish(ed) the program what will/did you do?
	a. Education;

Are you going to school? Where? Why? What?

b. Employment:
 Are you going to work?
 Do you have a job?

- 40. Do you know what other students do?
 - a. Education:
 - b. Employment:
- 41a. What do you think you will be doing in the future?
- 41b. How do you think what you have learned in this program will help?
 - 1. Personal:
 - 2. Occupational:
 - 3. Education:
 - 4. Other than child care/development related:
- 42. What parts of the training program would you consider:
 - a. Particularly useful?
 - b. Least useful?
 - c. Most interesting?
 - d. Least interesting?

S. Interview	#	
Date	:	

- 43. What part of the training program do you think:
 - a. Could be better?
 - b. Was left out?
 - c. Would you change?